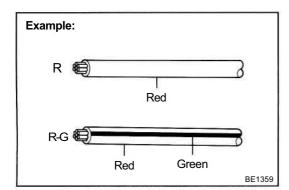
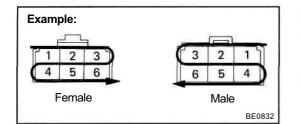
BODY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

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сьоск	BE-162

BE





GENERAL INFORMATION

Wiring Color Code

Wire colors are indicated by an alphabetical code.

B = Black	L = Blue	R = Red
BR = Brown	LG =Light Green	V=Violet
G= Green	0 = Orange	W= White
GR=Gray	P = Pink	Y=Yellow

The first letter indicates the basic wire color and the second letter indicated the color of the stripe.

Connector

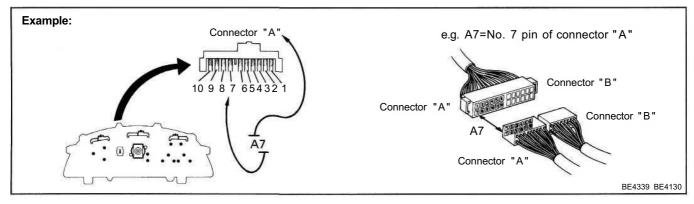
1. PIN NUMBER OF FEMALE CONNECTOR

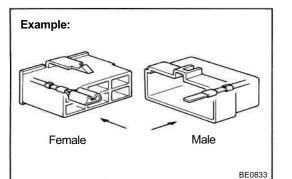
Numbered in order from upper left to lower right.

2. PIN NUMBER OF MALE CONNECTOR

Numbered in order from upper right to lower left.

HINT: When connectors with different or the same number of terminals are used with the same parts, each connector name (letter of the alphabet) and pin number is specified.



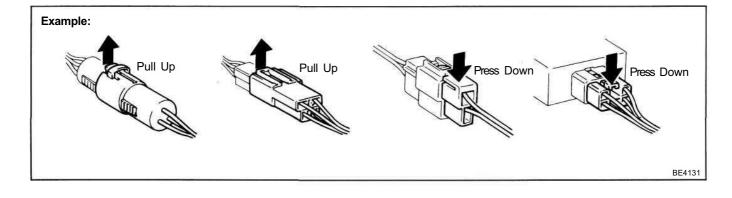


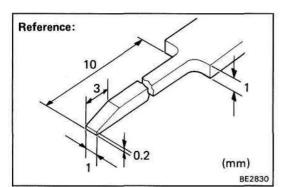
3. DISTINCTION OF MALE AND FEMALE CONNECTORS

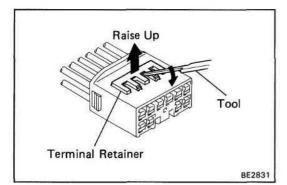
Male and female connectors are distinguished by shape of their internal pins.

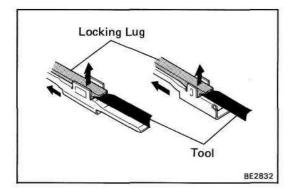
- (a) All connectors are shown from the open end, and the lock is on top.
- (b) To pull apart the connectors, pull on the connector itself, not the wires.

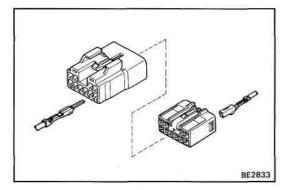
HINT: Check to see what kind of connector you are disconnecting before pulling apart.

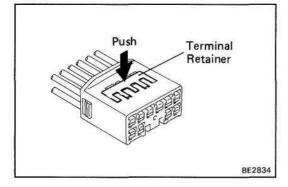












How to Replace Terminal

(with Terminal Retainer Type)

HINT: To remove the terminal for this type of connector, please construct and use the special tool or like object shown on the left.

1. DISCONNECT CONNECTOR

Disconnect the connector according to the instructions on BE-2.

2. DISCONNECT TERMINAL FROM CONNECTOR

(a) Using the special tool, raise the retainer up to the temporary lock position.

HINT: The needle insertion position varies according to the connector's shape (number of terminals, etc.), so check the position before inserting it.

(b) Using the special tool, release the locking lug and pull the terminal out from rear.

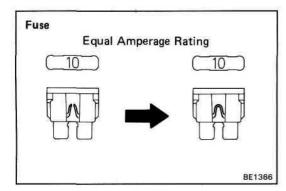
3. INSTALL TERMINAL TO CONNECTOR

(a) Insert the terminal.

HINT:

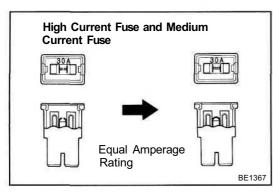
- 1. Make sure the terminal is positioned correctly.
- 2. Insert the terminal until the locking lug locks firmly.
- 3. Insert the terminal with retainer in the temporary lock position.
- (b) Push the retainer in as far as the full lock position.

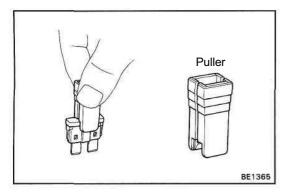
4. CONNECT CONNECTOR

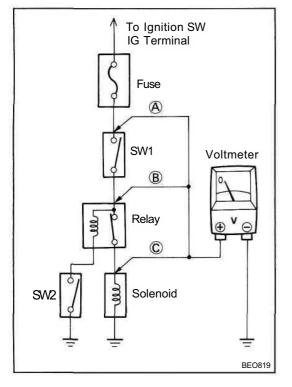


Replacement of High Current Fuse, Medium Current Fuse and Fuse

HINT: If replacing the fuse, be sure to replace it with a fuse with an equal amperage rating.







NOTICE:

- 1. Turn off all electrical components and the ignition switch before replacing a fuse. Do not exceed the fuse or fusible link amperage rating.
- 2. Always use a fuse puller for removing and inserting a fuse. Remove and insert straight in and out without twisting. Twisting could force open the terminals too much, resulting in a bad connection.

If a fuse continues to blow, a short circuit is indicated. The system must be checked by a qualified technician.

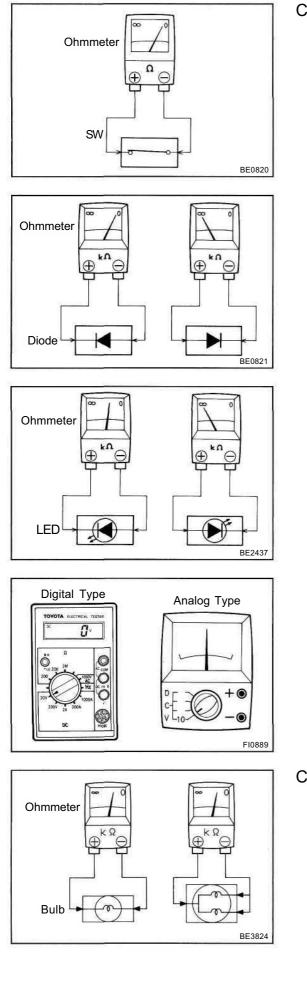
Check for Voltage

(a) Establish conditions in which voltage is present at the check point.

Example:

 (\widehat{A}) — Ignition switch on.

- (§)— Ignition switch and switch 1 (SW1) on.
- ©— Ignition switch, switch 1 (SW1) and relay on (switch 2 (SW2) off).
- (b) Using a voltmeter, connect the negative (—) lead to a good ground point or negative (—) battery terminal and the positive (+) lead to the connector or component terminal. This check can be done with a test bulb instead of a voltmeter.



Check for Continuity and Resistance

- (a) Disconnect the battery terminal or wire so there is no voltage between the check points.
- (b) Contact the two leads of an ohmmeter to each of the check points.

If the circuit has diodes, reverse the two leads and check again.

When contacting the negative (-) lead to the diode positive (+) side and the positive (+) lead to the negative (-) side, there should be continuity.

When contacting the two leads in reverse, there should be on continuity.

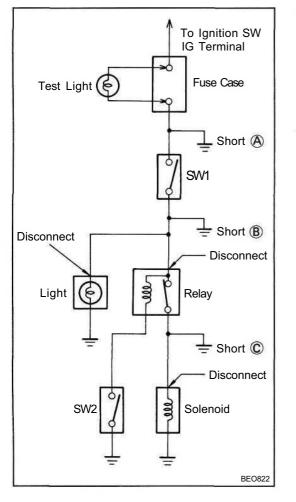
HINT: Specifications may vary depending on the type of tester, so refer to the tester's instruction manual before performing the inspection.

Check LED (Light Emitting Diode) in the same manner as that for diodes.

- Use a tester with a power source of 3V or greater to overcome the circuit resistance.
- If a suitable tester is not available, apply battery voltage and check that the LED that the LED lights up.
- (c) Use a volt/ohmmeter with high impedance (10 k/V minimum) for troubleshooting of the electrical circuit.

Check the Bulb

- (a) Remove the bulb.
- (b) There should be continuity between the respective terminals of the bulb together with a certain amount of resistance.
- (c) Apply the two leads of the ohmmeter to each of the terminals.
- (d) Apply battery voltage and check that the bulb light up.



Check for Short Circuit

- (a) Remove the blown fuse and eliminate all loads from the fuse.
- (b) Connect a test bulb in place of the fuse.
- (c) Establish conditions in which the test bulb comes on.

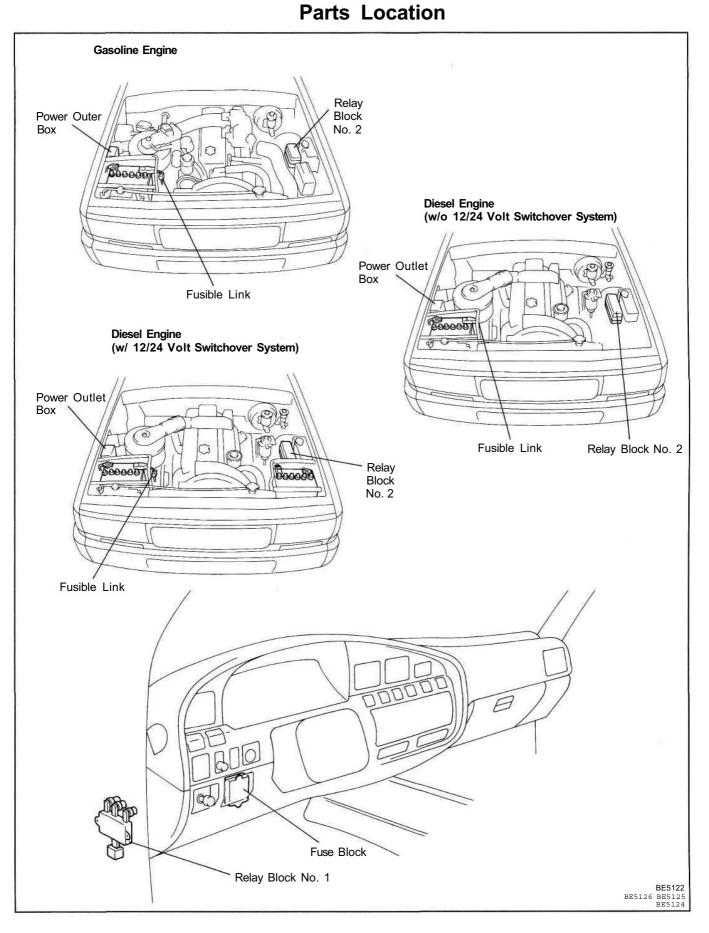
Example:

- A Ignition switch on.
- **B** Ignition switch and switch 1 (SW1) on.
- C Ignition switch, switch 1 (SW1) and relay on (connect the relay) and switch 2 (SW2) off (or disconnect switch 2 (SW2)).
- (d) Disconnect and reconnect the connectors while watching the test bulb.

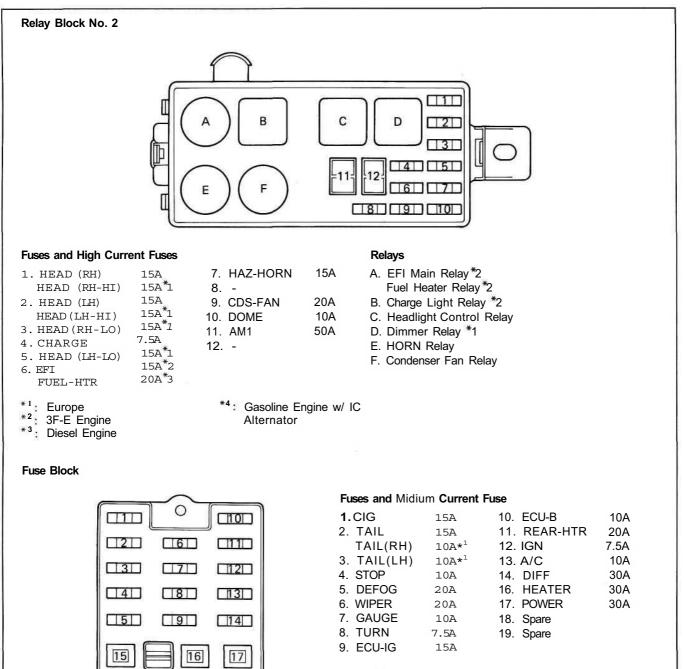
The short lies between the connector where the test bulb stays lit and the connector where the bulb goes out.

(e) Find the exact location of the short by lightly shaking the problem wire along the body.

POWER SOURCE







*^I: Europe

18

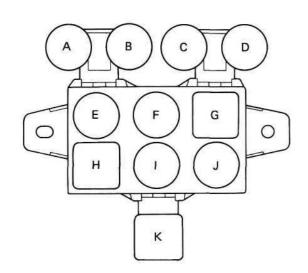
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0

BE4989 BE4988

Parts Location (Cont'd)

Relay Block No. 1



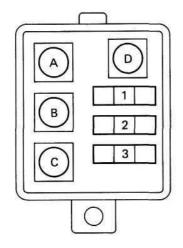
Relays

- A. Cooling Fan Relay
- B. Bulb Check Relay (Australia)
- C. Rear Fog Light Relay (Europe)
- Blower Hi Relay (G.C.C. w/ A/C)
- D . -
- E. Deffoger Relay
- F. Power Main Relay G. Turn Signal Flasher
- H. Heater Relay
- The Treater Relay
- I. Taillight Control Relay

J. -

K. Circuit Opening Relay

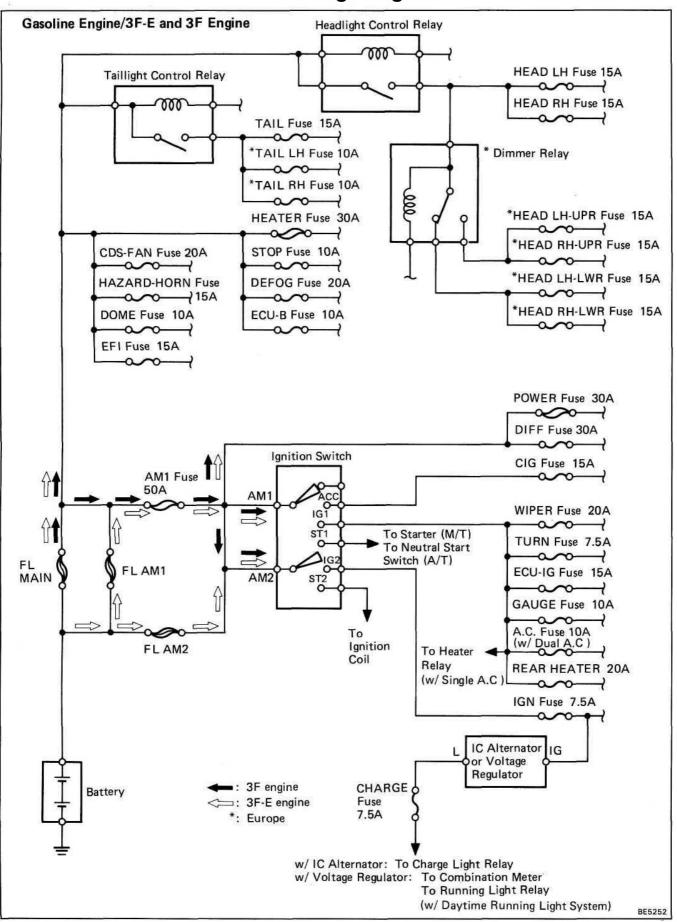
Power Outlet Box



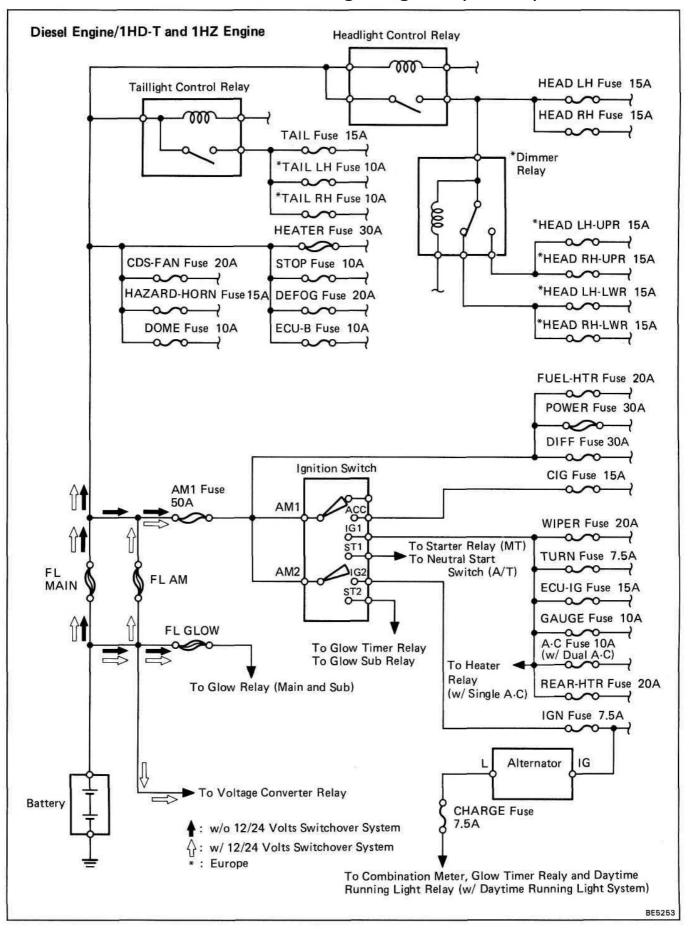
Fu	se	
1.	ACC	10A
2.	IG	10A
3.	+B	20A

Terminal

No.	Terminal Name	Connected Parts
Α	ACC	Ignition Switch ACC
В	IG	Ignition Switch IG1
С	+B	FL MAIN
D	- E	Ground

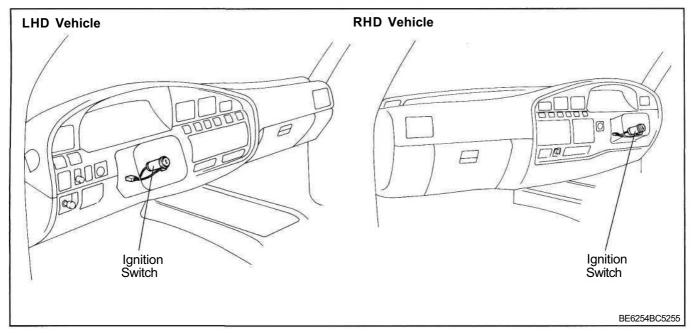


Wiring Diagram

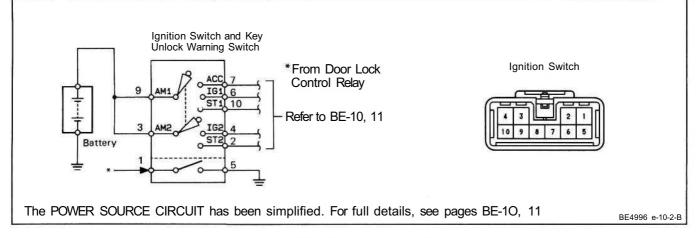


Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

IGNITION SWITCH Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams



Parts Inspection

Ignition System

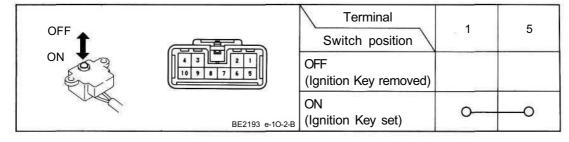
INSPECT SWITCH (Ignition Switch/Continuity)

		Terminal Switch position	2	3	4	6	7	9	10
CH ACC QU		LOCK							
		ACC					0-	-0	
		ON		0	-0	0-	-0-	-0	
	BE3582e-1O-2-B	START	0-	0	-0	0-		-0-	-0

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

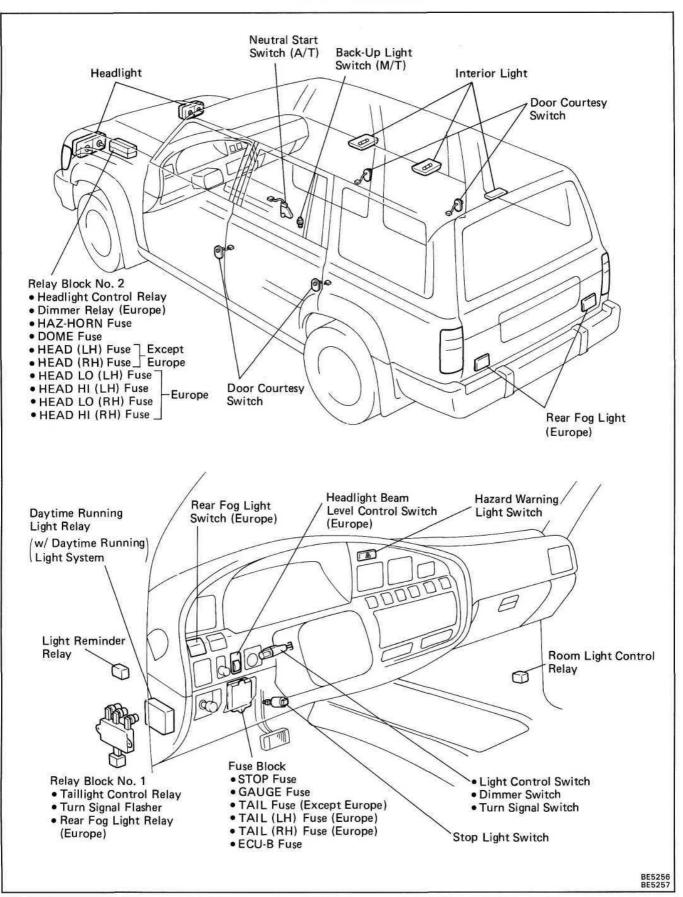
Key Confine Prevention System

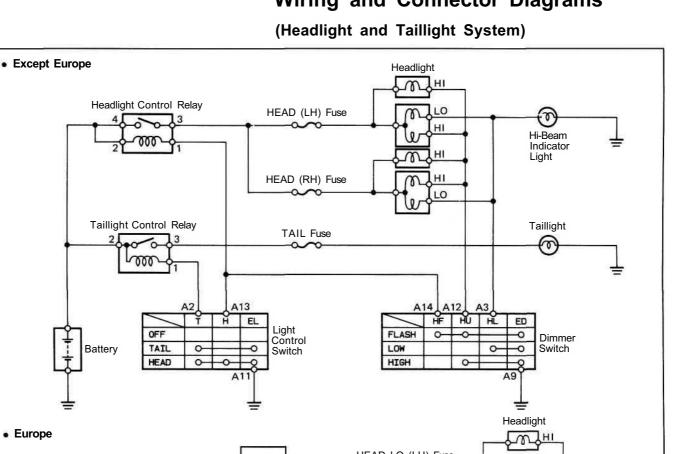
INSPECT SWITCHES (Key Unlock Warning Switch/Continuity)



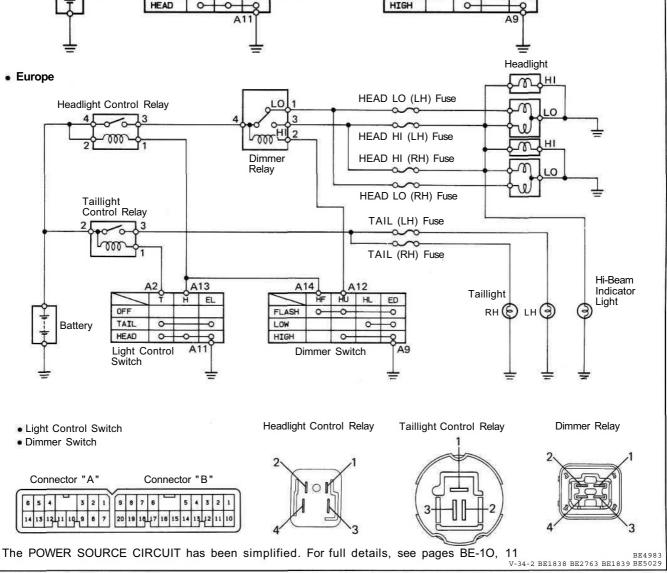
If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

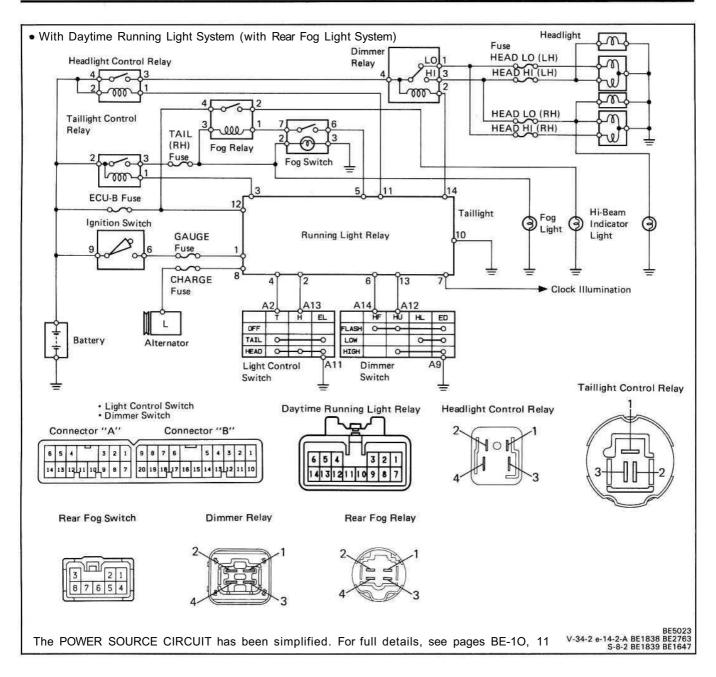
LIGHTING SYSTEM Parts Location

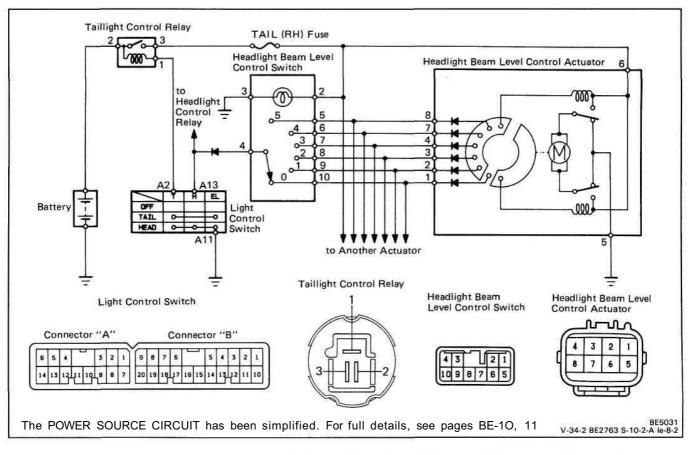




Wiring and Connector Diagrams

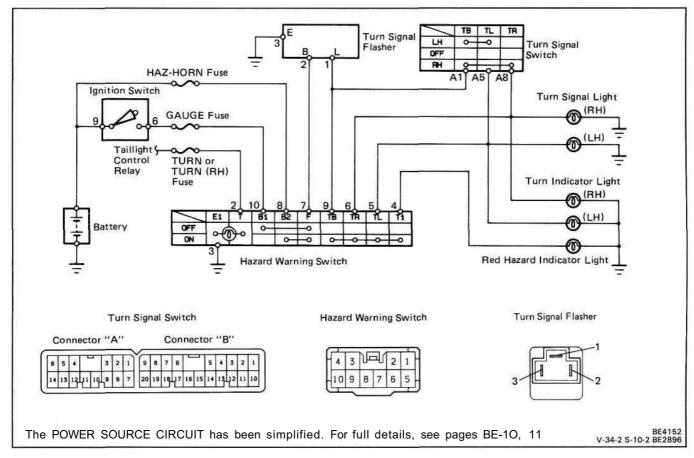


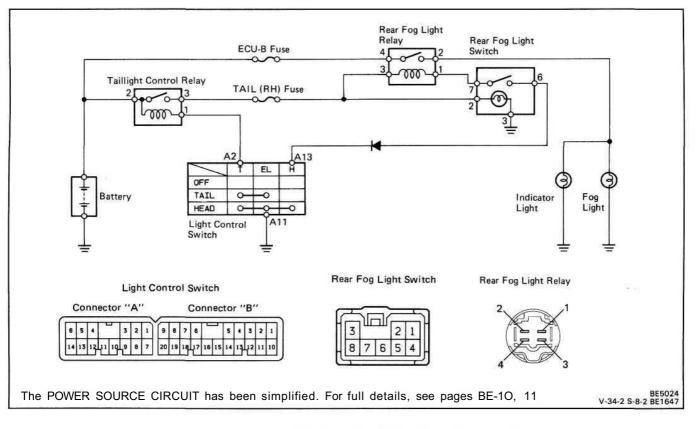




(Headlight Beam Level Control System)

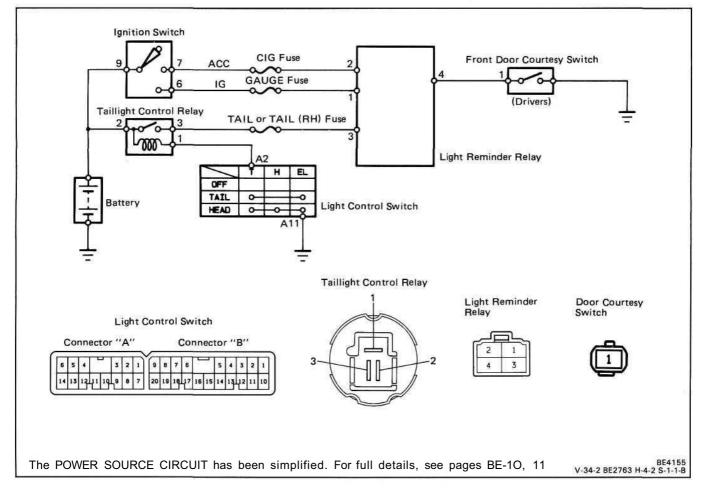


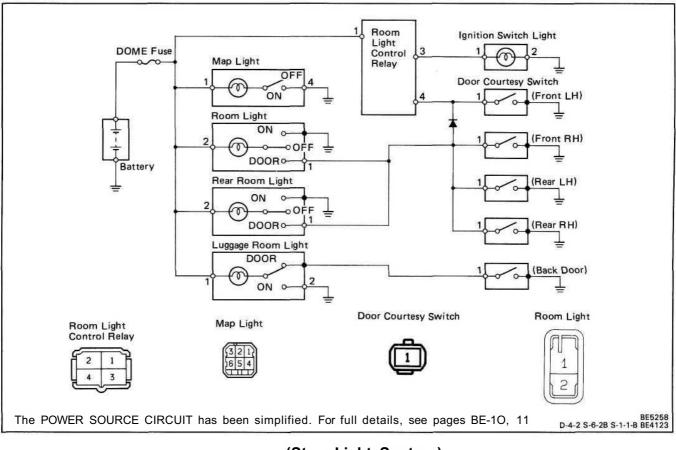




(Rear Fog Light System)

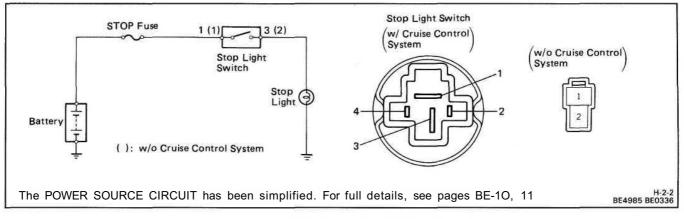




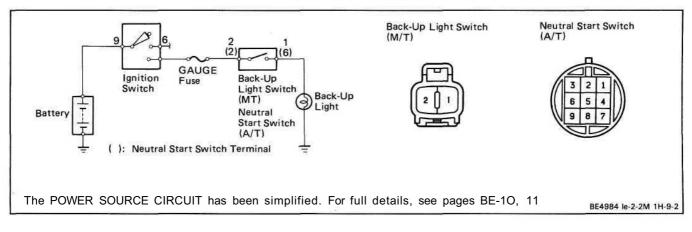


(Illuminated Entry System)

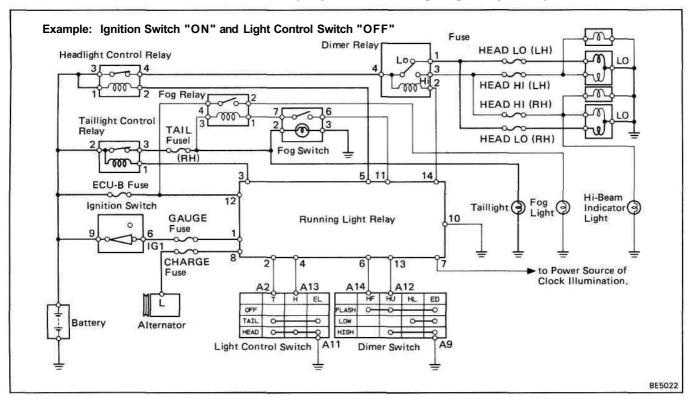




(Back-up Light System)



System Description



(Daytime Running Light System)

Standby Operation

- Current flows from the battery to terminal 12 of the Running Light Relay.
- When the engine is started, alternator voltage is applied from terminal L of the alternator to terminal 8
 of the Running Light Relay.

Operation

1. IGNITION SWITCH "ON" AND LIGHT CONTROL SWITCH "OFF"

When the switches are set, current flows from the battery to terminal 1 of the Running Light Relay. Also, because continuity is made between terminal 3 of the Running Light Relay and ground, and terminal 5 of the Running Light Relay and ground, the Taillight control Relay and Headlight Control Relay are turned on. Then the taillights and headlights light up.

HINT: Because terminal 14 of the Running Light Relay is not grounded at all times, the Headlight Dimmer Relay is off, so the headlights light up at low beam.

2. IGNITION SWITCH "ON" AND LIGHT CONTROL SWITCH AT "TAIL"

When the switches are set, continuity is made between terminal 2 of the Running Light Relay and ground. Also, because continuity is made between terminal 3 of the Running Light Relay and ground at all times, the taillights light up.

(Fog Light): Also, because continuity is made between terminal 11 of the Running Light Relay and ground, the Fog Light Relay is turned on. Then the fog lights light up on standby.

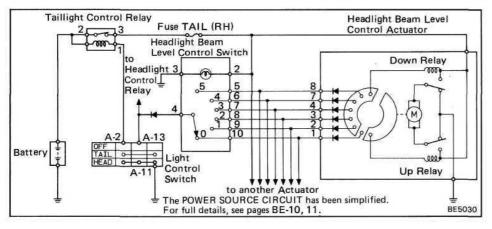
3. IGNITION SWITCH "ON" AND LIGHT CONTROL SWITCH AT "HEAD"

When the switches are set, continuity is made between terminal 4 of the Running Light Relay and ground, and terminal 2 of the Running Light Relay and ground. Also, because continuity is made between terminal 5 of Running Light Relay and ground, and terminal 3 of the Running Light Relay and ground at all times, the taillights and headlights light up.

HINT: When the Headlight Dimmer Switch is set to "HIGH", continuity is made between terminal 13 of the Running Light Relay and ground. Also, because continuity is made between terminal 14 of the Running Light Relay and Ground, the Headlight Dimmer Relay is turned on. Then the headlights go on at high beam.

4. HEADLIGHT DIMMER SWITCH AT "FLASH"

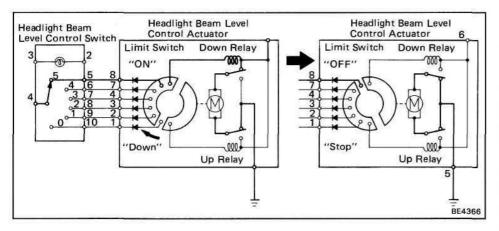
When the switch is set, continuity is made between terminal 6 of the Running Light Relay and ground, and terminal 13 of the Running Light Relay and ground. Also, because the continuity is made between terminal 5 of the Running Light Relay and ground, and terminal 14 of the Running Light Relay and ground, the headlights flash.



Headlight Beam Level Control System

- Continuity always exists between terminal 5 of the Headlight Beam Level Control Actuator (here-after called "Actuator") and the ground.
- When the light Control Switch is turned to HEAD position, continuity is made between terminal 4 of the Headlight Beam Level Control Switch (hereafter called "Level Switch") and the ground through terminals

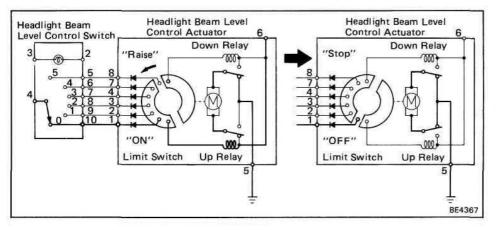
A-13 and A-11 of the Light Control Switch. Also, continuity is made between terminal 1 of the Taillight Control Relay and the ground through terminals A-2 and A-11 of the Light Control Switch, the Taillight Control Relay is turned on, then current flows from the battery to terminal 6 of the Actuator.



LEVEL SWITCH IN "5" PO-SITION

When the switch is set, Current flows from terminal 6 of Actuator \rightarrow terminal 8 of the Actuator \rightarrow terminal 5 of the Level Switch \rightarrow ground, and the Down Relay is activated. Then current flows from terminal 6 of the Actuator \rightarrow Down Relay \rightarrow Motor \rightarrow Up Relay \rightarrow terminal 5 of the Actuator \rightarrow ground, and the Motor operates to lower the

headlight. When the headlights are lowered, the Limit Switch operates, so that continuity between terminals 6 and 8 of the Actuator is broken. As a result, the Down Relay is open and the headlights stay in level "5" position.



LEVEL SWITCH IN "0" PO-SITION

When the switch is set, current flows from terminal 6 of Actuator \rightarrow terminal 1 of the Actuator \rightarrow terminal 10 of the Level Switch \rightarrow ground, and the Up Relay is activated. Then current flows from terminal 6 of the Actuator \rightarrow Up Relay \rightarrow Motor \rightarrow Down Relay \rightarrow terminal 5 of the Actuator \rightarrow ground, and the motor operates to raise the headlight.

When the headlights are raised, the Limit switch operates, so that continuity between terminals 6 and 1 of the Actuator is broken. As a result, the Up Relay is open and the headlights stay in level "0" position.

Troubleshooting

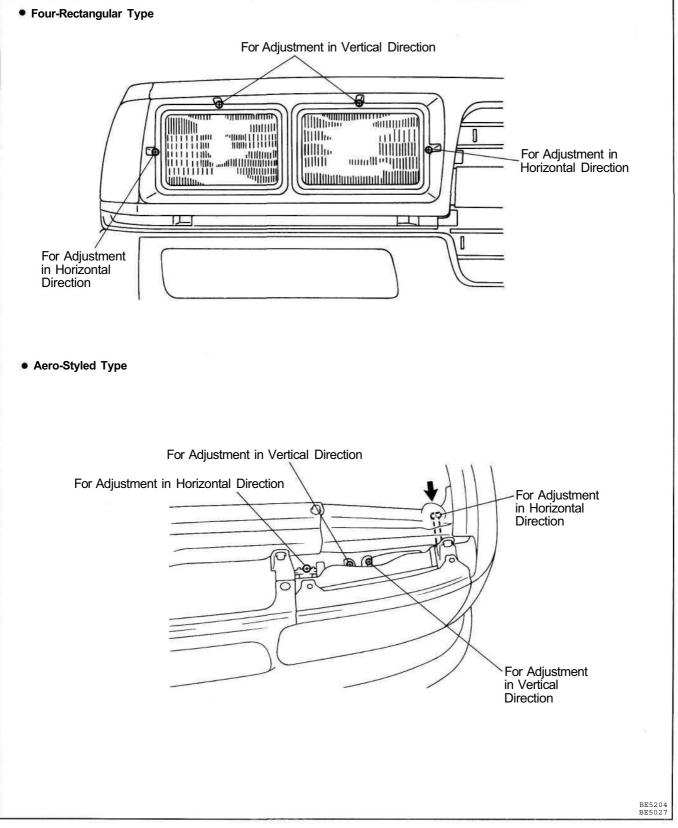
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Only one light does not light up	Light bulb burned out Socket, wire or ground faulty	Check or replace the bulb Repair as necessary	BE-4, 5, 6
Headlight do not light up	HEAD fuse blown Headlight control relay faulty Light control switch faulty Dimmer switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check relay Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-27 BE-27 BE-27
Head beam headlights or headlight flashers do not operate	Light control switch faulty Dimmer switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-27 BE-27
Tail, parking and license light do not light up	TAIL fuse blown Taillight control relay faulty Light control switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check relay Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-27 BE-27
Stop lights do not light up	STOP fuse blown Stop light switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Adjust or check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-33 BR-6
Stop lights stay on	Stop light switch faulty	Adjust or check switch	BE-33
Combination meter lights do not light up (taillights light up)	Light control rheostat faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check rheostat Repair as necessary	BE-67
Turn signal does not flash on one side	Turn signal switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-27
Turn signals do not operate	TURN fuse blown Turn signal flasher faulty Turn signal switch faulty Hazard switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check flasher Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-29 BE-27 BE-29
Hazard warning lights do not operate	HAZ-HORN fuse blown Turn signal flasher faulty Turn signal switch faulty Hazard switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check flasher Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-29 BE-27 BE-29
Back-up light do not light up	GAUGE fuse blown Neutral switch faulty (A/T) Back-up light switch (M/T) Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 AT-28 MT-24

Troub	leshooting	(Cont'd)
IIVUN	loonooting	

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Daytime running light system does not operate	TAIL (RH) fuse blown GAUGE fuse blown ECU-B fuse blown	Replace blown fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
	Daytime running light relay faulty Headlight control relay faulty Taillight control relay faulty Headlight dimmer relay faulty Ignition switch faulty Light control/dimmer switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check relay Check relay Check relay Check relay Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-28 BE-27 BE-27 BE-27 BE-12 BE-27
Rear fog light system does not operate	ECU-B fuse blown TAIL fuse blown	Replace blown fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
	Rear fog light relay faulty Taillight control relay faulty Daytime Running Light Relay faulty (w/ Daytime Running Light System)	Check relay Check relay Check relay	BE-29 BE-27 BE-28
	Rear fog light switch faulty Light control switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-29 BE-27
Illuminated entry system does not operate	DOME fuse blown Room light control relay faulty Door courtesy switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check relay Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-32 BE-32
Headlight beam level control system does not operate	TAIL fuse blown Taillight control relay faulty Headlight beam level control actuator faulty Headlight beam level control switch faulty Light control switch faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check relay Check actuator Check switch Check switch	BE-4, 6 BE-27 BE-30 BE-30 BE-27
Lights-on warning system does not operate	CIG fuse blown GAUGE fuse blown TAIL fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
	Light reminder relay faulty Door courtesy switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check relay Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-31 BE-31

Parts Adjustment

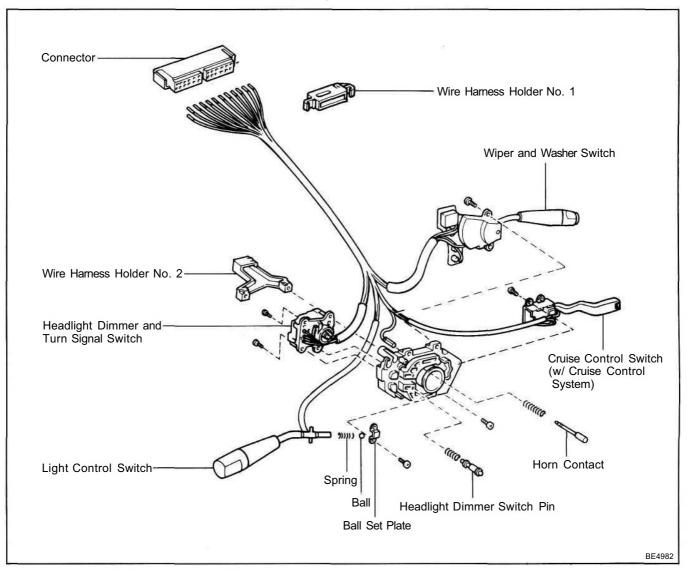
Adjustment of Headlight Aim

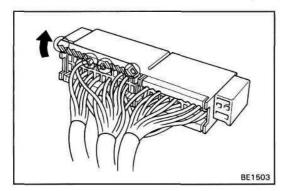


HINT: Before adjusting headlights equipped with a headlight beam level control system, first return the headlights to standard position by moving the control switch to "0" position.

Parts Replacement

Components

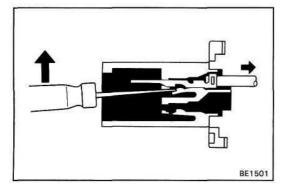




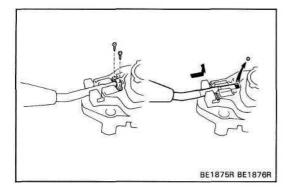
Disassembly of Combination Switch

- 1. REMOVE WIRE HARNESS CLAMP FROM WIRE HARNESS Pry loose two locking lugs and remove the clamp from the wire harness.
- 2. REMOVE TERMINALS FROM CONNECTOR
 - (a) Release four tabs and open the terminal cover.

BODY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - Lighting System



- (b) From the open end, insert a miniature screwdriver between the locking lug and terminal.
- (c) Pry down the locking lug with the screwdriver and pull the terminal out from the rear.

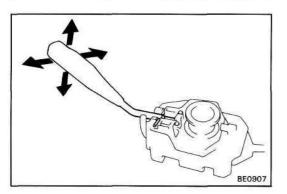


3. REMOVE LIGHT CONTROL SWITCH

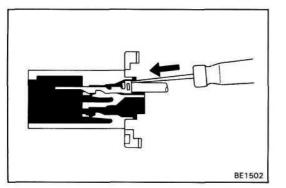
- (a) Remove two screws and the ball set plate from the switch body.
- (b) Remove the ball and slide out the switch from the switch body with the spring.
- 4. REMOVE HEADLIGHT DIMMER AND TURN SIGNAL SWITCH

Remove four screws and the switch from the switch body.

5. **REMOVE WIPER AND WASHER SWITCH** Remove two screws and the switch from the switch body.



BE1877R BE1878R

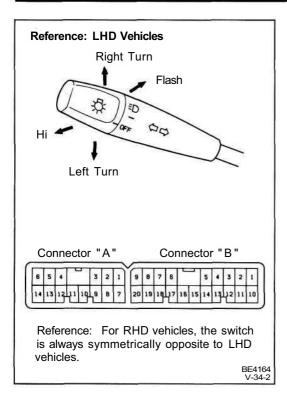


Assembly of Combination Switch

HINT:

INSTALL PARTS OF COMBINATION SWITCH IN REVERSE SEQUENCE OF REMOVAL

- After installing the switch to the switch body, insert that the switch operates in smoothly.
- Push in the terminal until it is securely locked in the connector lug.



Parts Inspection

Headlight and Taillight System

1. INSPECT COMBINATIN SWITCH (Light Control Switch/Continuity)

Terminal (Color)	A2	A11	A13
Switch position	(W)	(W)	(R)
OFF			
TAIL	0	0	
HEAD	0-	0	0

(Headlight Dimmer and Turn Signal Switch/Continuity)

Headlight Dimmer Switch

				a summer of the second s
Terminal (Color) Switch position	A3 (R-G)	A9 (W-B)	A12 (Ft-Y)	A14 (R-W)
Flash		0-	-0-	-0
Low beam	0	-0		
High beam		0	_0	

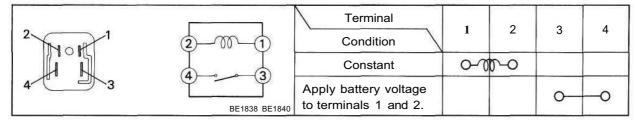
Turn Signal Switch

Terminal (Color) Switch position	A1 (G-W)	A5 (G-B)	A8 (G-Y)
Left turn	0	-0	
Neutral			i.
Right turn	0		-0

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

2. INSPECT RELAY

(Headlight Control Relay/Continuity)



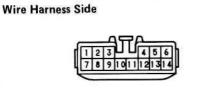
(Taillight Control Relay/Continuity)

(Headlight Dimmer Relay/Continuity)

		Condition	1	2	3
	\ a	Constant	0-0	0-0	
3	BE2763 BE2505	Apply battery voltage to terminals 1 and 2.		<u> </u>	-0

Terminal 1 2 3 4 Condition 0 8 Constant 000 0 Apply battery voltage 0 0 0 to terminals 2 and 4. BE1839 BE1842

If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.



Daytime Running Light System

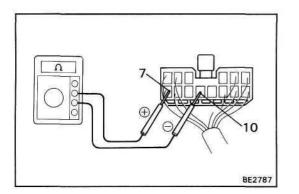
Inspect Daytime Running Light Relay

(Relay Circuit)

e-14-1-A

Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection		Condition	Specified value
Continuity		Light control switch	OFF	No continuity
	2 – Ground	position	TAIL or HEAD	Continuity
	4 – Ground	Light control switch	OFF or TAIL	No continuity
		position	HEAD	Continuity
	6 – Ground	Headlight dimmer	Low beam or High beam	No continuity
	6 — Ground	switch position	Flash	Continuity
	7 — Ground 10 — Ground	Constant	Continuity	
	13 — Ground	Headlight dimmer	Low beam	No continuity
		switch position	High beam or Flash	Continuity
Voltage	1 — Ground	Ignition switch	LOCK or ACC	No voltage
		position	ON	Battery voltage
	3 — Ground 5 — Ground	Constant	Battery voltage	
	8 — Ground	Carico condition	Stop	No voltage
		Engine condition	Running	Battery voltage
	11 Ground	Constant		No voltage
	11 – Ground Ground terminal 3			Battery voltage
	12 - Ground	Constant	Battery voltage	
	14 – Ground	Constant		No voltage
	14 - Ground	Ground terminal 5	Battery voltage	



If circuit is as specified, inspect relay operation.

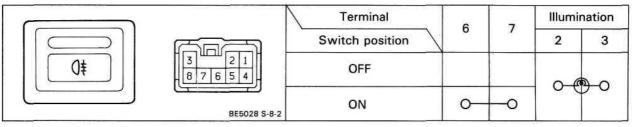
(Relay Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 7 and negative (--) lead to terminal 10.
- (b) Check that there is battery voltage with light control switch is turned on.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

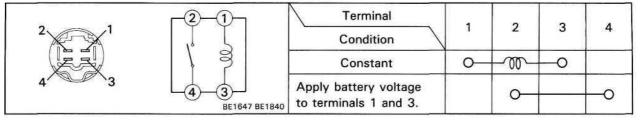
Rear Fog Light System

1. INSPECT SWITCH (Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

2. INSPECT RELAY (Rear Fog Light Relay/Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.

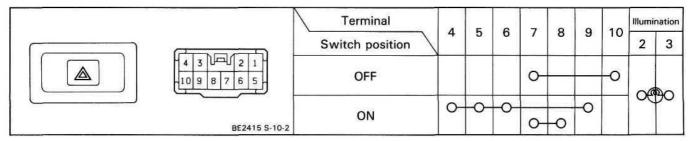
Turn Signal and Hazard Warning System

1. INSPECT SWITCHES

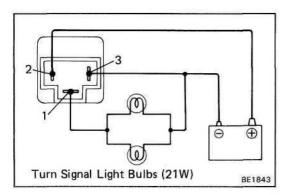
(Turn Signal Switch/Continuity)

See Headlight dimmer and Turn Signal Switch on page BE-27.

(Hazard Warning Switch/Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.



2. INSPECT TURN SIGNAL FLASHER (Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 3.
- (b) Connect the two turn signal light bulbs parallel to each other to terminals 1 and 3, check that the bulbs flash.

HINT: The turn signal lights should flash 60 to 120 times per minute.

If one of the front or rear turn signal lights has an open circuit, the number of flashers will be more than 140 per minute.

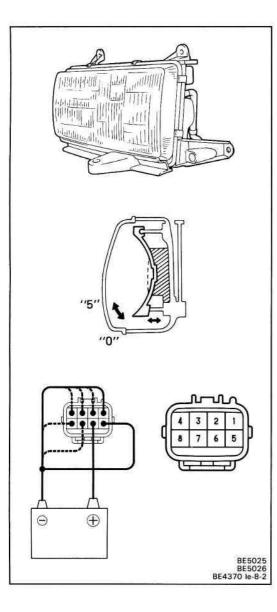
If operation is not as specified, replace the flasher.

Headlight Beam Level Control System

1. INSPECT SWITCH (Continuity)

	Terminal	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Illumi	nation
	Switch position	4	- 5	0	1	0	9	10	2	3
F	0	0-						0		
	1	0-					-0			
	2	0-				0				
5	3	0-			-0		12,		100	PU
	4	6		-0					1	
BE4369 S-10	J-2 5	0-	0						1	

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

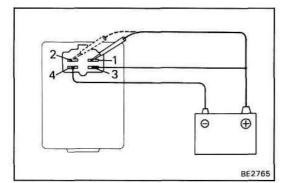


2. INSPECT ACTUATOR

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 6 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 5.
- (b) Ground each terminal and check that each mode operates as shown in the chart and illustration.

Terminal	Headlight Beam Level		
1 – ground	"0"		
2 – ground	<i>"</i> "1"		
3 – ground	''2''		
4 – ground	"3"		
7 – ground	"4"		
8 – ground	"5"		

If operation is not as specified, replace the actuator.



Lights-On Warning System

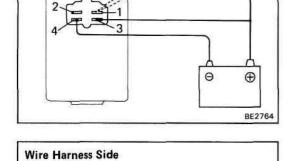
1. INSPECT DRIVER'S DOOR COURTESY SWITCH

See step 2 of Open Door Warning System on page BE-64.

2. INSPECT LIGHT REMINDER RELAY (Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 3 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 4.
- (b) Check that the buzzer does not sound when connected terminal 1 or 2 from the positive (+) lead.
- (c) Check that the buzzer sounds when disconnecting terminal 1 or 2 from the positive (+) lead.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.



3

(Relay Circuit)

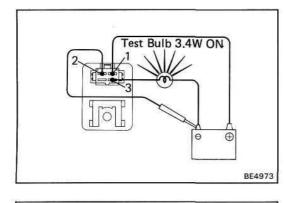
H-4-1

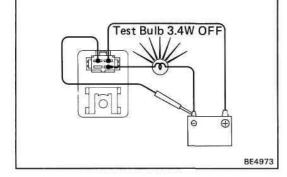
Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection		Condition	Specified value
Continuity		Driver's door position	Closed (Courtesy switch OFF)	No continuity
	4 – Ground		Opened (Courtesy switch ON)	Continuity
Voltage	1	Ignition switch position	LOCK or ACC	No voltage
	1 – Ground		ON	Battery voltage
	2 — Ground	Ignition switch position	LOCK	No voltage
			ACC or ON	Battery voltage
	3 — Ground	Light control Switch	OFF	No voltage
			TAIL or HEAD	Battery voltage

If circuit is as specified, replace the relay.

If circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-18 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts.





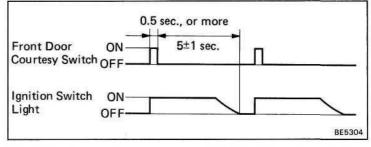
Illuminated Entry System

1. INSPECT FRONT DOOR COURTESY SWITCH

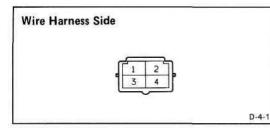
See step 2 of Open Door Warning System on page BE-64.

2. INSPECT ROOM LIGHT CONTROL RELAY (Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1. Connect the negative (—) lead to terminal 2.
- (b) Connect a 3.4 W bulb between terminal 3 and the battery negative (—), and then check that the bulb lights.
- (c) Disconnect the negative (—) lead from the battery, and check that the bulb goes out approx. 5 seconds later as shown in the chart.



If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.



(Relay Circuit)

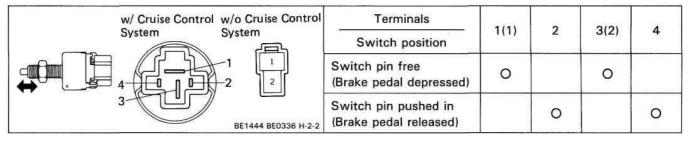
Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection		Condition	Specified value	
Continuity	3 – Ground	Constant		Continuity	
	4 — Ground	Driver's door	Closed (Courtesy switch OFF)	No continuity	
		position Opend (Courtesy sw	Opend (Courtesy switch ON)	Continuity	
Voltage	1 – Ground	Constant		Battery voltage	

If circuit is as specified, replace the relay.

If circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-19 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits to other parts.

INSPECT SWITCH (Stop Light Switch/Continuity)



(): w/o Cruise Control System

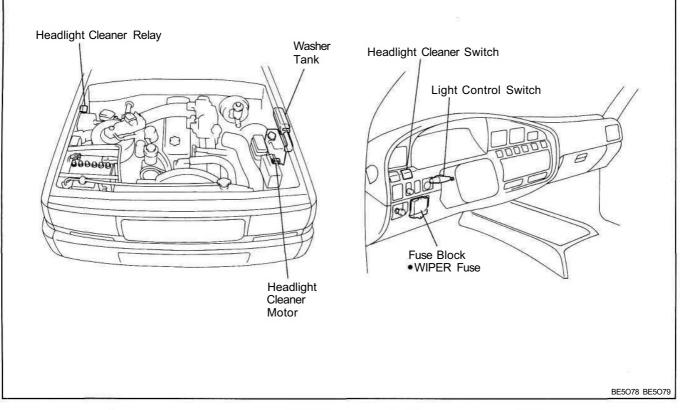
If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

Back-up Light System

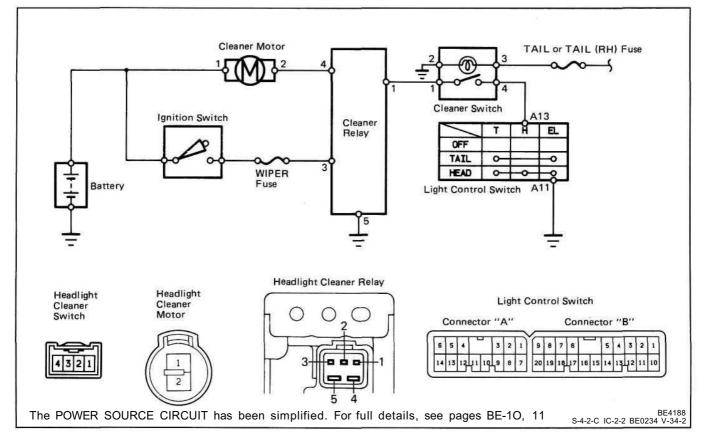
INSPECT SWITCHES

(Neutral Start Switch)See page AT-28.(Back-up Light Switch)See page MT-24.

HEADLIGHT CLEANER SYSTEM Parts Location





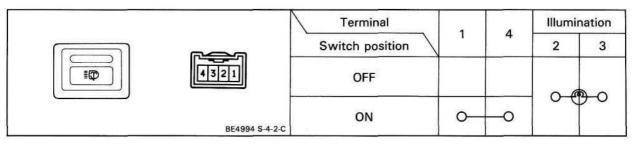


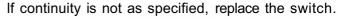
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Headlight cleaner do	WIPER fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
not operate	Cleaner hose or nozzle clogged	Repair as necessary	
	Cleaner motor faulty	Check motor	BE-35
	Cleaner switch faulty	Check switch	BE-35
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	

Troubleshooting

Parts Inspection

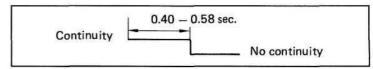
1. INSPECT SWITCH (Continuity)



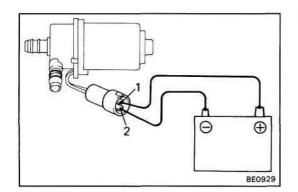


2. INSPECT HEADLIGHT CLEANER RELAY

- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 4 and 5.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 3 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 5.
- (c) Connect the negative (—) lead from the battery to terminal 1, check that there is continuity between terminals 4 and 5 for 0.40 — 0.58 sec, then there is no continuity.



If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

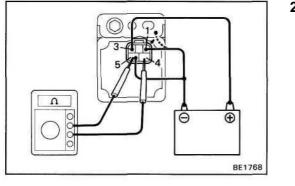


3. INSPECT HEADLIGHT CLEANER MOTOR

Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor operates.

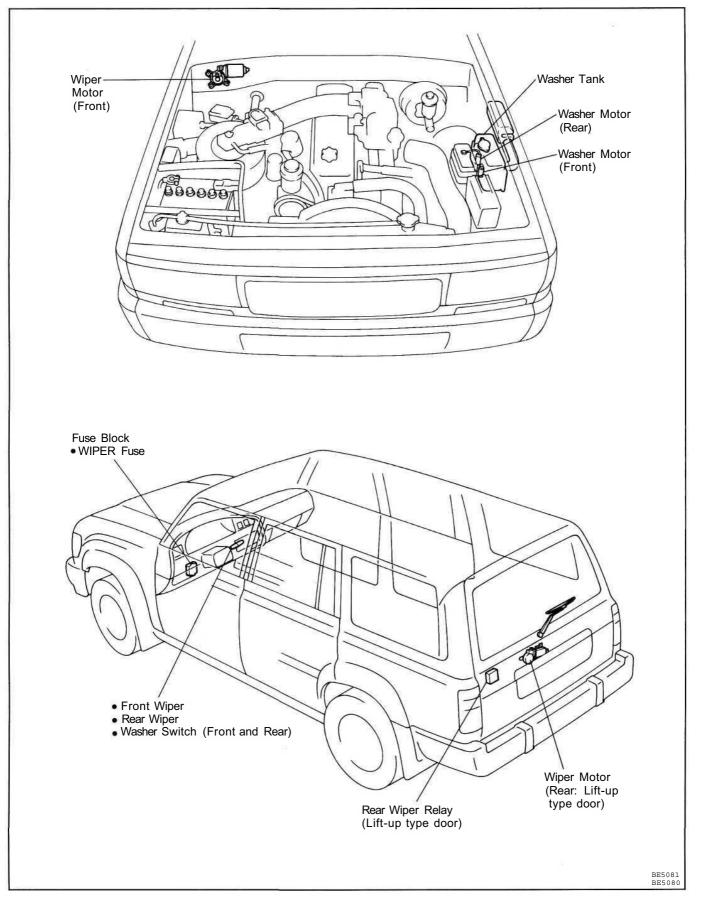
NOTICE: These test must be performed quickly (within 3 - 5 seconds) to prevent the coil from burning out.

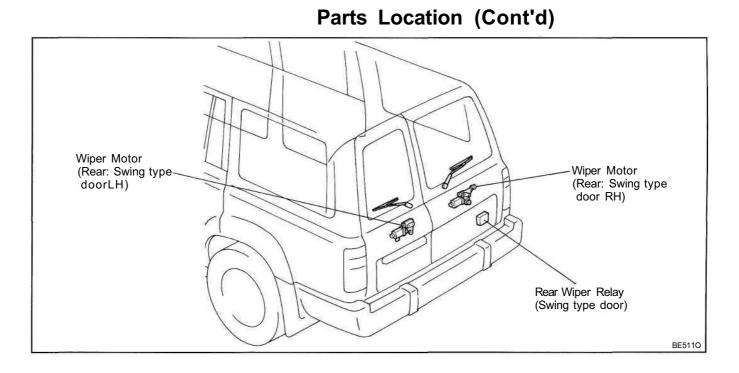
If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.



WIPER AND WASHER SYSTEM

Parts Location

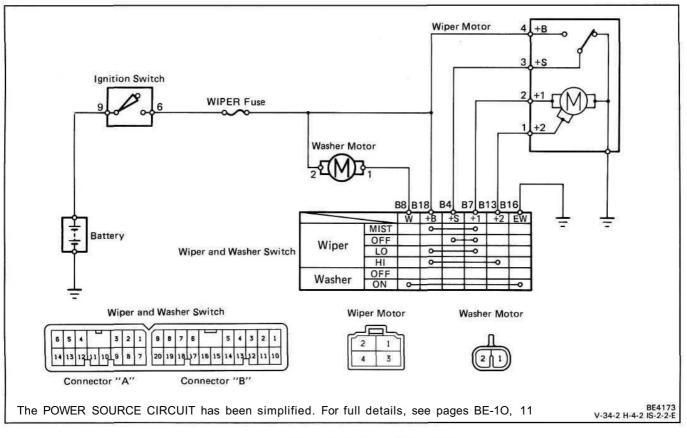




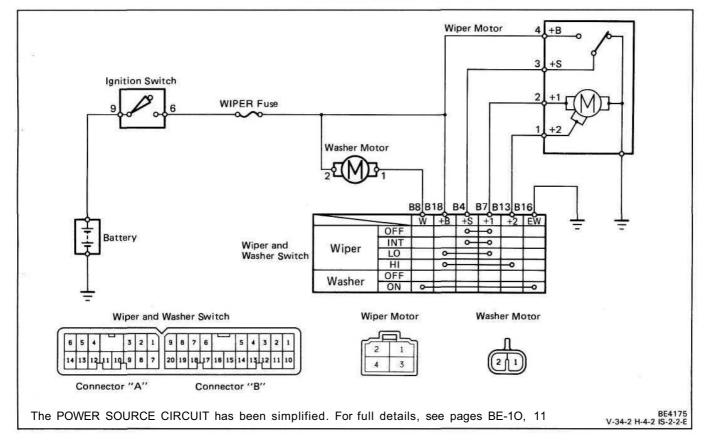
BE-37

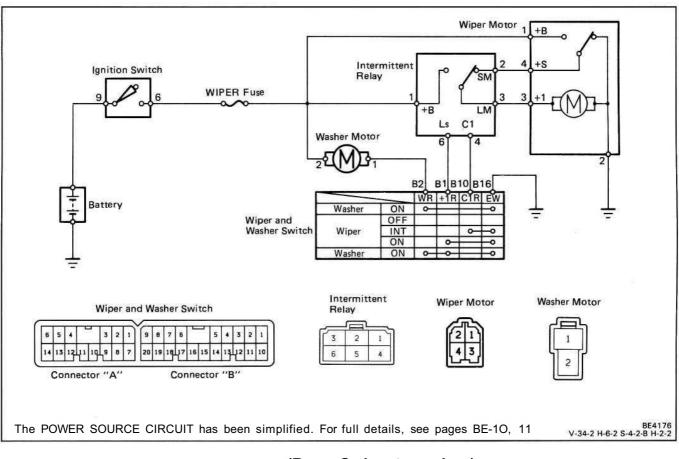
Wiring and Connector Diagrams

(Front: Mist Type)

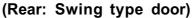


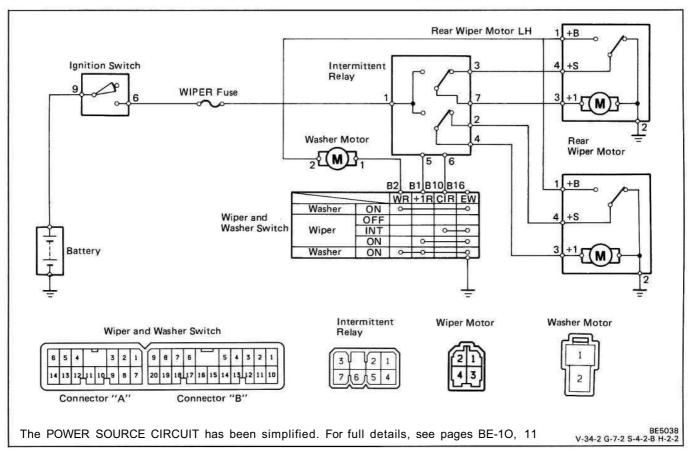
(Front: Intermittent Type)





(Rear: Lift-up type door)



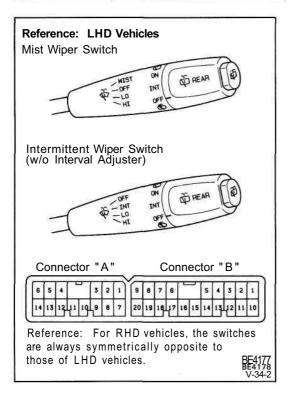


Troubleshooting

Drahlam	Dessible serves	Bemedu	Pa	ige
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Front	Rear
Wiper do not	WIPER fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6	BE-4, 6
operate or return	Wiper motor faulty	Check motor	BE-44	BE-45,46
to off position	Wiper switch faulty	Check switch	BE-41	BE-41
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary		
Wiper do not	Wiper switch faulty	Check switch	BE-41	
operate in Mist	Wiper motor faulty	Check motor	BE-44	
position	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary		
Wiper do not	Wiper relay faulty	Check relay	BE-42	BE-42,43
operate in Inter-	Wiper switch faulty	Check switch	BE-41	BE-41
mittent (INT)	Wiper motor faulty	Check motor	BE-44	BE-45,46
position	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary		
Washer do not	Washer hose or nozzle clogged	Repair as necessary		
operate	Washer motor faulty	Check motor	BE-44	BE-45,46
	Washer switch faulty	Check switch	BE-41	BE-41
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary		

Parts Replacement

See Parts Replacement of Combination Switch on page BE-25.



Parts Inspection

Wiper System

1. INSPECT SWITCHES

(Front Wiper and Washer Switch/Continuity) (Mist Wiper)

Termi	nal (Color)	B4	B7	B8	B13	B16	B18
Switc	h position	(L-R)	(L-B)	(L)	(L-0)	(B)	(L-W)
	OFF		γ				-0
14.0	MIST	0-	0				
Wiper	LO		0				-0
	н				0-	1	9
	OFF			1			
Washer	ON			6		-0	

(Intermittent Wiper)

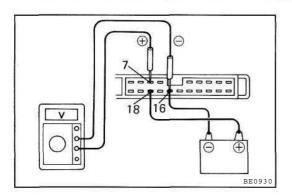
Termi	nal (Color)	B4	B7	B8	B12	13	B16	B18
Swite	ch position	(L-R)	(L-B)	(L)	(Y-B)	(L-0)	(B)	(L-W)
	OFF	0	9					
140	INT	0-	-0		0-	122	-0	
Wiper	LO		0					0
	н					0		-0
	OFF							
Washer	ON			0			-0	

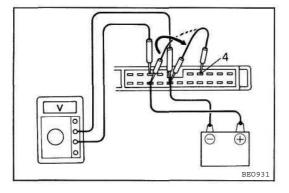
(Rear Wiper and Washer Switch/Continuity)

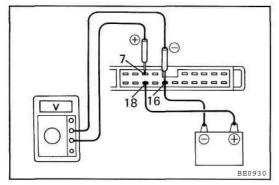
Termin	nal (Color)	B1	B2	B10	B16
Switc	h position	(G)	(V)	(0)	(B)
Washer	ON		0-		-0
	OFF				
Wiper	INT			0	-0
	ON	0			0
Washer	ON	0	-0-		-0

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

BODY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - Wiper and Washer System





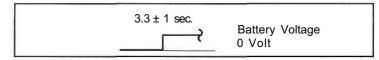


2. INSPECT FRONT WIPER RELAY (Intermittent wiper: Front)

(Operation at Intermittent)

- (a) Turn the wiper switch to INT position.
- (b) Turn the intermittent time control switch to FAST position.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal B18 and the negative (—) lead to terminal B16.
- (d) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal B7 and the negative (—) lead to terminal B16, check that the meter needle indicates battery voltage.
- (e) After connecting terminal B4 to terminal B18, connect to terminal B16.

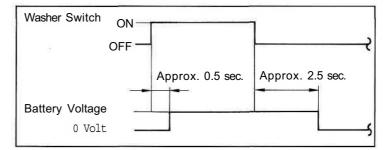
Then, check that the voltage rises from 0 volt to battery voltage within the times as shown in the table.



If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Operation as Washer Linked)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal B18 and the negative (--) lead to terminal B16.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal B7 and the negative (—) lead to terminal B16.
- (c) Push in the washer switch. Check that the voltage changes as shown in the table.



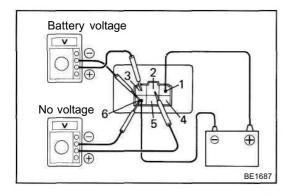
If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

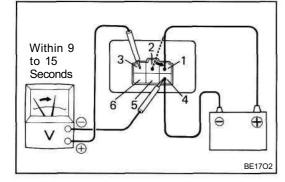
Relay Side				
		<u>81-10</u> 2		
	3		1	
	6	5	4	
				H-6-2

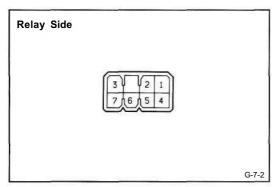
3. INSPECT REAR WIPER RELAY (Continuity/Lift-up type door)

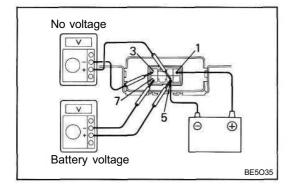
- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 1 and 3.
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminals 2 and 3.

If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.









(Operation/Lift-up type door)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 6.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 2 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 6, check that the meter needle indicates to 0 volts.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 3 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 6, check that the meter needle indicates to battery boltage.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

(Intermittent Operation/Lift-up type door)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 4.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 3 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 4.
- (c) After disconnecting the positive (+) lead from terminal 2, connect it to terminal 1, and then, check that the meter needle rises from 0 volts to battery voltage within 9 to 15 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

(Continuity/Swing type door)

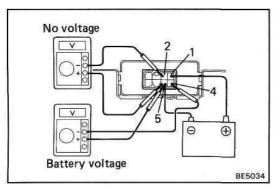
- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 1 and 3 (for left side wiper motor).
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminals 3 and 7 (for left side wiper motor).
- (c) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 1 and 4 (for right side wiper motor).
- (d) Check that there is continuity between terminals 4 and2 (for right side wiper motor).

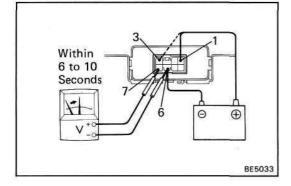
If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.

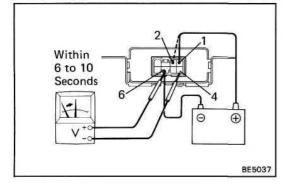
(Operation/Swing type door)

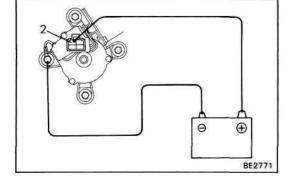
- (for left side wiper motor)
- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 5.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 3 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 5, check that the meter needle indicates to 0 volts.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to termianl 7 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 5, check that the meter needle indicates to battery boltage.

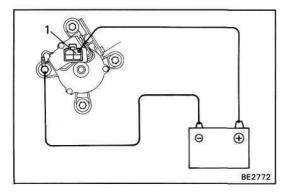
If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.











(for right side wiper motor)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 5.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 5, check that the meter needle indicates to 0 volts.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 4 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 5, check that the meter needle indicates to battery boltage.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

(Intermittent Operation/Swing type door)

(for left side wiper motor)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 6.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 7 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 6.
- (c) After disconnecting the positive (+) lead from terminal 3, connect it to terminal 1, and then, check that the meter needle rises from 0 volts to battery voltage within 6 to 10 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay,

(for right side wiper motor)

- (a) Conncet the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 6.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmetr to terminal 4 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 6.
- (c) After disconnecting the positive (+) lead from terminal 1, connect it to terminal 2, and then, check that the meter needle rises from 0 volts to battery voltage within 6 to 10 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

4. INSPECT FRONT WIPER MOTOR (Operation at Low Speed)

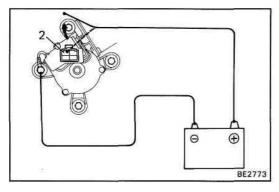
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (-) lead to the motor body, check that the motor operates as low speed.

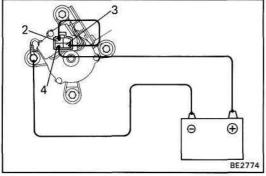
If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

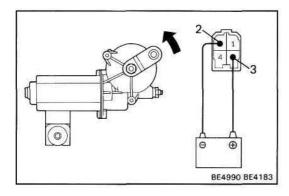
(Operation at High Speed)

Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (-) lead to the motor body, check that the motor operation at high speed.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.







(c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 4 and the negative (--) lead to the motor body, check that the motor stops running at the stop position after the motor operates again.

(a) Operate the motor at low speed and stop the motor operation anywhere except at the stop position by disconnecting positive (+) lead from terminal 2.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

5. INSPECT REAR WIPER MOTOR (Lift-up type door/Operation at Low Speed)

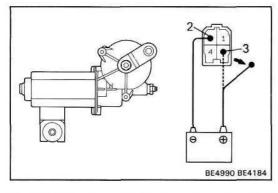
(Operation, Stopping at Stop Position)

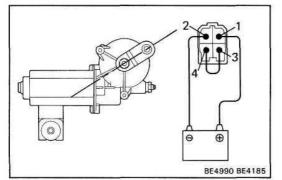
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 3 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor operates at low speed.

If operation is not at specified, replace the motor.

(Lift-up type door/Operation, Stopping at Stop Position)

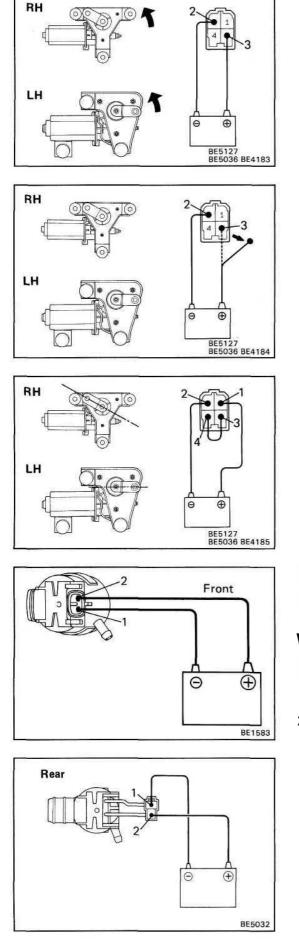
(a) Operate the motor at low speed and stop the motor operation anywhere except at the stop position by disconnecting positive (+) lead from terminal 3.





- (b) Connect terminals 3 and 4.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor stops running at the stop position after the motor operates again.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.



(Swing type door/Operation at Low Speed)

Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 3 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor operates as low speed.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

(Swing type door/Operation, Stopping at Stop Position)

(a) Operate the motor at low speed and stop the motor operation anywhere except at the stop position by disconnecting positive (+) lead from terminal 3.

- (b) Connect terminals 3 and 4.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor stops running at the stop position after the motor operates again.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

Washer System

1. INSPECT WASHER SWITCH (Washer Switch) See Winer and Washer Switch on

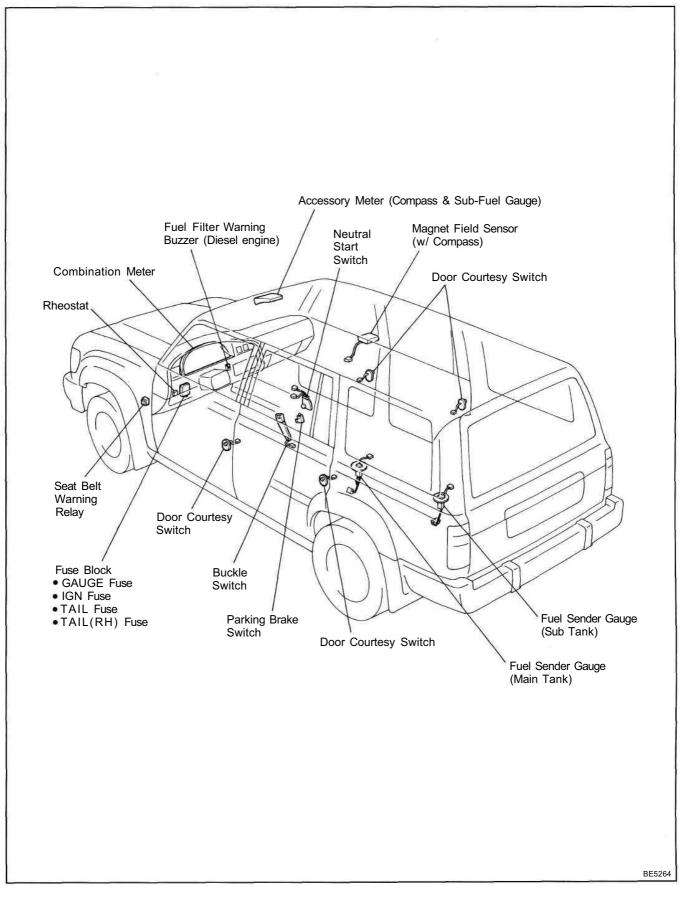
See Wiper and Washer Switch on page BE-41.

2. INSPECT WASHER MOTOR

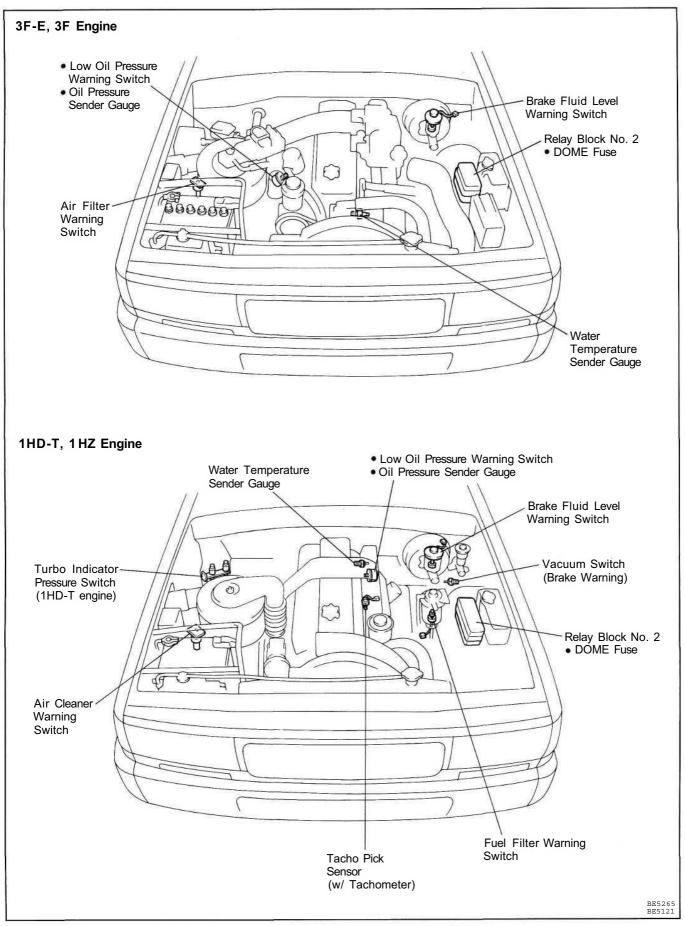
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 1, check that the motor operates.

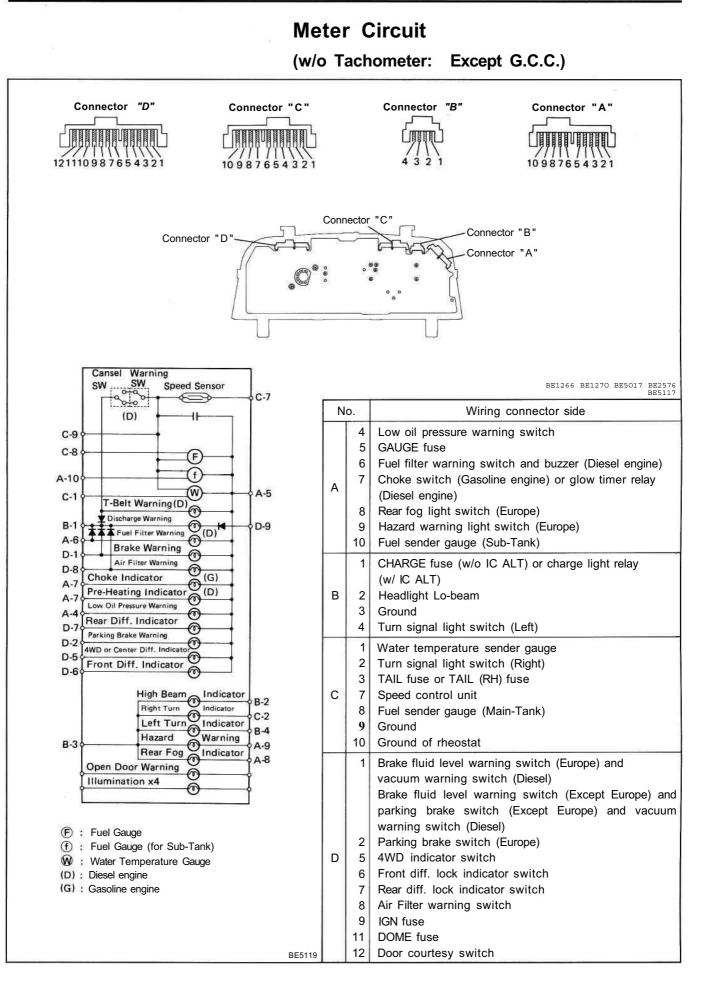
NOTICE: These tests must be performed quickly (within 20 seconds) to prevent the coil from burning out. If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

COMBINATION METER Parts Location

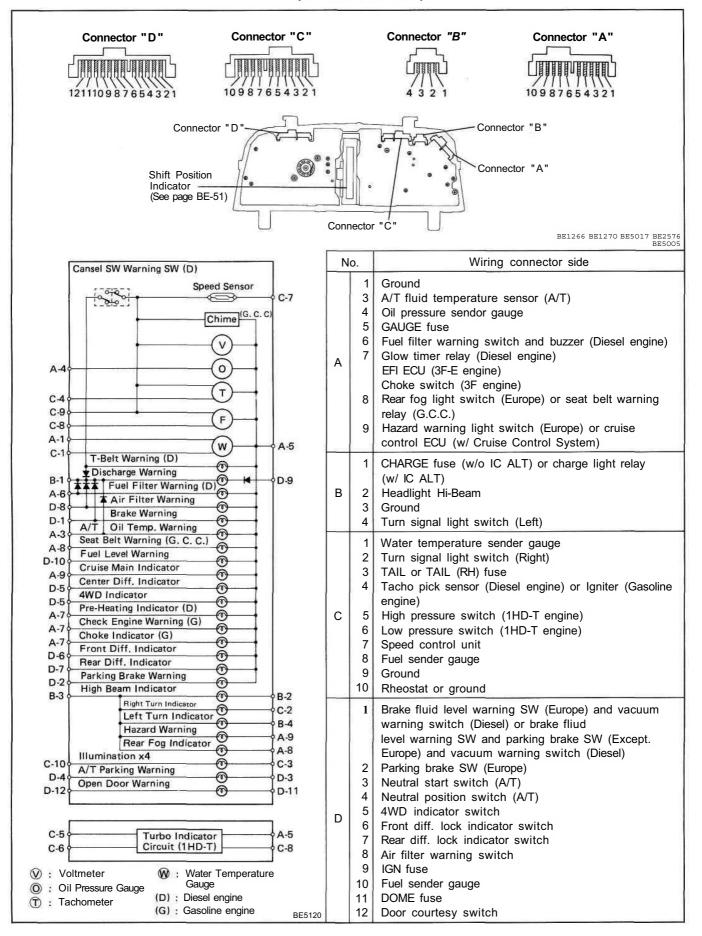


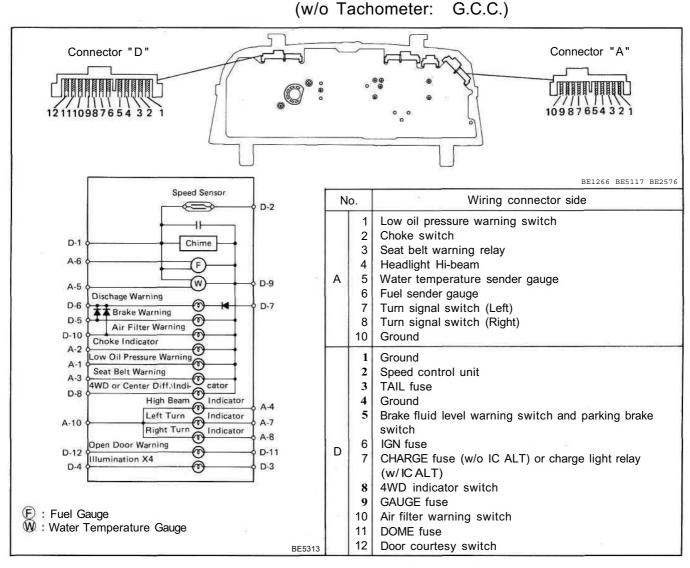




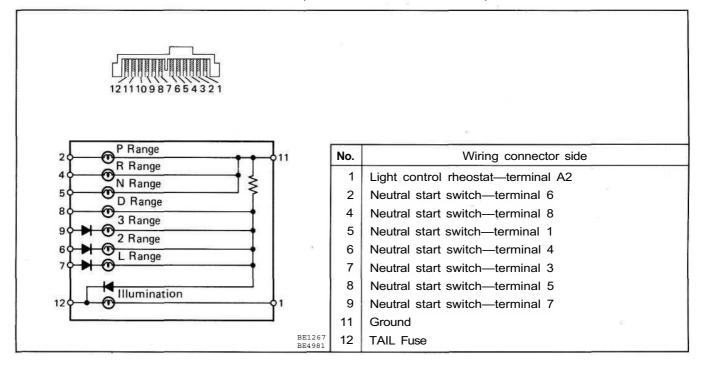


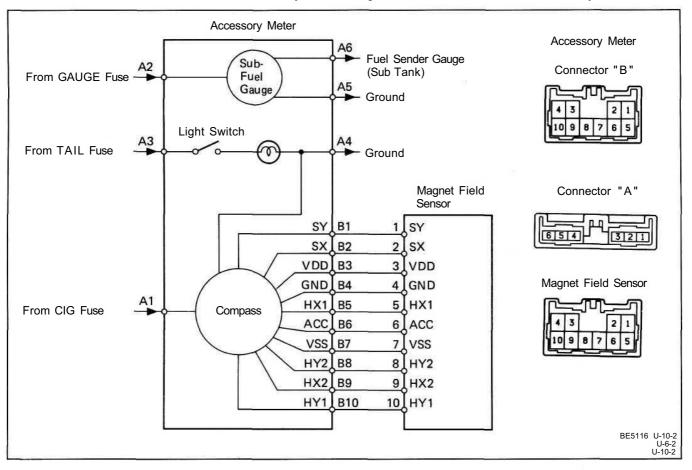
(w/ Tachometer)





(Shift Position Indicator)





(Accessory Meter/Over Head Console)

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Combination meter does not operate	GAUGE fuse blown Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Repair as necessary	BE-4,6
Speedometer does not operate	Speedometer cable faulty Speedometer faulty	Check cable Check speedometer	BE-55
Speed warning chime does not sound	Speed warning chime faulty Speed warning switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check speed warning chime Check speed warning switch Repair as necessary	BE-56 BE-55
Tachometer does not operate	Tachometer faulty Pick-up sensor faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check tachometer Check pick-up sensor Repair as necessary	BE-56 BE-56
Fuel gauge does not operate (Main)	Receiver gauge faulty Sender gauge faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check gauge Check gauge Repair as necessary	BE-57 BE-57
Fuel level warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Warning switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-59
Fuel filter warning light does not light, warning buzzer does not sound	Bulb burned out Warning switch faulty Warning buzzar faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Check buzzar Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-60 BE-60
Water temperature gauge does not operate	Receiver gauge faulty Sender gauge faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check gauge Check gauge Repair as necessary	BE-60 BE-60
Low oil pressure warning light does not light up	Buld burned out Warning switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-61
Park warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Parking brake switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-63

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Breake warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Level Warning switch faulty Vacuum switch faulty Parking brake switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Check switch Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-64 BE-64 BE-63
Seat belt warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Warning switch faulty Warning relay faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Check relay Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-65 BE-66
Open door warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Courtesy switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-64
Timing belt warning light does not light up	Bulb burned out Warning switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-66
Fuel gauge does not operate (Sub)	Receiver gauge faulty Sender gauge faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check gauge Check gauge Repair as necessary	BE-58 BE-59
Voltmeter does not operate	Battery faulty Receiver gauge faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check battery Check gauge Repair as necessary	BE-62
Oil pressure gauge does not operate	Receiver gauge faulty Sender gauge faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check gauge Check gauge Repair as necessary	BE-62 BE-62
Meter illumination control system does not operate	Bulb burned out Rheostat faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check rheostat Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-67
Shift position indicator light does not light up (A/T)	Bulb burned out Switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 AT-28
Airfilter warning light does not light	Bulb burned out Warning switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace or check bulb Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-5 BE-67
Turbo indicator does not operate	Drive circuit faulty Pressure switch faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check drive circuit Check switch Repair as necessary	BE-68 BE-67
Compass does not operate	Accessory meter faulty Magnet field sensor faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check meter Check sensor Repair as necessary	BE-69 BE-70

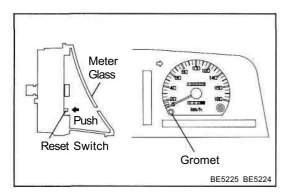
Troubleshooting (Cont'd)

Parts Adjustment

(Diesel Engine)

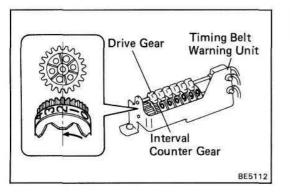
Adjustment of Interval Switch for Timing Belt Warning System

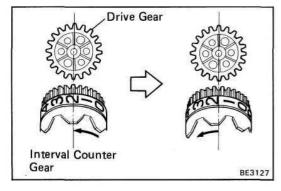
NOTICE: Work carefully so that components are not damaged in any way.



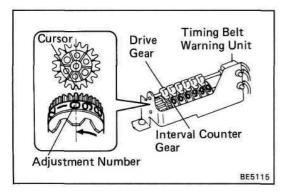
RESET CANCEL SWITCH

- (a) Remove the gromet from the meter glass.
- (b) Push the reset switch.





Old odometer reading value	and the second	nt number for ounter gear
(b)	km display	MPH display
10000	1	7
20000	0	6
30000	9	5
40000	8	4
50000	7	3
60000	6	2
70000	5	1
80000	4	0
90000	3	A
100000	2	В
110000	1	9
120000	0	8
130000	9	7
140000	8	6
150000	7	5
٠	•	•
	٠	•
•	•	•



IF REPLACING TIMING BELT BEFORE WARNING LIGHT LIGHT

- UP
- (a) Remove the timing belt warning unit from the speedometer.
- (b) When installing the timing belt warning unit to the speedometer, rotate the interval counter gear in the direction of the arrow so that the tooth at number "2" on the interval counter gear engages with the drive gear on the speedometer side.

HINT: If the tooth at number "2" on the interval counter gear does not engage with the drive gear, move the tooth at number "2" slightly in the direction of the arrow until the tooth engage.

(c) Install the timing belt warning unit to the speedometer.

HINT: If turn on the timing belt warning light, reset the cancel switch.

IF REPLACING SPEEDOMETER

- (a) Remove the timing belt warning unit from the speedometer.
- (b) Read the value in tens of thousands from the old odometer (taken to the next highest figure when the thousands column shows on thousand or more).
- (c) Find the value from (b) in the table on the left, then find the corresponding number from adjustment of the interval counter gear.

Example: When the old odometer shows.

- (c) = "0" for the interval counter gear number.
- (d) When installing the timing belt warning unit to the speedometer, rotate the interval counter gear in the direction of the arrow so that the number (c) on the interval counter gear alighs with the cursor on the drive gear on the speedometer side.

HINT: Check that the tooth beside to number on the counter gear engages the gap on the cursor port on the drive gear.

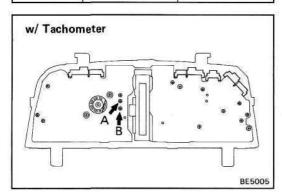
(e) Install the timing belt warning unit to the speedometer.

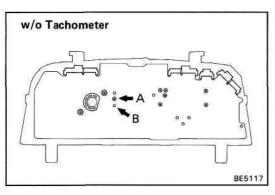
(mph)

Standard indication	Allowable range	
20	21 - 23.5	
40	41.5 - 44	
60	62.5 - 66	
80	83 — 87	
100	104 - 108.5	

(km/h)

Standard		A	llowab	le rang	je	
indication	Au	stra	alia	Ex. A	۹us	tralia
20	17.5	-	21.5	21		25
40	38	<u> </u>	42	41.5		46
60	58	-	63	62.5	-	67
80	78	-	84	83	-	88
100	99	-	104.5	104	-	109
120	119.5	-	125.5	125	-	130.5
140	139.5	-	146.5	145.5	-	151.5
160	159.5	<u> </u>	167.5	166	_	173





Parts Inspection

Speedometer System

1. INSPECT SPEEDOMETER (ON-VEHICLE)

(a) Using a speedometer tester, inspect the speedometer for allowable indication error and check the operation of the odometer.

HINT: Tire wear and tire over or under inflation will increase the indication error.

(b) Check the speedometer for pointer vibration and abnormal noise.

HINT: Pointer vibration can be caused by a loose speedometer cable.

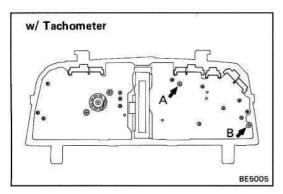
2. INSPECT SPEED SENSOR

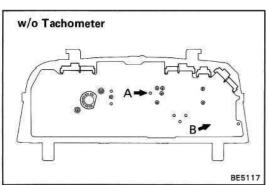
Check that there is continuity between terminals A and B four times per each revolution of the speedometer shaft. If operation is not as specified, replace the speedometer.

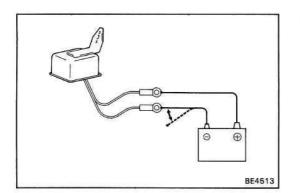
3. INSPECT SPEED WARNING CHIME SWITCH

(a) Press down on the tabs and remove the combination meter glass from the combination meter case.

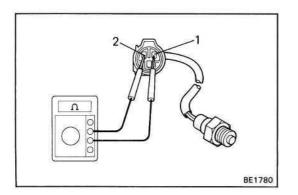
NOTICE: Be careful not to dirty or damage the speedometer panel.







DC 13.5 V 2	20°C (68°F) rpm
Standard indication	Allowable range
700	610 - 750
1,000	900 - 1,100
2,000	1,875 — 2,125
3,000	2,850 - 3,150
4,000	3,850 - 4,150
5,000	4,850 - 5,150



- (b) Move the speedometer needle to the 124 km/h or 77 mph mark and fix it there.
- (c) Keep on turning the speedometer shaft, check that the continuity between terminals A and B repeatedly fluctuates.

If operation is not as specified, replace the speedometer.

4. INSPECT SPEED WARNING CHIME

Apply battery voltage intermittently between terminals of the chime, check that the chime sounds.

HINT: The sound will be distorted if the chime is tilted. If operation is not as specified, replace the chime.

Tachometer System

1. INSPECT TACHOMETER (ON-VEHICLE)

(a) Connect a tune-up test tachometer, and start the engine.

NOTICE:

- Reversing the connection of the tachometer will damage the transistors and diodes inside.
- When removing or installing the tachometer, be careful not to drop or subject it to heavy shocks.

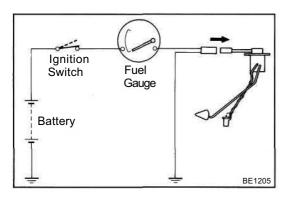
(b) Compare the tester and tachometer indications.

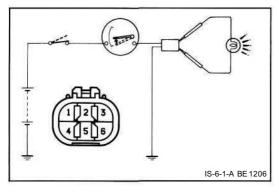
If error is excessive, replace the tachometer.

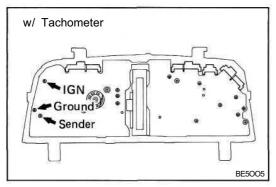
2. (Diesel Engine) INSPECT PICK-UP SENSOR

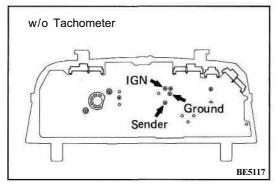
Measure the resistance between terminals **1** and **2**. **Resistance:** approx. **730** Q

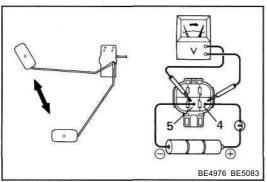
If resistance value is not as specified, replace the sensor.











Fuel Gauge System (Main)

1. INSPECT RECEIVER GAUGE (Operation)

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the receiver gauge needle indicates EMPTY.
- (c) Connect terminals 4 and 5 on the wire harness side connector through a 3.4 watts test bulb.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the bulb lights up and the receiver gauge needle moves towards the full side.

HINT: Because of the silicon oil in the gauge, it will take a short time for needle to stabilize.

If operation is not as specified, inspect the receiver gauge resistance.

(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals,

(w/ Tachometer)

Between terminals	Resistance (_Ω)
IGN - Sender	85.5 - 105.5
IGN — Ground	126 - 150
Sender — Ground	*90 - 110

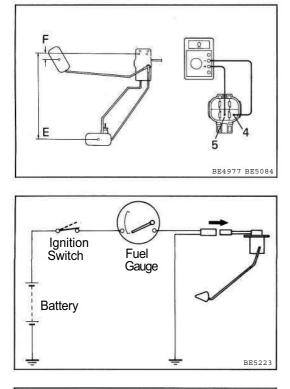
(w/o Tachometer)

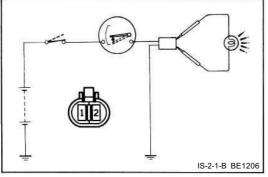
Between terminals	Resistance (fi)
IGN — Sender	49 - 61
IGN - Ground	99 - 121
Sender — Ground	148 - 182

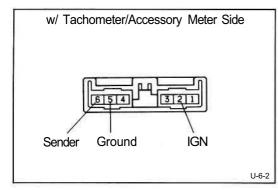
If resistance value is not as specified, replace the receiver gauge.

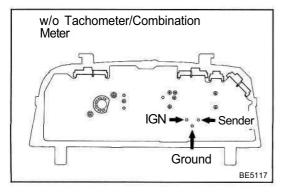
2. INSPECT SENDER GAUGE (Operation)

- (a) Connect a series of three 1.5 volts dry cell batteries.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the dry cell batteries to terminal 4 through a 3.4 watts test bulb and the negative (---) lead to terminal 5.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 5 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 4.
- (d) Check that the voltage rises as the float is moved from the full to empty position.









(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals 4 and 5.

Float position mm (in.)	Resistance (fi)
F approx. 15 (0.59)	approx. 3
E approx. 200 (7.87)	approx. 110

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the sender gauge.

Fuel Gauge System (Sub)

1. INSPECT RECEIVER GAUGE (Operation)

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the receiver gauge needle indicates EMPTY.
- (c) Connect terminals 1 and 2 on the wire harness side connector through a 3.4 watts test bulb.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the bulb lights up and the receiver gauge needle moves towards the full side.

HINT: Because of the silicon oil in the gauge, it will take a short time for needle to stabilize.

If operation is not as specified, inspect the receiver gauge resistance.

(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals,

(w/ Tachometer)

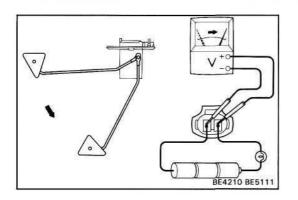
Between terminals	Resistance (fl)
IGN - Sender	approx. 86
IGN — Ground	approx. 241
Sender — Ground	approx. 155

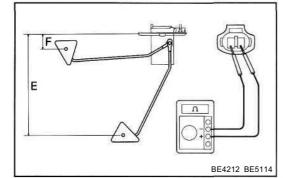
(w/o Tachometer)

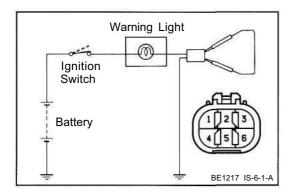
Between terminals	Resistance (0)
IGN - Sender	approx. 123
IGN - Ground	approx. 260
Sender — Ground	approx. 137

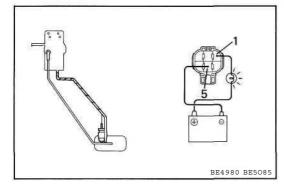
If resistance value is not as specified, replace the receiver gauge.

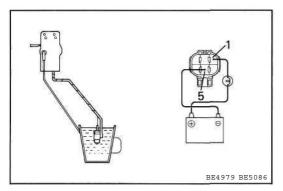
2.











INSPECT SENDER GAUGE (Operation)

- (a) Connect a series of three 1.5 volts dry cell batteries.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the dry cell batteries to terminal 1 through a 3.4 watts test bulb and the negative (---) lead to terminal 2.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 1 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 2.
- (d) Check that the voltage rises as the float is moved from the full to empty position.

(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 2.

Float position mm (in.)	Resistance (fl)
F approx. 53 (2.09)	approx. 3
E approx. 156 (6.14)	approx. 110

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the sender gauge.

Fuel Level Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

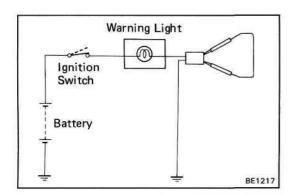
- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Connect terminals 1 and 5 on the wire harness side connector.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

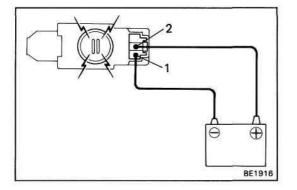
If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.

2. INSPECT WARNING SWITCH

- (a) Apply battery voltage between terminals 1 and 5 through a 3.4 watts test bulb, check that the bulb lights up.
- HINT: It will take a short time for the bulb to light up.
- (b) Submerge the switch in fuel, check that the bulb goes out.

If operation is not as specified, replace the sender gauge.





ON

BE0260

Fuel Filter Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the warning switch and connect terminals on the wire harness side connector.
- (b) Remove the CHARGE fuse and turn the ignition switch ON.
- (c) Check that the warning light lights up and the warning buzzer sounds.

2. INSPECT WARNING BUZZER

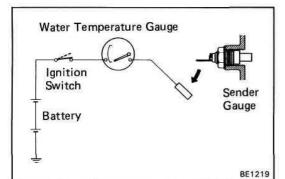
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 1, check that the buzzer sounds.

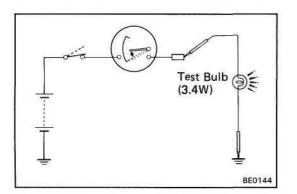
If buzzer does not sound, replace the buzzer.

3. INSPECT WARNING SWITCH

- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals with the warning switch OFF (float down).
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminals with the warning switch ON (float up).

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.





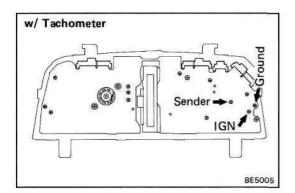
Water Temperature Gauge System

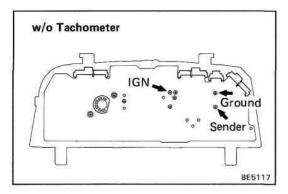
INSPECT RECEIVER GAUGE (Operation)

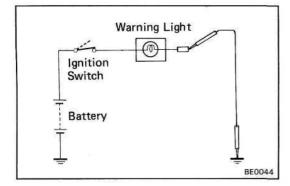
- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the receiver gauge needle indicates COOL.
- (c) Ground terminal on the wire harness side connector through a 3.4 watts test bulb.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the bulb lights up and the receiver gauge needle moves to the hot side.

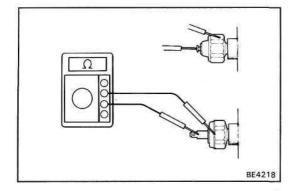
If operation is as specified, replace the sender gauge. Then, recheck system.

If operation is not as specified, measure the receiver gauge resistance.









(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals,

(w/ Tachometer)

Between terminals	Resistance (Ω)
IGN — Sender	71 — 79
IGN — Ground	117 — 141
Ground – Sender	185 — 215

(w/o Tachometer)

Between terminals	Resistance (Ω)
IGN – Sender	22 - 28
IGN — Ground	121 — 149
Ground – Sender	22 - 28

HINT: Connect the test leads so that the current from the ohmmeter can flow according to the above order. This circuit include the diode.

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the receiver gauge.

Low Oil Pressure Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the warning switch and ground terminal on the wire harness side connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

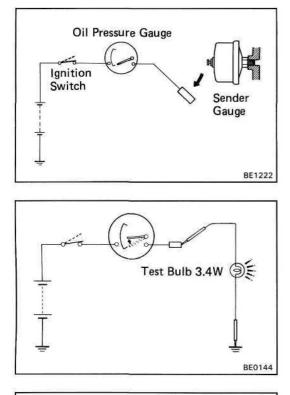
If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.

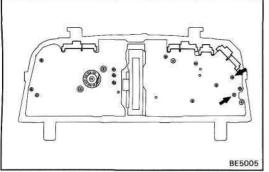
2. INSPECT WARNING SWITCH

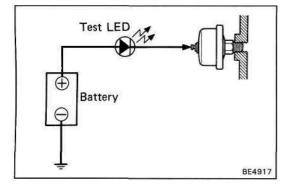
- (a) Disconnect the connector from the switch.
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminal and ground with the engine stopped.
- (c) Check that there is no continuity between terminal and ground with the engine running.

HINT: Oil pressure should be over 0.5 kg/cm² (7.1 psi 49 kPa)

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.







Oil Pressure Gauge System

1. INSPECT RECEIVER GAUGE (Operation)

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the receiver gauge needle indicates to the low.
- (c) Ground the terminal on the wire harness side through a 3.4 W test bulb.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the bulb lights and the receiver gauge needle, moves to the high side.

If operation is not as specified, measure the receiver gauge resistance.

(Resistance)

Measure the receiver gauge resistance between terminals. **Resistance:** 22 - 28 0

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the receiver gauge.

2. INSPECT SENDER GAUGE

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the sender gauge.
- (b) Apply battery voltage to the sender gauge terminal through a test LED.
- (c) Check that the bulb does not light when the engine is stopped.
- (d) Check that the LED flashes when the engine is running. The number of flashed should vary with engine speed.

If operation is not as specified, replace the sender gauge.

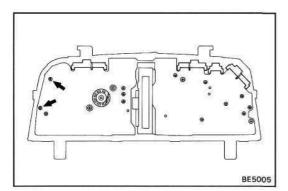
Voltmeter System

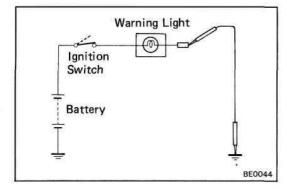
INSPECT VOLTMETER

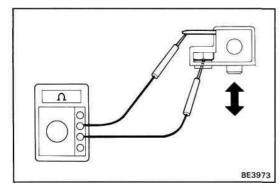
(ON-VEHICLE)

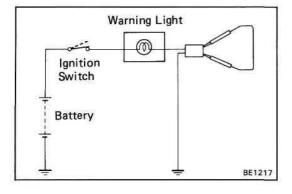
Compare the tester and voltmeter indications.

If error is excessive, replace the voltmeter.









(Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals.

Resistance: 90 - 110 Q

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the voltmeter.

HINT: This resistance include fuel receiver gauge resistance.

Park Brake Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the parking brake switch and ground terminal on the wire harness side connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.

2. INSPECT SWITCHES

- (a) Check that there is continuity between terminal and the switch set nut with switch pin released, (parking brake lever pulled up)
- (b) Check that there is no continuity between terminal and the switch set nut with switch pin pushed in. (parking brake lever released)

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

Brake Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

 (a) (w/o Park Brake Warning System) Disconnect the connectors from the level warning switch, parking brake switch and (Diesel Engine) vacuum warning switch.

(w/Park Brake Warning System)

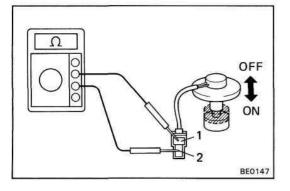
Disconnect the connectors from the level warning switch and (Diesel Engine) vacuum warning switch.

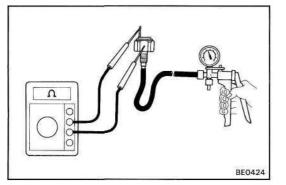
- (b) Connect terminals on the wire harness side connector of the level warning switch connector.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.

2. INSPECT SWITCHES

(Parking Brake Switch: w/o Park Brake Warning System) See step 2 on page BE-63.





(Brake Fluid Level Warning Switch)

- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals with the switch OFF (float up).
- Check that there is continuity between terminals with (b) the switch ON (float down).

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Vacuum Warning Switch: Diesel Engine)

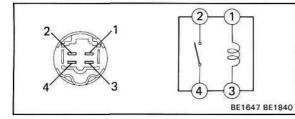
- (a) Check that there is continuity between terminal and the switch body with a no vacuum.
- (b) Apply 200 ± 40 mmHg (7.87 ± 1.57 in.Hg, 26.7 ± 5.3 kPa) of pressure.
- (c) Check that there is no continuity between terminal and the switch body.

2

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3

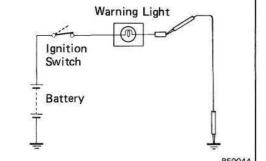
If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

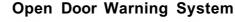


INSPECT RELAY 3. (Bulb Check Relay: Australia/Continuity)

Constant	0-	0000-	-0	
Apply battery voltage				0

If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.





Terminal

Condition

to terminals 1 and 3.

1. **INSPECT WARNING LIGHT**

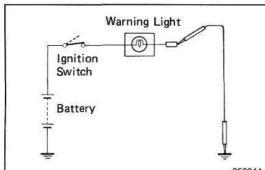
- Disconnect the connector from the door courtesy (a) switch and ground terminal on the wire harness side connector.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

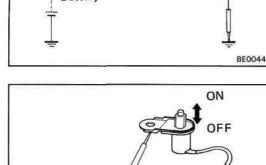
If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.

2. **INSPECT COURTESY SWITCH**

- Check that there is continuity between terminal and (a) the switch body with the ON (switch pin released: opened door).
- Check that there is no continuity between terminal (b) and the switch body with the OFF (switch pin pushed in: closed door).

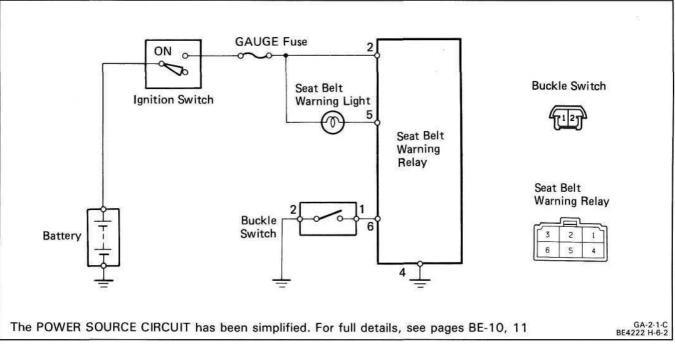
If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

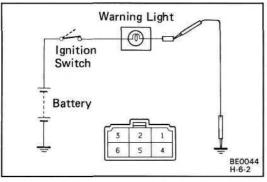




BE1428



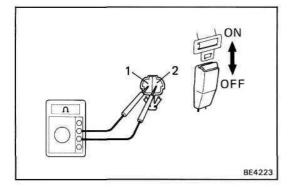






- (a) Disconnect the connector from the seat belt warning relay.
- (b) Ground terminal 5 on the wire harness side connector.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

If the warning light does not light, test the bulb.



2. INSPECT SWITCHES (Buckle Switch)

- (a) Check that there is no continuity between terminals with the switch ON (belt unfastened).
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminals with the switch OFF (belt fastened).

If operation is not as specified, replace the seat belt inner.

3.

H-6-1



Wire Harness Side

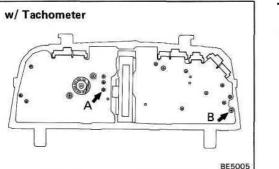
INSPECT SEAT BELT RELAY (Relay Circuit)

Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection	Condition		Specified value	
Continuity	4 — Ground	Constant		Continuity	
		Buckle switch	ON (Belt fastened)	No continuity	
6 — Ground	position	OFF (Belt unfastened)	Continuity		
Voltage 2 – Ground 5 – Ground	Ignition switch position	LOCK or ACC	No voltage		
		ON	Battery voltage		
	Ignition switch	LOCK or ACC	No voltage		
	position	ON	Battery voltage		

If circuit is as specified, replace the relay.

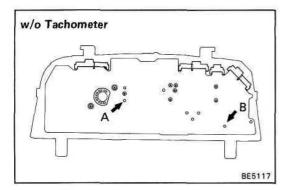
If circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-65 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts.

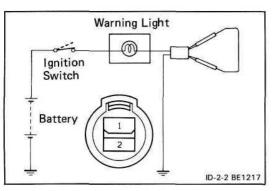


Timing Belt Warning System

1. INSPECT WARNING LIGHT

- (a) Remove the combination meter with connectors connected.
- (b) Connect terminals A and B.
- (c) Remove CHARGE fuse and turn the ignition switch ON, check that the warning light lights up.

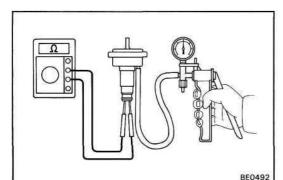


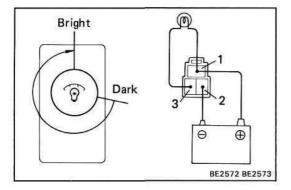


If the warning light does not light up, test the bulb.



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2. INSPECT VACUUM SWITCH

- (a) With a vacuum of 29.4 \pm 3.7 mmHg (1.157 \pm 0.146 in.Hg, 3.9 \pm 0.5 kPa) or above, check that there is continuity between terminals.
- (b) Check that there is no continuity between terminals with no vacuum.

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

Meter Illumination Control System

INSPECT LIGHT CONTROL RHEOSTAT

- (a) Connect terminals 1 and 3 through a 3.4 watts test bulb.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2.
- (c) Gradually turn the rheostat knob to clockwise, check that the test bulb brightness changes from dark to bright.

If operation is not as specified, replace the rheostat.

Turbo Indicator and Warning System

1. INSPECT INDICATOR AND WARNING LIGHT OPERATION (Refer to EM Section of ENGINE Repair Manual)

2. INSPECT PRESSURE SWITCH OPERATION

- (a) At the 3-way union, disconnect the pressure hose from the compressor elbow and connect a turbocharger pressure gauge (SST).
- SST 09992-00241
- (b) Check that the low and high pressure switch are continuity between terminals as shown in the chart.

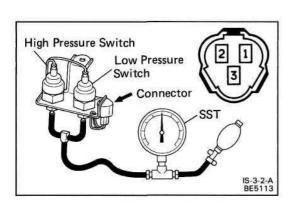
(High Pressure Switch)

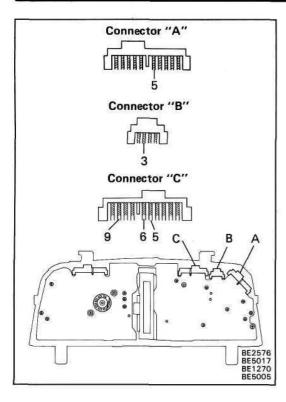
Terminal	1	2	3
Condition			
No pressure	0	0	
Apply 0.84 kg/cm ² (11.9 psi, 82.4 kPa) of pressure			

(Low Pressure Switch)

Terminal Condition	1	2	3
No pressure		o	0
Apply 0.14 kg/cm ² (2.0 psi, 13.7 kPa) of pressure			0

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.



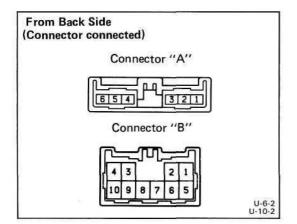


3. INSPECT TURBO INDICATOR AND WARNING LIGHT DRIVE CIRCUIT

- (a) Remove the Combination Meter.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead and negative (--) lead from the battery to combination meter terminals as shown in the chart and check that the LED operation.

	Positive (+)	Negative ()	LED condition	
Condition	Combination meter terminal	Combination meter terminal	Green	Ammber
1	(A5)	(B3, C5, C6, C9)	OFF	OFF
2	(A5)	(B3, C5, C9)	ON	OFF
3	(A5)	(B3, C9)	OFF	ON
4	(A5)	(B3, C6, C9)	OFF	ON
5	(A5)	(B1,B3, C9)	ON	ON

If operation is not as specified, replace the combination meter.



Compass System

1. INSPECT ACCESSORY METER (Circuit)

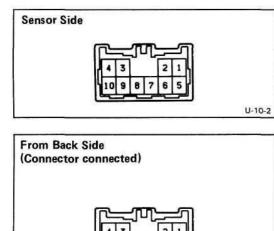
Connect connector "A" and "B" to accessory meter and inspect connectors from the back side as shown in the chart.

NOTICE: Perform the inspection in a place free from magnetic influence.

Terminal Name	Check for	Tester connection	Condition		Specified value
ACC	Voltage	A1 – A4	Ignition switch turned to ACC or ON		10 - 14 V
TAIL		A3 - A4	Light control switch turned to TAIL or HEAD		10 – 14 V
GROUND	Continuity	A4 – Ground	Constant		Continuity
GND		B4 – Ground	Constant		Continuity
ACC	Voltage	B6 — B4	Ignition switch turned to ACC or ON		10 — 14 V
HX1		B5 — B4	Knob "N"	Turned fully counter clockwise	6.2 - 6.8 V
			position	Neutral	3.7 – 4.3 V
				Turned full clockwise	1.2 – 1.8 V
			C	urned to clockwise and knob to neutral position	3.7 – 4.3 V
HY2		B8 — B4	Knob ''N'' position	Turned fully counter clockwise	0.54 - 0.56 V
				Neutral	0.53 - 0.55 V
				Turned fully clockwise	0.49 - 0.50 V
			10-11-11-1-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10	urned to clockwise and knob to neutral position	0.53 — 0.55 V
HX2		B9 — B4	Knob "N"	Turned fully counter clockwise	0.54 - 0.56 V
			position	Neutal	0.53 — 0.55 V
				Turned fully clockwise	0.49 - 0.51 V
			Knob "E" turned to clockwise and knob "N" turned to neutral position		0.53 — 0.55 V
HY1		B10 — B4	Knob ''N'' position	Turned fully counter clockwise	6.2 – 6.8 V
				Neutal	3.7 – 4.3 V
				Turned fully clockwise	1.2 — 1.8 V
				urned to clockwise and knob to neutral position	3.7 – 4.3 V

If the circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-51 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts or wire harness. 2.

U-10-2



INSPECT MAGNET FIELD SENSOR (Resistance)

Measure the resistance between terminals B5 and B9.

Resistance: 81 — 111 Q

If resistance value is not as specified, replace the sender gauge.

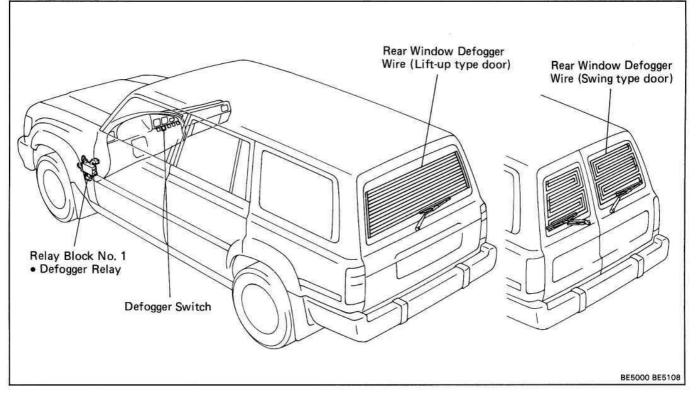
(Circuit)

Connect connector to sensor and inspect connector from the back side as shown in the chart.

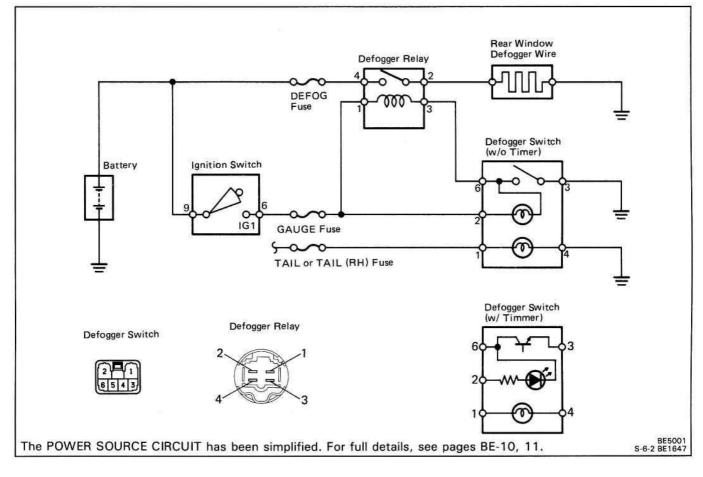
Terminal Name	Check for	Tester connection	Condition		Specified value
SX	Voltage	1 — 4	Face the car north,	Facing North	Approx. 4.2 V
			then turn the car in a circle.	Facing East	Approx. 4.0 V
				Facing South	Approx. 3.8 V
				Facing West	Approx. 4.0 V
SY		2 - 4 Face the car north, then turn the car in a circle. Facing North Facing East Facing South Facing West	then turn the car in	Facing North	Approx. 4.0 V
				Facing East	Approx. 3.8 V
				Facing South	Approx. 4.0 V
			Facing West	Approx. 4.2 V	
VDD		3 - 4	Ignition switch turned to ACC		Approx. 8.0 V
ACC		6 - 4	Ignition switch turned to ACC		10 – 14 V
VSS		7 – 4	Ignition switch turned to ACC		Approx. 4.0 V
GND	Continuity	4 – Ground	Constant		Continuity

If circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-51 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts or wire harness.

DEFOGGER SYSTEM Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams



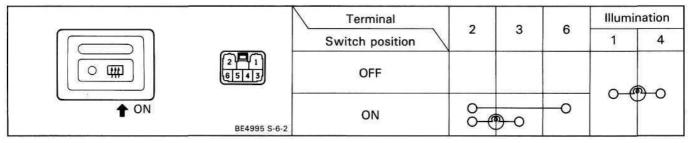
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Rear window defogger	DEFOG fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
system do not operate	GAUGE fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
	Defogger switch faulty	Check switch	BE-72
	Defogger relay faulty	Check relay	BE-73
	Defogger wire broken	Check wires	BE-73
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	

Troubleshooting

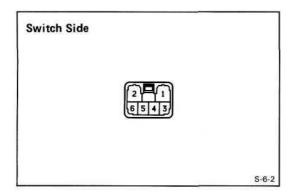
Parts Inspection

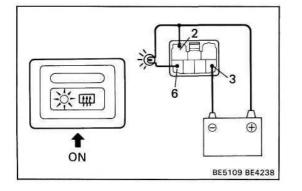
1-1. (w/o Timer) INSPECT DEFOGGER SWITCH

(Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, check the bulb or replace the switch.





1-2. (w/ Timer) INSPECT DEFOGGER SWITCH

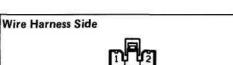
(Illumination Light/Continuity)

Check that there is continuity between terminals 1 and 4. If continuity is not as specified, check the bulb.

(Timer Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminals 2 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 3.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminals 6 through a 3.4 watts test bulb.
- (c) Push the defogger switch ON, check that the indicator light and test bulb lights up for 12 to 18 minutes, then the indicator light and test bulb lights goes out.

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.



S-6-1

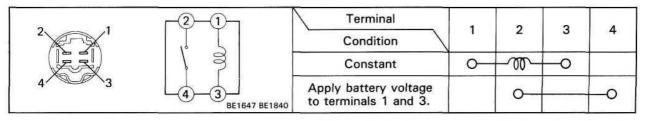
(Timer Circuit)

Disconnect the connector from the switch and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection	Condition		ection Condition		Specified value
Continuity	3 – Ground			Continuity		
Voltage	0 0 mm	Ignition switch	LOCK or ACC	No voltage		
	2 – Ground	position	ON	Battery voltage		
	6 0 d	Ignition switch	LOCK or ACC	No voltage		
	6 – Ground	position	ON	Battery voltage		
Operation		Connect the termina	als 6 and 3	Defogger system operation is normal		

If the circuit is as specified, replace the switch.

2. INSPECT DEFOGGER RELAY (Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.

3. INSPECT DEFOGGER WIRES

NOTICE:

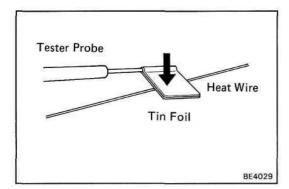
- When cleaning the glass, use a soft, dry cloth, and wipe the glass in the direction of the wire. Take care not to damage the wires.
- Do not use detergents or glass cleaners with abrasive ingredients.
- When measuring voltage, wind a piece of tin foil around the top of the negative (—) probe and press the foil against the wire with your finger as shown.

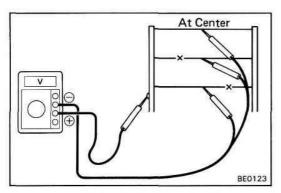
(Wire Breakage)

- (a) Turn the ignition switch ON.
- (b) Push in the defogger switch.
- (c) Inspect the voltage at the center of each heat wire as shown.

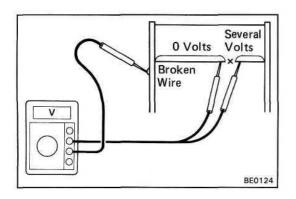
Voltage	Criteria
approx. 5 V	Okey (No break in wire)
approx. 10 V or 0 V	Broken wire

HINT: If there is 10 V, the wire is broken between the center of the wire and positive (+) end. If there is no voltage, the wire is broken between the center of the wire and ground.





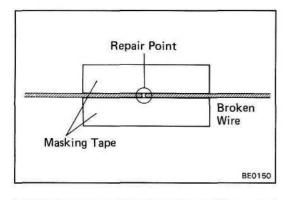
BODY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - Defogger System

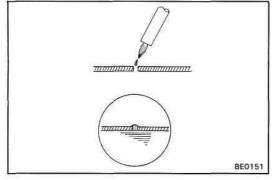


(Wire Breakage Point)

- (a) Place the boltmeter positive (+) lead against the defogger positive (+) terminal.
- (b) Place the boltmeter negative (—) lead with the foil strip against the heat wire at the positive (+) terminal end and slide it toward the negative (—) terminal end.
- (c) The point where the voltmeter deflects from zero to several volts is the place where the heat wire is broken.

HINT: If the heat wire is not broken, the voltmeter indicates 0 volts at the positive (+) end of the heat wire but gradually increases to about 12 volts as the meter probe is moved to the other end.

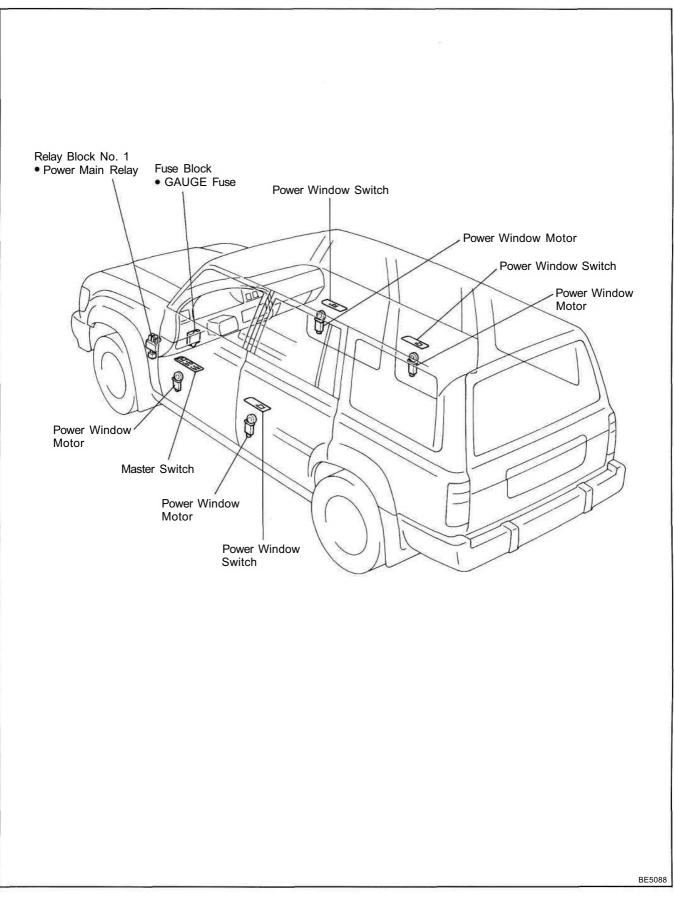


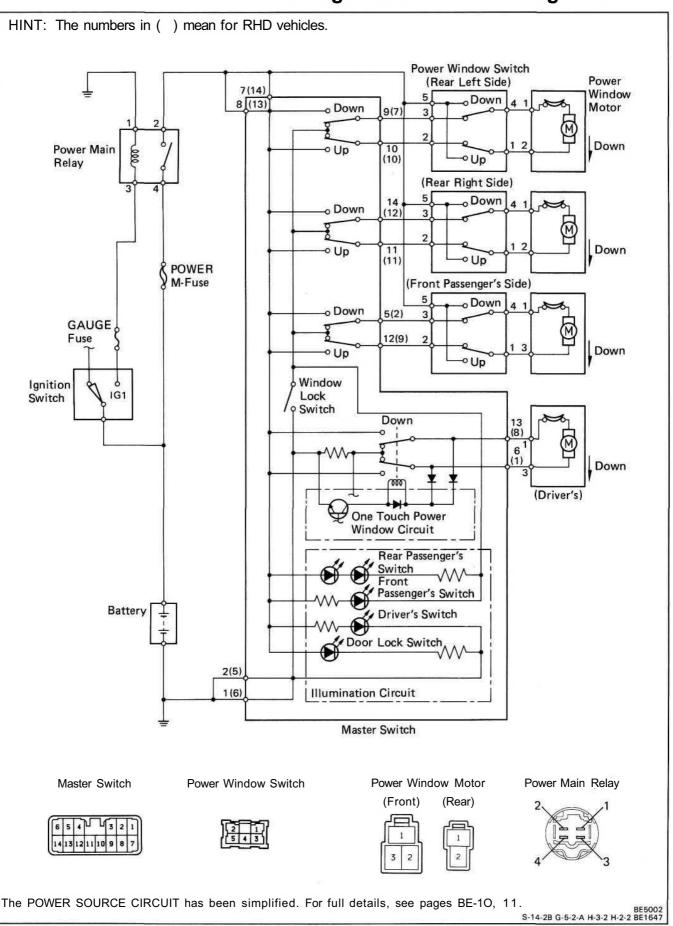


4. REPAIR DEFOGGER WIRES

- (a) Clean the broken wire tips with a grease, wax and silicone remover.
- (b) Place the masking tape along both sides of the wire to be repaired.
- (c) Thoroughly mix the repair agent (Dupont paste No.4817 or equivalent).
- (d) Using a fine tip brush, apply a small amount to the wire.
- (e) After a few minutes, remove the masking tape.
- (f) Allow the repair to stand at least 24 hours.

POWER WINDOW CONTROL SYSTEM Parts Location





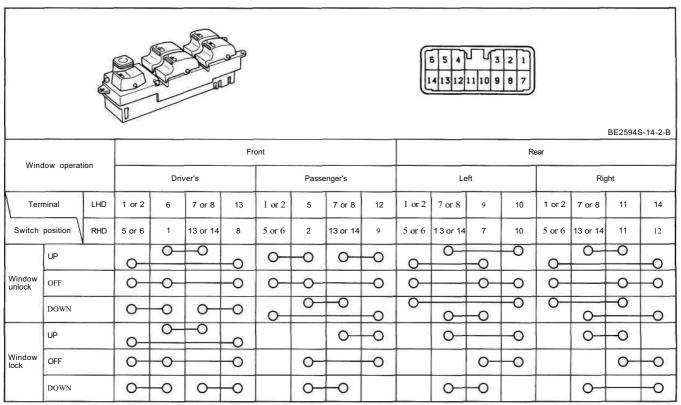
Wiring and Connector Diagrams

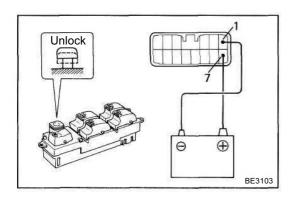
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Power window does not operate at all	GAUGE fuse blown POWER fuse blown Power main relay faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Replace fuse and check for short Check relay Repair as necessary	BE-4,6 BE-4,6 BE-82
One-touch power window does not operate	Power window master switch faulty	Check switch	BE-77
Only one window does not operate	Power window master switch faulty Power window switch faulty Power window motor faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Check switch Check switch Check motor Repair as necessary	BE-77 BE-80 BE-80

Troubleshooting

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SWITCHES (Master Switch/Continuity)

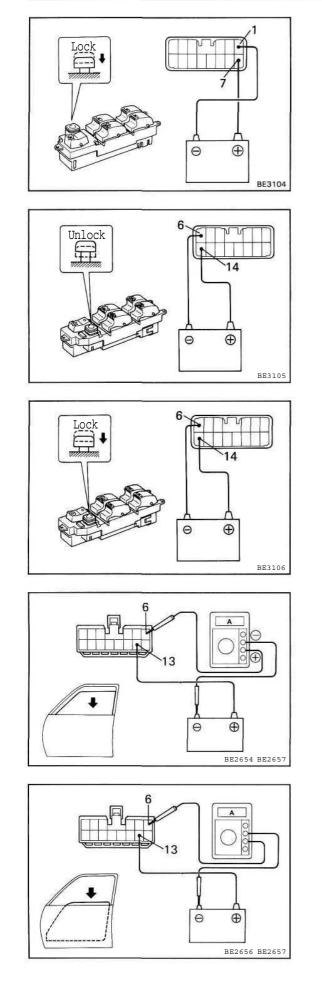




If continuity is not as specified, replace the master switch.

(Master Switch: Illumination/Operation) LHD:

- (a) Set the window lock switch to the unlock position.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 7 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 1, check that all the illuminations light up.



(c) Set the window lock switch to the lock position, check that the passenger's illumination go out.

If operation is not as specified, replace the master switch.

RHD:

- (a) Set the window lock switch to the unlock position.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 14 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 6, check that all the illuminations light up.
- (c) Set the window lock switch to the lock position, check that all the passenger's illuminations go out.

If operation is not as specified, replace the master switch.

Current of Circuit)

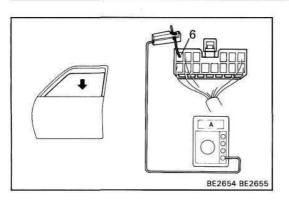
(Master Switch: One Touch Power Window System/

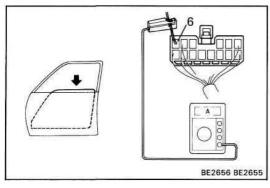
Inspection using an ammeter

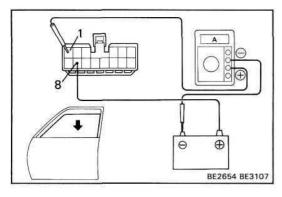
- (a) Disconnect the connetor from the master switch.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the ammeter to terminal 6 on the wire harness side connector and the negative (—) lead to negative (—) terminal of the battery.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 13 on the wire harness side.
- (d) As the window goes down, check that the current flows approximately 7 amperes.
- (e) Check that the current increases approximately 14.5 amperes or more when the window stops going down.

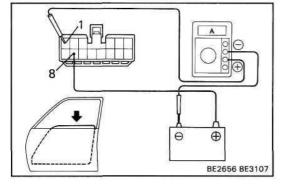
HINT: The circuit breaker opens some 4 - 40 seconds after the window stops going down, so that check must be made before the circuit breaker operates.

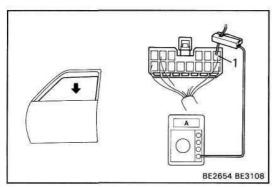
If the operation is as specified, replace the master switch.











Inspection using an ammeter with a current-measuring probe.

- (a) Remove the master switch with connector connected.
- (b) Attach a current-measuring probe to terminal 6 of the wire harness.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON and set the power wind switch in the down position.
- (d) As the window goes down, check that the current flows approximately 7 amperes.
- (e) Check that the current increases approximately 14.5 amperes or more when the window stops going down.

HINT: The circuit breaker opens some 4 - 40 seconds after the window stops going down, so that check must be made before the circuit breaker operates.

If operation is as specified, replace the master switch.

RHD:

Inspection using an ammeter

(a) Disconnect the connetor from the master switch.

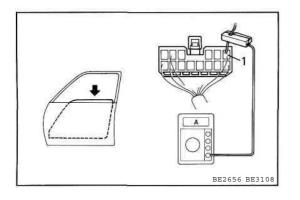
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the ammeter to terminal 1 on the wire harness side connector and the negative (—) lead to negative (—) terminal of the battery.
- (c) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 8 on the wire harness side.
- (d) As the window goes down, check that the current flows approximately 7 amperes.
- (e) Check that the current increases approximately 14.5 amperes or more when the window stops going down.

HINT: The circuit breaker opens some 4 - 40 seconds after the window stops going down, so that check must be made before the circuit breaker operates.

If operation is as specified, replace the master switch.

Inspection using an ammeter with a current-measuring probe.

- (a) Remove the master switch with connector connected.
- (b) Attach a current-measuring probe to terminal 1 of the wire harness.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON and set the power wind switch in the down position.
- (d) As the window goes down, check that the current flows approximately 7 amperes.



(e) Check that the current increases approximately 14.5 amperes or more when the window stops going down.

HINT: The circuit breaker opens some 4 - 40 seconds after the window stops going down, so that check must be made before the circuit breaker operates.

If operation is as specified, replace the master switch.

DOWN		Terminal Switch position	1	2	3	4	5
		(Power Window) UP	Swit <u>ch/</u>	Continu	ity) ○—	0	-0
		OFF	0	-0	0	—o	
W	BE2658 G-5-2-A	DOWN	0	-0		0	-0

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

2. INSPECT POWER WINDOW MOTOR (Left Side Door Motor/Motor Operation)

Front Door:

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 3 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 1, check that the motor turns clockwise.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns counterclockwise.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

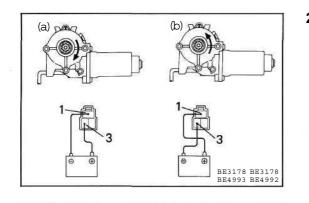
Rear Door:

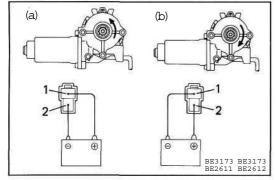
- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor turns counterclockwise.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns clockwise.

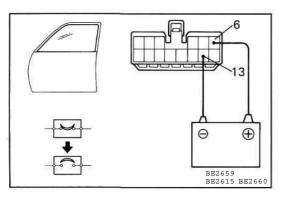
If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

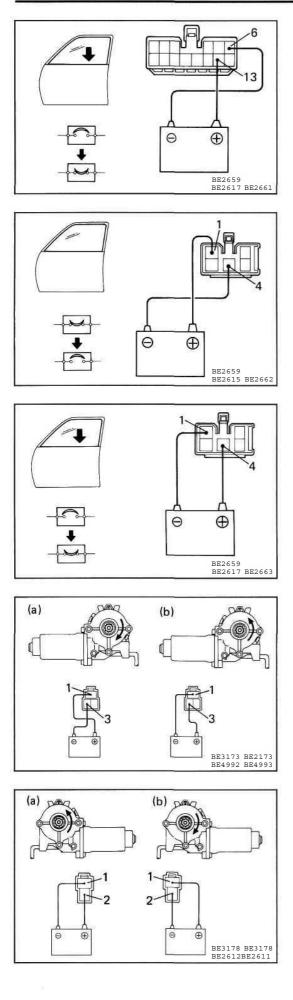
(Left Side Door Motor/Circuit Breaker Operation) Driver's Door:

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the master switch.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 6 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 13 on the wire harness side connector and raise the window to full closed position.
- (c) Continue to apply voltage, check that there is a circuit breaker operation noise within approximately 4 to 40 seconds.









(d) Reverse the polarity, check that the window begins to descend within approximately 60 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

Passenger's Door:

- (a) Disconnect the connector from the power window switch.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 4 on the wire harness side connector, and raise the window to full closed position.
- (c) Continue to apply voltage, check that there is a circuit breaker operation noise within approximately 4 to 40 seconds.
- (d) Reverse the polarity, check that the window begins to descend within approximately 60 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

(Right Side Door Motor/Motor Operation) Front Door:

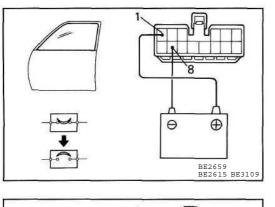
- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 3, check that the motor turns clockwise.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns counterclockwise.

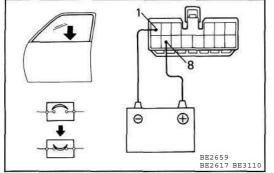
If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

Rear Door:

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 1, check that the motor turns counterclockwise.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns clockwise.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.





(Right Side Door Motor/Circuit Breaker Operation) Driver's Door:

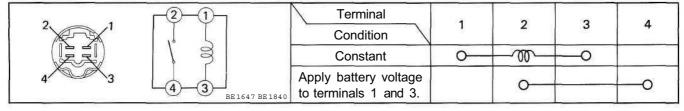
- (a) Disconnect the connector from the master switch.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 8 on the wire harness side connector, and raise the window to full closed position.
- (c) Continue to apply voltage, check that there is a circuit breaker operation noise within approximately 4 to 40 seconds.
- (d) Reverse the polarity, check that the window begins to descend within approximately 60 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

Passenger's Door:

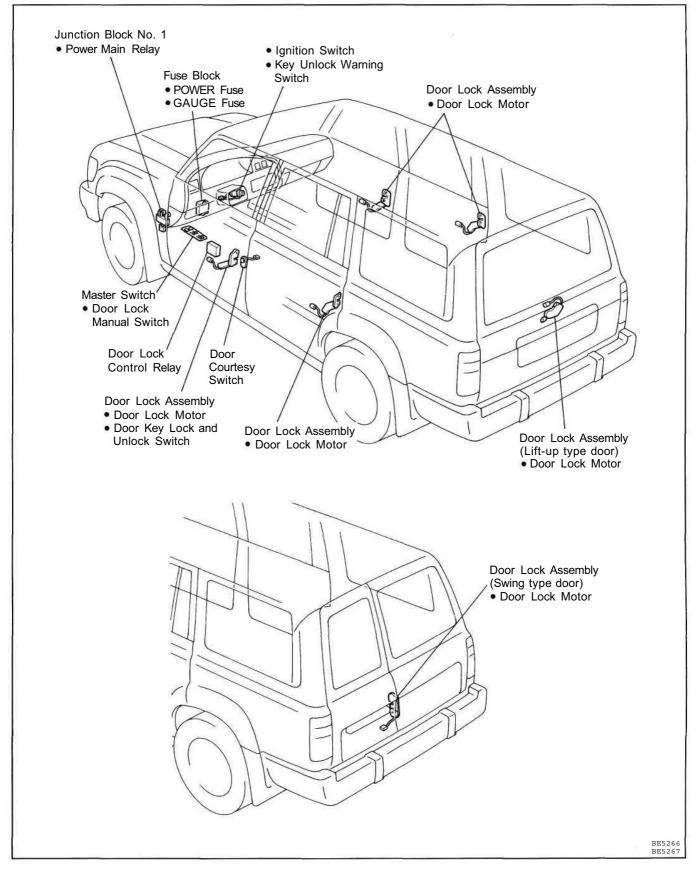
See Left Side Door Motor on page BE-80.

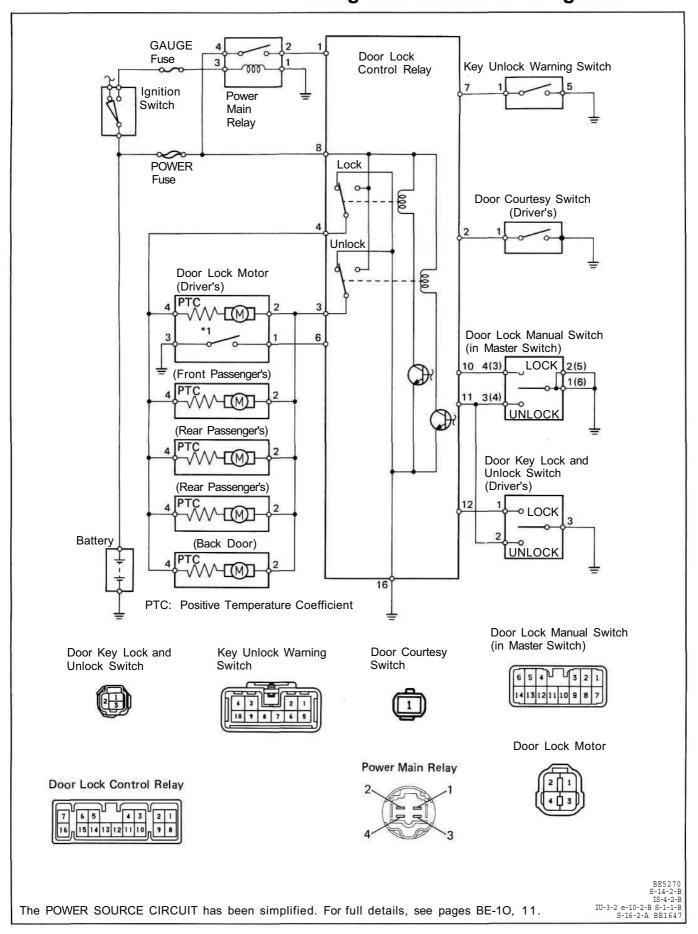
3. INSPECT POWER MAIN RELAY



If continuity is not as specified, replace the relay.

POWER DOOR LOCK CONTROL SYSTEM Parts Location





Wiring and Connector Diagrams

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Power door lock	POWER fuse faulty	Check fuse	BE-4, 6
do not operate	Door lock motor faulty	Check motor	BE-86
	Door lock switch faulty	Check switch	BE-85
	Power main relay faulty	Check relay	BE-87
	Door lock control relay faulty	Check relay	BE-88
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	
Fault in key confine	Door lock control relay faulty	Check relay	BE-88
prevention operation	Key unlock warning switch faulty	Check switch	BE-85
	Door courtesy switch faulty	Check switch	BE-85
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	

Troubleshooting

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SWITCHES (Master Switch: Driver's Door Lock Manual Switch/ Continuity)

Lock Unlock	Terminal	LHD	1	2	3	4
	Switch position	RHD	6	5	4	3
	LOCK		0	-0-		_0
	OFF		0	_0		
BE2594 S-14-2-B	UNLOCK		0-	-0-	-0	

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Door Key Lock and Unlock Switch/Continuity)

OFF OFF		Terminal Switch position	1	2	3
Unlock		LOCK	0		0
	5	OFF			
\square	BE2596 IU-3-2	UNLOCK		0	0

HINT: Door key lock and unlock switch is built into the front door lock assembly.

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Key Unlock Warning Switch/Continuity)

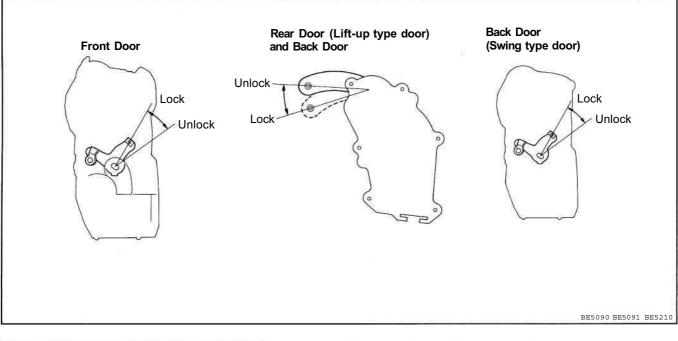
		Terminal	1	r
OFF ↓		Switch position		5
ET?		OFF (Ignition key removed)		
Va	BE2193 e-10-2-B	ON (Ignition key set)	0	0

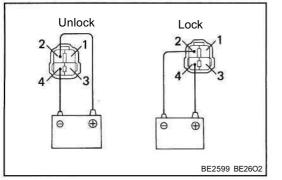
If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

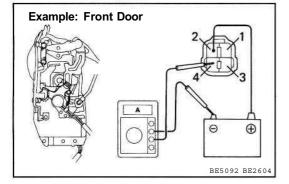
(Door Courtesy Switch/Continuity)

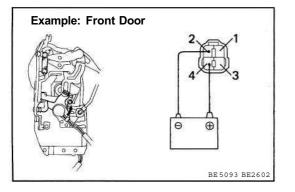
See step 2 of Open Door Warning System on page BE-64.

2. INSPECT DOOR LOCK MOTOR (Motor Operation)









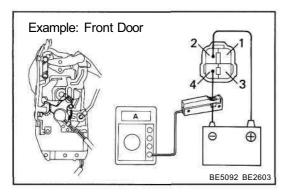
- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 4, check that the door lock link moves to UNLOCK position.
- (b) Remove the polarity, check that the door lock link move to LOCK position.

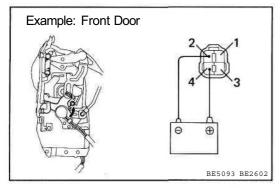
If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assembly.

(PTC Thermistor Operation) Inspection using an ammeter.

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the ammeter to terminal 4 and the negative (-) lead to battery negative (-) terminal, check that the current changes from approximately 3.2 ampere to less than 0.5 ampere with 20 to 70 seconds.
- (c) Disconnect the leads from terminals.
- (d) Approximately 60 seconds later, connect the positive
 (+) lead from the battery to terminal 4 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 2 check that the door lock moves to LOCK position.

If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assembly.





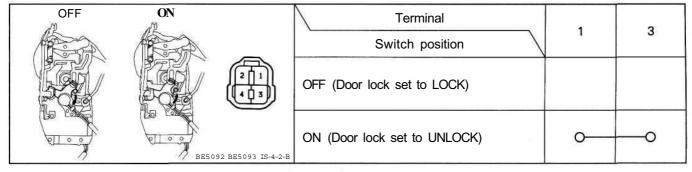
Inspection using an ammeter with a current-measuring probe.

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 4.
- (b) Attach a current-measuring probe to either the positive (+) lead or the negative (--) lead, check that the current changes from approximately 3.2 ampere to less than 0.5 ampere within 20 to 70 seconds.
- (c) Disconnect the leads from terminals.
- (d) Approximately 60 seconds later, reverse the polarity, check that the door lock moves to LOCK position.

If operation is not as specified, replace the door lock assembly.

HINT: Perform inspection of PTC thermistor operation of other door lock motors the same way as for the front door.

(Door Lock Unlock Switch/Continuity)

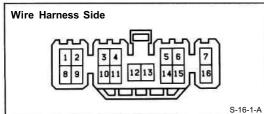


If continuity is not as specified, replace the door lock assembly.

3. INSPECT POWER MAIN RELAY

See inspect power main relay on page BE-82.

4.



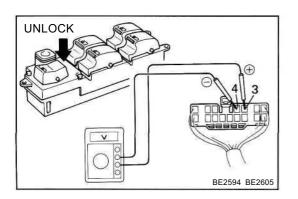
INSPECT DOOR LOCK CONTROL RELAY (Relay Circuit)

Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Tester connection		Condition	Specified value
Continuity 2—Ground		Driver's door courtesy	OFF (Door closed)	No continuity
		switch position	ON (Door opened)	Continuity
6—Ground		Driver's door lock and un-	OFF (Door locked)	No continuity
		lock switch position	ON (Door unlocked)	Continuity
7—Ground		Key unlock warning	OFF (Ignition key removed)	No continuity
10-Ground	switch position	ON (Ignition key set)	Continuity	
	Door lock manual	OFF or UNLOCK	No continuity	
	switch position	LOCK	Continuity	
11—Ground Door lock manual		Door lock manual	OFF or LOCK	No continuity
	switch position	UNLOCK	Continuity	
	12—Ground	Door key lock and unlock switch position	OFF or UNLOCK (Door key free or turned to UNLOCK)	No continuity
			LOCK (Door key turned to LOCK)	Continuity
	11—Ground	Door key lock and unlock switch position	OFF or LOCK (Door key free or turned to LOCK)	No continuity
			UNLOCK (Door key turned to UNLOCK)	Continuity
16-Ground	Constant		Continuity	
Voltage 1-	1 —Ground	Ignition switch position	LOCK	No voltage
			ACC or ON	Battery voltage
	8—Ground	Constant	Battery voltage	

If circuit is as specified, inspect the door lock signal.

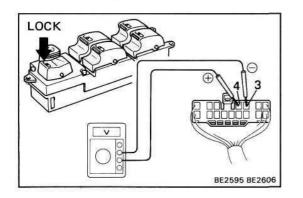
If the circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-84 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts.



(Door Lock Signal)

HINT: When the relay circuit is as specified, inspect the door lock signal.

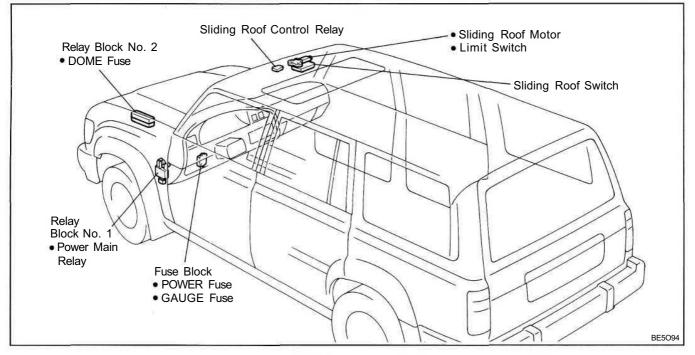
- (a) Connect the connector to the relay.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the voltmeter to terminal 3 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 4.
- (c) Set the door lock manual switch to UNLOCK, check that the voltage rises from 0 volts to battery voltage for approximately 0.2 seconds.



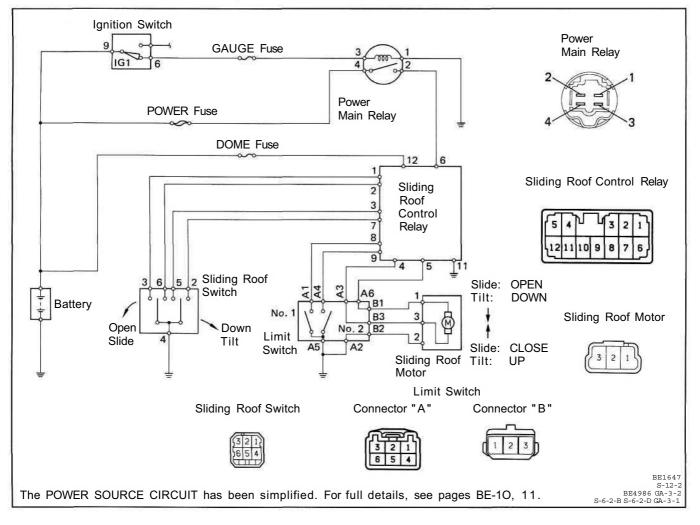
- (d) Reverse the polarity of the voltmeter leads.
- (e) Set the door lock manual switch to LOCK, check that the voltage rises from 0 volts to battery voltage for approximately 0.2 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the relay.

SLIDING ROOF SYSTEM Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams



Limit Switch Operation Limit Switch No. 1 Limit	Switch No. 2	Roof F	Position	Fully Mome Opened Ste		Ful Clo	ly sed Dov	wn Up
$(A) \longrightarrow (A)$	(B)	Fund	ction	Sliding Period		- 	Idling Period	Tilting Period
\otimes	è la		(A) ON					
	/	Limit	OFF		57			
	Cam	Switch	(B) ON			-		
			OFF		1			
$F((\mathcal{D})))))$		Sliding	OPEN	0	0	0	0	×
HIGH		Roof	CLOSE	0	0	0	×	×
	Tilt Up & Slide Close	Control Switch	UP	×	×	×	0	0
Tilt Down & Slide Open	Silue Cluse	Switch	DOWN	×	×	×	×	0
	H0193			O: Operational	×: No	n-operati	ional	

System Description

Standby Operation

- Current flows from the DOME fuse to terminal 12 of the Sliding Roof Relay (hereafter called relay)
- When the ignition switch is on, the current flows from the POWER fuse to terminal 6 of the relay.

Operation

1. OPEN operation

When the switch on the "OPEN" side of the control switch is pushed, continuity is produced between terminal 1 of the relay and body ground. Then, the relay operates, the current flows through terminal 6 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 5 \rightarrow terminal 1 of the sliding roof motor \rightarrow terminal 3 \rightarrow terminal 4 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 11 \rightarrow the body ground, and the motor starts to run in order to open the sliding roof.

2. CLOSE operation

When the switch on the "CLOSE" side of the control switch is pushed, continuity is produced between terminal 2 of the relay and body ground. Then, the relay operates, the current flows through terminal 6 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 4 \rightarrow terminal 3 of the sliding roof motor \rightarrow terminal 1 \rightarrow terminal 5 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 11 \rightarrow the body ground, and the motor starts to run in order to close the sliding roof.

Momentary Stop

When the sliding roof reaches about 100 mm (3.94 in.) short of the fully closed position, limit switch A is turned from ON to OFF, so there is no continuity between terminal 8 of the relay and the body ground. As a result, because the relay ceases to operate, and the sliding roof stops at that position. Release the control switch, then press the "CLOSE" side of the control switch again. Then the sliding roof moves to fully closed position.

3. Tilt up operation (Fully close position)

When the switch on the "UP" side of the control switch is pushed, continuity is produced between terminal 3 of the relay and body ground. Then, the relay operates, the current flows through terminal 6 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 4 \rightarrow terminal 3 of the sliding roof motor \rightarrow terminal 1 \rightarrow terminal 5 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 11 \rightarrow the body ground, and the motor starts to run in order to tilt up sliding roof.

4. Tilt Down operation (Fully close position)

When the switch on the "DOWN" side of the control switch is pushed, continuity is produced between terminal 7 of the relay and body ground. Then the relay operates, the current flows through terminal 6 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 5 \rightarrow terminal 1 of the sliding roof motor \rightarrow terminal 3 \rightarrow terminal 4 of the relay \rightarrow terminal 11 \rightarrow the body ground, and the motor starts to run in order to tilt down the sliding roof.

5. Warning buzzer operation

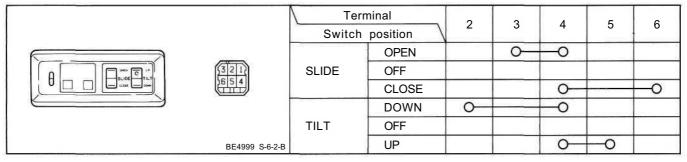
When the ignition switch is turned to LOCK position while the sliding roof is still in "Tilt up" position, a buzzer sounds to warn the driver that the sliding roof is in "Tilt up" position.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Sliding roof does	GAUGE fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
not operate	POWER fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
	Power main relay faulty	Check relay	BE-94
	Control switch faulty	Check switch	BE-92
	Limit switch faulty	Check switch	BE-92
	Sliding roof motor faulty	Check motor	BE-92
	Sliding roof control relay faulty	Check relay	BE-93
	Wiring faulty	Repair as necessary	

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SWITCHES (Control Switch/Continuity)

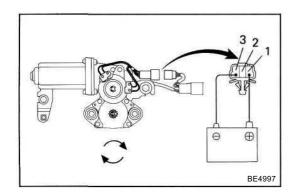


If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Limit Switch/Continuity)

No. 1 ON No. 2		Terminal		1	4	5
		Switch position			-	0
	3 2 1 6 5 4 BE2859 S-6-2-D	Limit switch No.1	OFF (SW pin released)			
			ON (SW pin pushed in)	0-		-0
		Limit	OFF (SW pin released)			
		switch No.2	ON (SW pin pushed in)		<u> </u>	-0

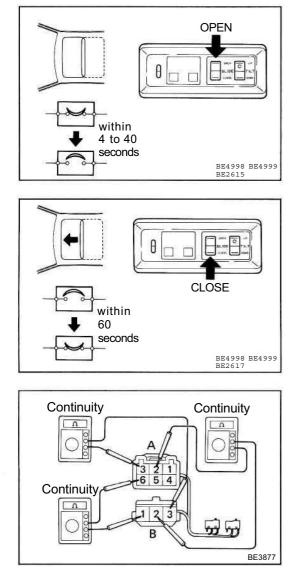
If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

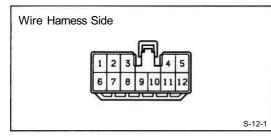


2. INSPECT SLIDING ROOF MOTOR (Motor Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 3, check that the motor turns to clockwise.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns to counter clockwise.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.





(Circuit Breaker Operation)

- (a) With the sliding roof in the fully opened position, hold the control switch in "OPEN" position and check that there is a circuit breaker operation noise within 4 to 40 seconds.
- (b) With the sliding roof in fully opened position, hold the control switch in "CLOSE" position and check that the sliding roof begins to close within 60 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

(Motor Wire Circuit)

- (a) Check that there is continuity between terminals A2 and B2.
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminals A3 and B3.
- (c) Check that there is continuity between terminals A6 and B1.

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

3. INSPECT SLIDING ROOF CONTROL RELAY (Relay Circuit)

Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on the wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	r Tester connection Condition		Condition	Specified value
Continuity	1 — Ground	Sliding roof control	OFF or CLOSE	No continuity
		switch position (SLIDE)	OPEN	Continuity
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		OFF or OPEN	No continuity
		switch position (SLIDE)	CLOSE	Continuity
	3 — Ground	Sliding roof control	OFF or DOWN	No continuity
	switch position (TILT)	UP	Continuity	
	4 - 5	Constant		*Continuity

Check for	Tester connection		Condition	Specified value
Continuity	7 — Ground	Sliding roof control	OFF or UP	No continuity
		switch position (TILT)	DOWN	Continuity
	8 — Ground Limit switch No.1		OFF (Sliding roof tilt up or approx. 100 mm (3.94 in.) opened)	No continuity
			ON (Except for conditions men- tioned above)	Continuity
	9 — Ground Limit switch No.2 (B) position		OFF (Sliding roof tilt-up)	Continuity
			ON (Sliding roof opened)	No continuity
	11 — Ground	Constant		Continuity
Voltage	6 — Ground	Ignition switch	LOCK or ACC	No voltage
		position	ON	Battery voltage
	12 — Ground	Constant		Battery voltage

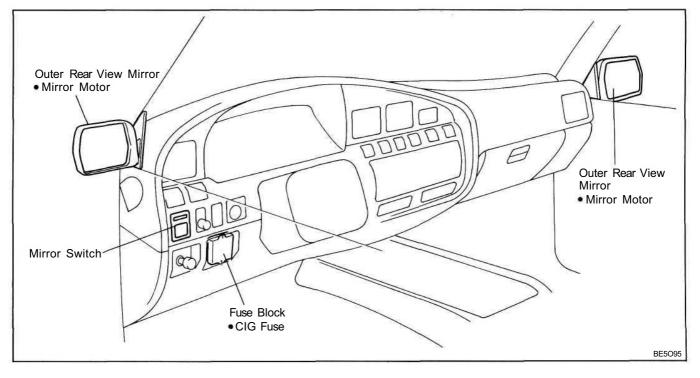
If circuit is as specified, replace the relay.

4. INSPECT POWER MAIN RELAY

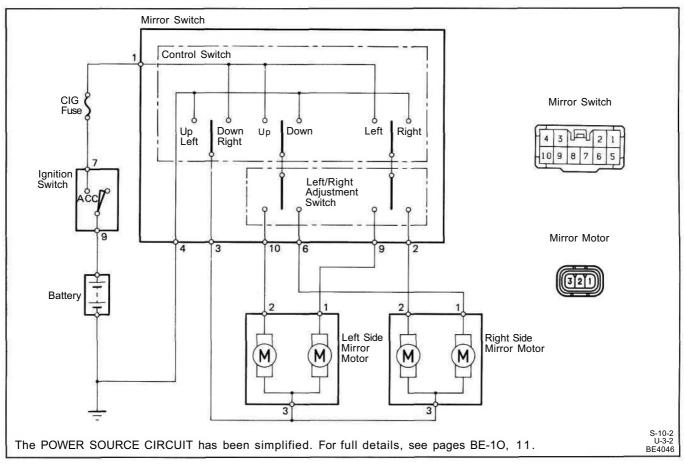
See power main relay on page BE-82.

POWER MIRROR CONTROL SYSTEM

Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams

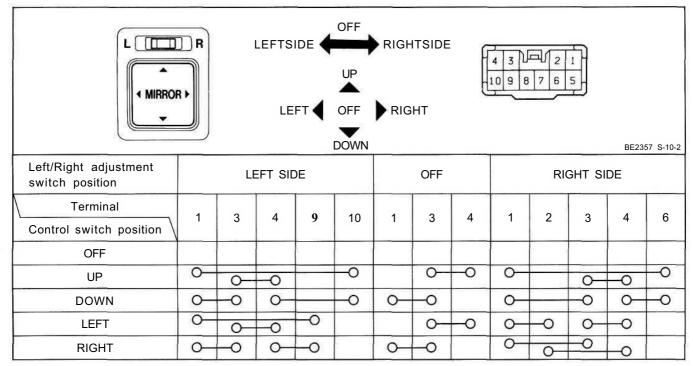


Troubleshooting

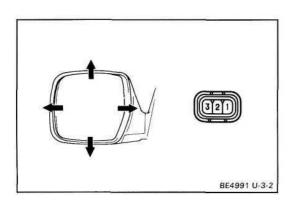
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Remote control	CIG fuse faulty	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
mirror system	Mirror switch faulty	Check switch	BE-96
does not operate	Mirror motor faulty	Check motor	BE-96
	Wiring or ground fault	Repair as necessary	

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT MIRROR SWITCH (Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.



2. INSPECT MIRROR MOTOR

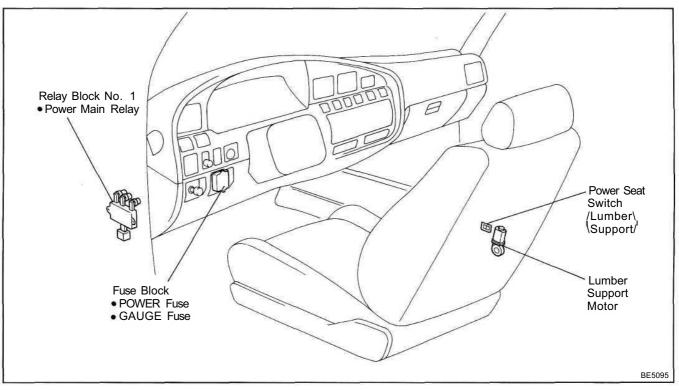
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal in column "A" and the negative (-) lead to terminal in column "B", check that the mirror operates in column "C".

A (+)	B (—)	C (Operation)
2	3	Mirror turns upward
3	2	Mirror turns downward
1	3	Mirror turns to left side
3	1 Mirror turns to right sid	

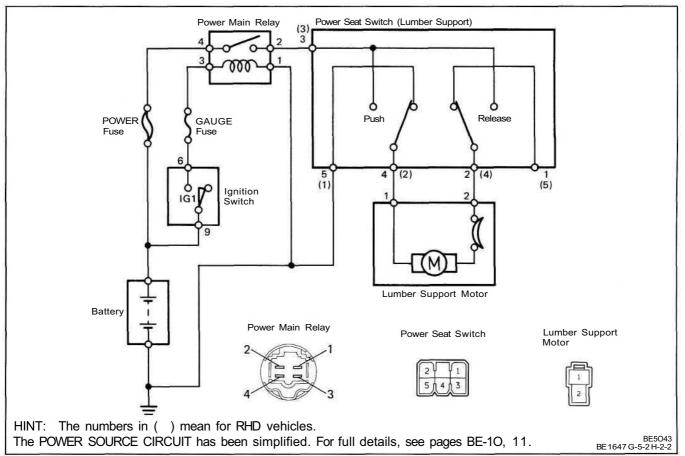
If operation is not as specified, replace the mirror assembly.

POWER SEAT CONTROL SYSTEM

Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams

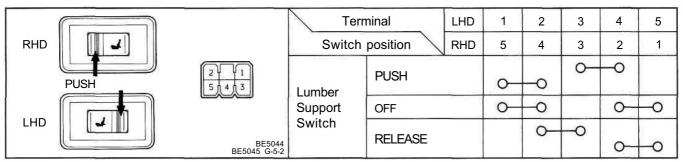


Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Power seat control	"GAUGE" fuse faulty	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
system does not	"POWER" fuse faulty	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
operate	Power main relay faulty	Check relay	BE-98
	Power seat switch faulty	Check switch	BE-98
	Seat motor faulty	Check motor	BE-98
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	

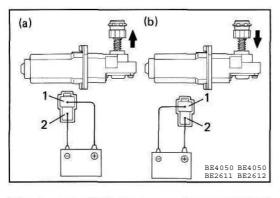
Troubleshooting

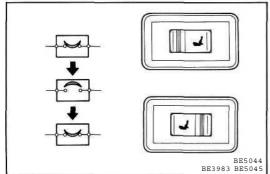
Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT POWER SEAT SWITCH (Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.





2. INSPECT POWER MAIN RELAY

See Power Main Relay on page BE-82.

3. INSPECT MOTORS

(Lumber Support Motor/Motor Operation)

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor moves upward.
- (b) Reverse the polarity, check that the motor moves downward.

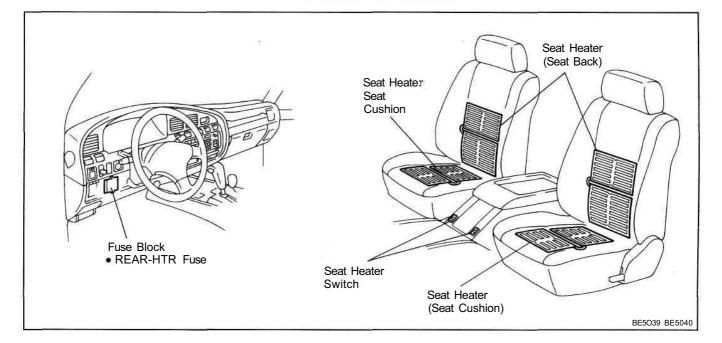
If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

(Lumber Support Motor/Circuit Breaker Operation)

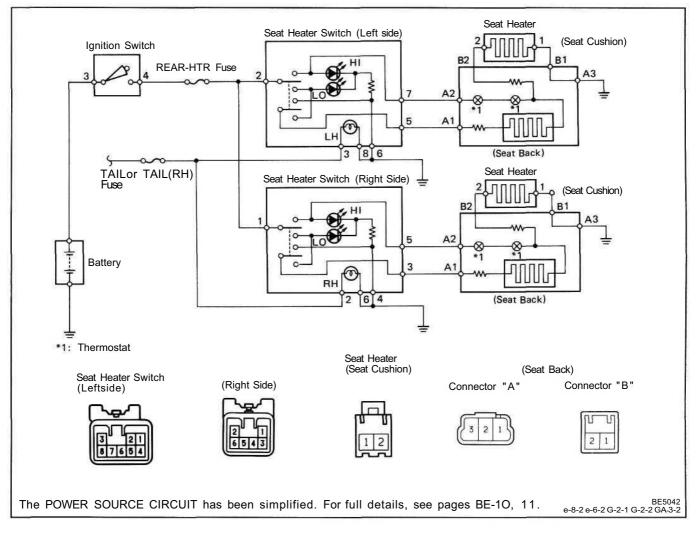
- (a) Set the power seat switch to push operation and move the lumber support to the most forward position.
- (b) Continue push operation and check that there is a circuit breaker operation noise within 4 to 60 seconds.
- (c) Reverse the polarity, check that the lumber support starts to move rearward within approximately 60 seconds.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

SEAT HEATER SYSTEM Parts Location



Wiring and Connector Diagrams



System Description

HINT: The number in () is for the right side.

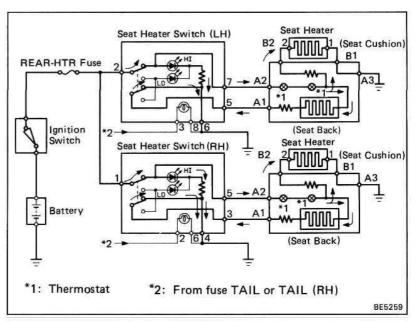
Standby Operation

• When the Ignition Switch is on, current flows from the battery to terminal 2 (1) of the Seat Heater Switch.

Operation

"HI" Operation

When the Seat Heater Switch is set to the "HI" position, current flows through terminal 2 (1) of the Seat Heater Switch terminal 7 (5) of the Seat Heater Switch → terminal A2 (A2) of the seat back side -> the seat back, where it is divided into a parallel circuit. Then current flows through terminal B2 (B2) of the seat back → terminal 2 (2) of the seat cushion \rightarrow terminal 1 (1) of the seat cushion \rightarrow terminal B1 (B1) of the seat back -> terminal A3 (A3) of the seat back -> ground, so that the seat cushion can be warmed. At the same time, current also flows through terminal A1 (A1) of the seat back \rightarrow terminal 5 (3) of the Seat Heater Switch \rightarrow terminal 6 (4) of the Seat Heater Switch → ground, so that the seat back can be warmed.

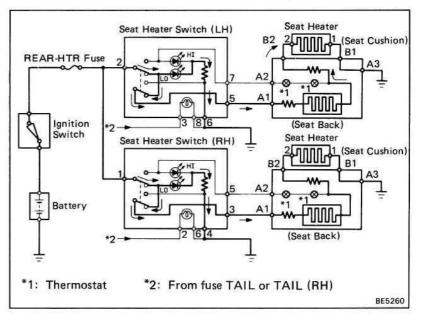


When the seat surface temperature reaches over approx. 40 °C (140 °F), current is

shout off by the thermostat so that the temperature cannot increase any more. When it decreases below approx. 20 °C (68 °F), the contact is made again by the thermostat so that the seat can be warmed.

"LO" Operation

When the Seat Heater Switch is set to the "LO" position, current flows in series through terminal 2 (1) of the Seat Heater Switch \rightarrow terminal 5 (3) of the Seat Heater er Switch \rightarrow terminal A1 (A1) of the seat back \rightarrow terminal B2 (B2) of the seat back \rightarrow terminal 2 (2) of the seat cushion \rightarrow terminal B1 (B1) of the seat back \rightarrow terminal A3 (A3) of the seat back \rightarrow ground, so that the seat cushion and back can be warmed.



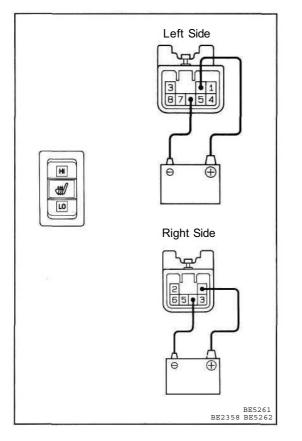
Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Seat heater do not	REAR-HTR fuse blown	Replace fuse and check for short	BE-4, 6
operate	Heat wire faulty	Check heat wire	BE-102
	Thermostat faulty	Check thermostat	BE-102
	Seat heater switch faulty	Check switch	BE-101
	Wiring or ground faulty	Repair as necessary	in the full of the part of the

Troubleshooting

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SEAT HEATER SWITCH (Continuity)

							(). Rig	nt side
	Left Side	Right Side	Terminal	2	7	5	6	Illumi	nation
H	- -0		Switch position	(1)	(5)	(3)	(4)	3(2)	8 (6)
411			HI	0-	-0	0	-0		
D	3 21	2 1 6 5 4 3	OFF] ○-€	9-0
		BE2358 e-8-2- e-6-2	LO	0-		-0			



If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.

(Indicator Light/Operation)

(a) (Left side)
 Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 2 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 6.

(Right side)

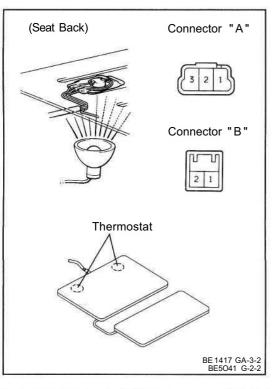
Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 4.

(b) Push the switch to HI or LO, check that the indicator light of the pushed side lights up.

If operation is not as specified, replace the switch.

(): Dight side

BE-102



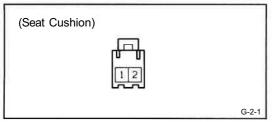
2. INSPECT SEAT HEATER (Seat Back Side/Continuity)

Tester connection	Condition	Specified Value			
A3 - B1	Constant	Continuity			
A1 - B2	Constant	Continuity *1			
A1 - A2	Heat the thermostat to apporx. 45°C (113°F) or more	No continuity			
A2 - B2	Cool the thermostat to approx. 1 5°C (59°F) or less	Continuity			
*1: There is resistance in the circuit.					

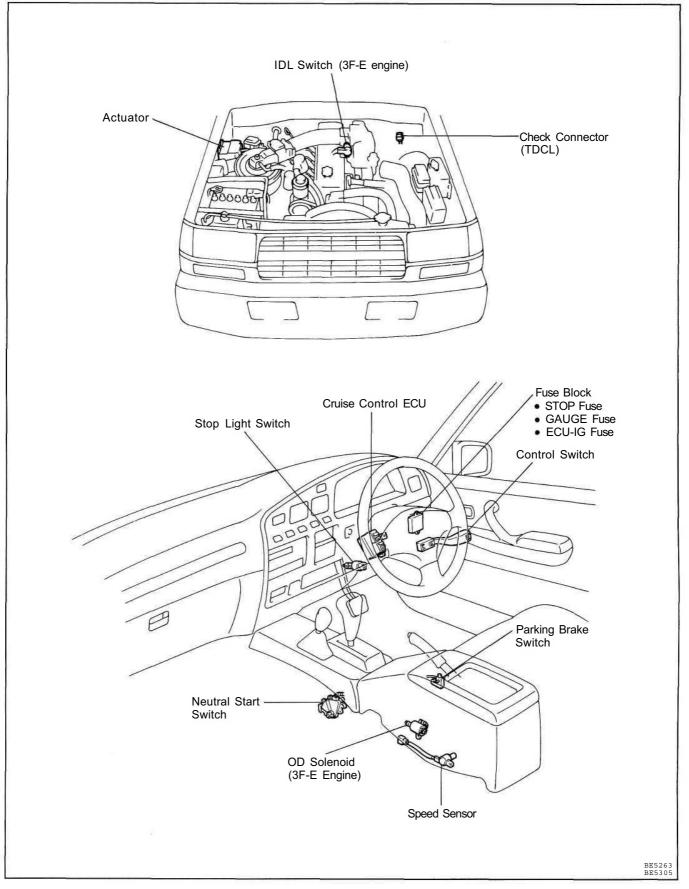
If operation is not as specified, replace the seat heater.

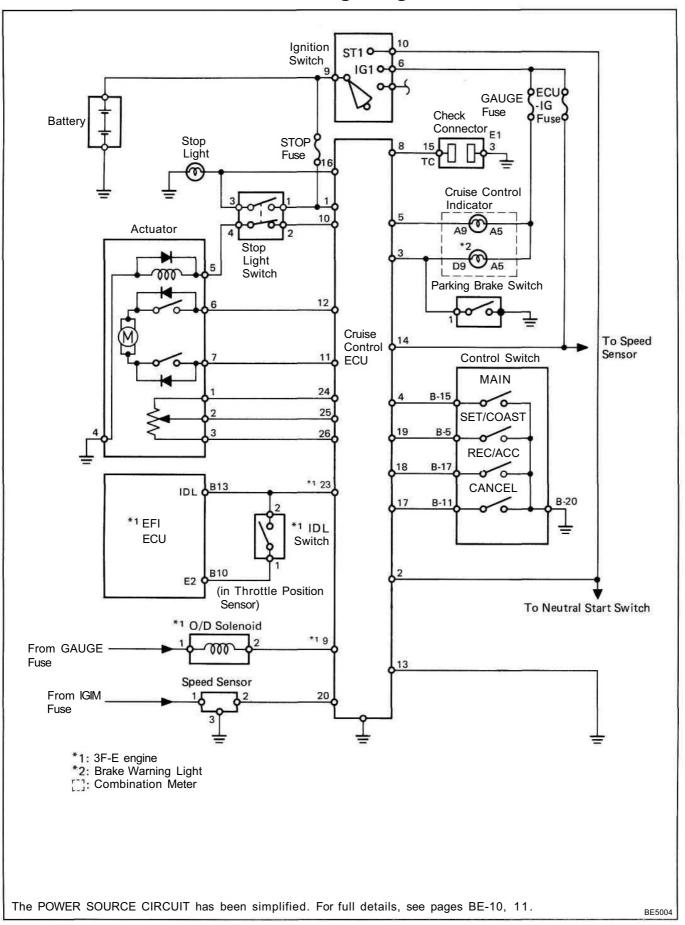
(Seat Cushion Side/Continuity)

Check that there is continuity between terminals. If continuity is not as specified, replace the seat heater.



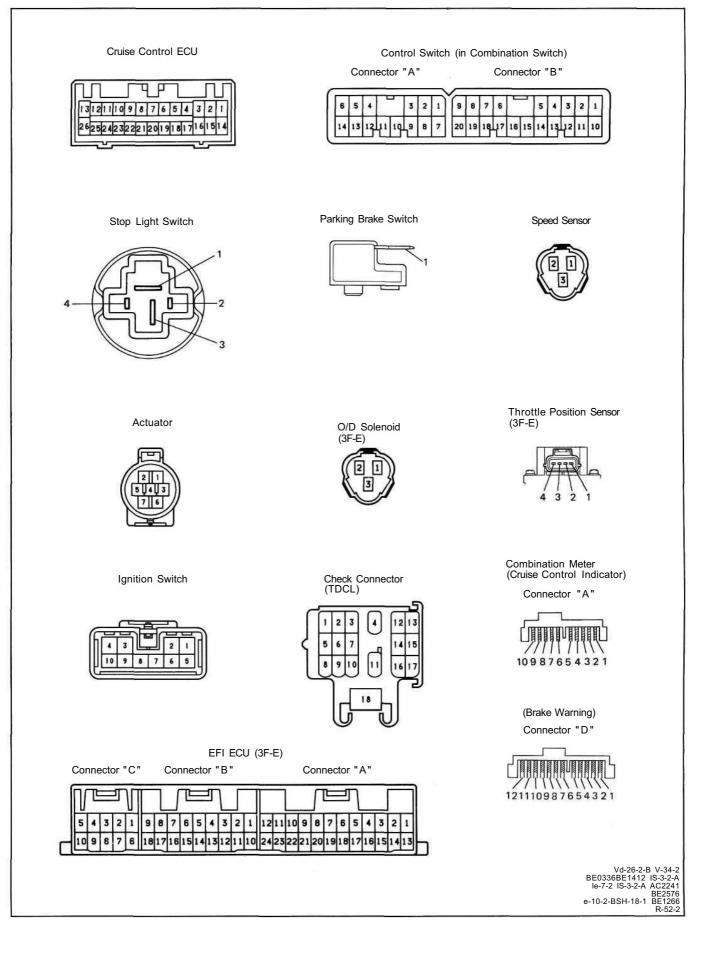
CRUISE CONTROL SYSTEM Parts Location





Wiring Diagram

Connector Diagrams



System Description

- When the ignition switch is turned ON, current flows from the battery to terminal 14 of the cruise control (CO ECU.
- Terminal 13 of the CC ECU is always grounded.

Basic Operation

HINT: For all explanations below, the ignition switch is in the ON position.

1. MAIN SWITCH OPERATION

When the main switch is pushed ON, current flows from terminal 4 of the CC ECU \rightarrow terminal B-15 of the control switch \rightarrow terminal B-20 of the switch \rightarrow ground.

As a result, the CC ECU is on standby and terminal 5 of the CC ECU is grounded. Therefore the CC indicator lights up.

2. CONTROL SWITCH OPERATION

The control switch controls the SET, COAST, RESUME, ACCEL and CANCEL functions. When the control switch is turned to each position, current flows from terminals 19, 18 or 17 of the CC ECU \rightarrow terminals B-5, B-11 or B-15 of the control switch \rightarrow terminal B-20 of the switch \rightarrow ground.

In the way, the CC ECU detects each position the control switch is turned to, and starts operation.

HINT: The SET function is detected by the CC ECU when the control switch released from SET/COAST.

3. SPEED CONTROL OPERATION

When the vehicle speed is set by the control switch, the ECU sends signal from terminal $10 \rightarrow$ terminal 2 of the stop light switch \rightarrow terminal 4 of the switch \rightarrow terminal 5 of the actuator \rightarrow (safety magnetic clutch) \rightarrow terminal 4 of the actuator \rightarrow ground.

At the same time, the CC ECU sends the signal from terminal $24 \rightarrow$ terminal 1 of the actuator \rightarrow (position sensor) \rightarrow terminal 3 of the actuator \rightarrow terminal 26 of the CC ECU. When the occurs, the position sensor sends the position of the actuator arm as a signal (voltage) from terminal 2 of the actuator to terminal 25 of the CC ECU.

When the actual vehicle speed drops below the set speed, the CC ECU sends a signal (voltage) from terminal 12 \rightarrow terminal 6 of actuator \rightarrow (motor) \rightarrow terminal 7 of actuator \rightarrow terminal 11 of CC ECU. This causes the motor to rotate the actuator arm in the throttle opening direction, increasing the vehicle speed. Then, when the arm reaches the prescribed angle, the CC ECU detects this at terminal 25 and stops the signal from 12.

When the actual vehicle speed rises above the set speed, the CC ECU sends a signal from terminal 11, turning the motor in the opposite direction so that the vehicle speed is reduced.

4. MANUAL CANCEL OPERATION

The CC system has the following methods of cancellation:

Speed Control Switch (CANCEL)

When the control switch is turned to CANCEL position.

Parking Brake Switch

When the parking brake lever is pulled, the parking brake switch is turned ON and sends a cancellation signal (ground voltage) to terminal 3 of the CC ECU.

Neutral Start Switch (A/T)

When the shift lever is set to "N" or "P" range, the neutral start switch is turned ON and sends a cancellation signal (ground voltage) to terminal 2 of the CC ECU.

Stop Light Switch

When the brake pedal is depressed, SW B of the stop light switch is turned OFF, the safty magnetic clutch (in actuator) is released, and SW A of the stop light switch is turned ON and sends a cancellation signal (battery voltage) to terminal 16 of the CC ECU.

When the CC ECU detects any of the above signals, it stops output of signals to the actuator, and cancels cruise control.

Diagnosis System

Output of Diagnostic Code

READ DIAGNOSTIC CODE

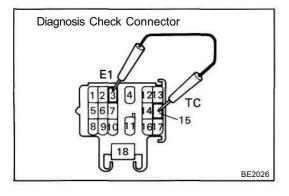
(Type A)

- (a) Turn the ignition switch on.
- (b) Turn the control switch to SET/COAST position, and keep it there.
- (c) Push the main switch ON.
- (d) Check that the indicator light "CRUISE" lights-up in the combination meter.
- (e) Turn the SET/COAST switch off.
- (f) Meet the conditions listed in the table below.
- (g) Read the diagnosis code on the cruise control ingicator light.

No.	Conditions	Indication code	Diagnosis
1	Turn the control switch to SET/COAST position.	ON 0.255 0.255 OFF BE1931	SET/COAST circuit is normal.
2	Turn the control switch to RES/ACC position.		RES/ACC circuit is normal.
3	 Each cancel switch is turned ON. Control switch (to CANCEL) Stop light switch Parking brake switch Neutral start switch (to N or P range) 	ON OFF	Each cancel switch is normal.
4	Drive at approx. 40 km/h (25 mph) or below.	ON	Speed sensor circuit is normal.
	Drive at approx. 40 km/h (25 mph) or over	on off MMMMM , be1937	Speed sensor circuit is normal.

HINT:

- Indication codes appear in order from No.1.
- If there is no indication code, perform troubleshooting and inspection. (See page BE-11O)
- Indication is stopped when the MAIN switch is repushed.

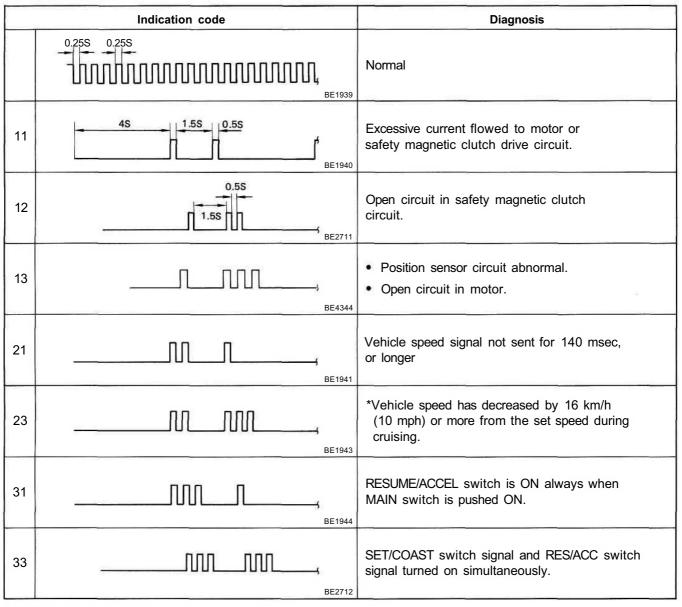


(Type B)

- (a) If while driving with the cruise control on, the system is canceled by a malfunction in either the actuator, speed sensor or speed control switch circuit, the cruise control indicator light "CRUISE" will blink 5 times.
- (b) While stopped, connect terminals 3 and 15 of the check connector.

HINT: If the ignition switch is turned off, the diagnostic code will be erased from the computer memory.

(c) Read the diagnostic code on the indicator light "CRUISE".



CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE

	Indication code	Diagnosis
41	BE4345	ECU malfunction.
	If the set speed can be maintained when the spee there is no malfunction.	ed control switch is again set at SET/COAST,

HINT:

- Indication codes appear in order from No.11.
- If there is no indication code, perform troubleshooting and inspection. (See page BE-11O)

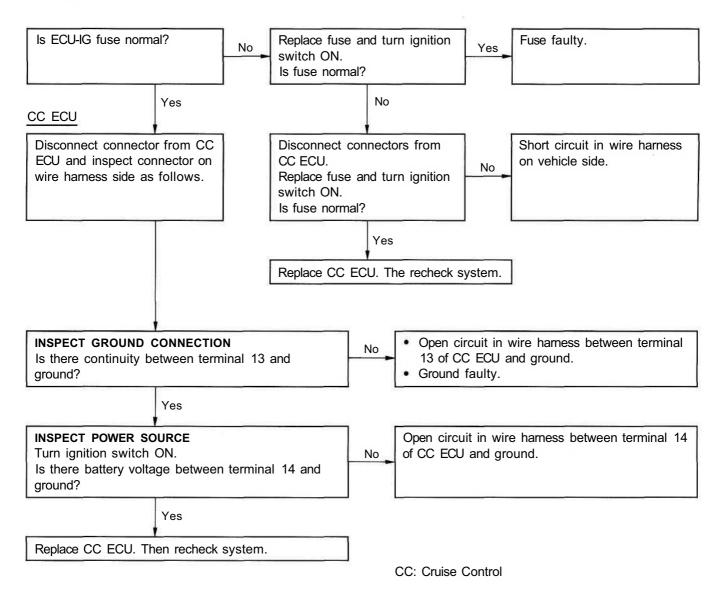
Troubleshooting

You will find the source of the trouble more easily by properly using the table shown below. In this table, the numbers indicate the order of priority of the causes of trouble. Check each part in the order shown.

Chart No.					D	С	С	F	Н	G	E	1	J		
Inspection Item									<					¥	
Diagnosis Code	Туре В	Туг	be A	CC ECU	Actuator	Main Switch (in Control Switch)	Control Switch	Stop Light Switch	Neutral Start Switch	Parking Brake Switch	Speed Sensor, or Speedometer Cable	OD Solenoid Circuit (3F-E engine)	Throttle Position Sensor (3F-E engine)	Speed Control Cable and Control Link	Other Parts
	11			2	1										
	12			3	1			2							
	21			2							1				
 "CRUISE" indicator light blinks 5 times. 	23				3						2			1	
Cruise control system	31			2			1								
does not set.Cruise control system	33			2			1								
does not operate.	41			1											
	Normal	4	ОК	8	7	1	2	3	4	5				6	9*
	Normai	-	NG	2	1						1	1			
Set speed deviates on high o side.	or low			4	3						1			2	
Large speed increase or spee when the speed control swith to SET.	ed drop ch turned			3	2								1		
Vehicle speed fluctuates who control switch turned to SET				4	3						1			2	
Set speed does not cancel wh pedal depressed.	nen brake	3	OK NG	3 2	1		_	2							
Set speed does not cancel w	/hen		OK	2	1								-		
parking brake lever pulled.	men	3	NG	2				1		1					
Set speed does not cancel w shifted to "N" range.	vhen	3	ОК	2	1										
			NG	2	4				1		3			2	
Vehicle speed does not decre speed control switch turned to		1	OK NG	4	1		1				3			2	
				2	1						3	4	<u></u>	2	
Vehicle speed does not acceler speed control switch turned to		2	OK NG	2	1		1				3	4)	2	
Vehicle speed does not retur			OK	4	1						3			2	
memorized speed when contr	ol switch	2	NG	2			1				5			2	
turned on RESUME.	on cheed		OK	2	1			1000	s				174 <u>-</u>		
Set speed does not cancel wh control switch turned to CAN		3	NG	2			1								
Speed can be set below about			OK	2	1										
(25 mph).		4	NG	2							1				
Cruise control will not diseng	lage even	4	ОК	2	1										
at about 40 km/h (25 mph).		-	NG	2							1				
Acceleration response is slugg speed control switch turned "ACCEL" or "RESUME".				6	3		1	and the second second				4	5	2	
*: Inspect the wire harness.					14	•								•	

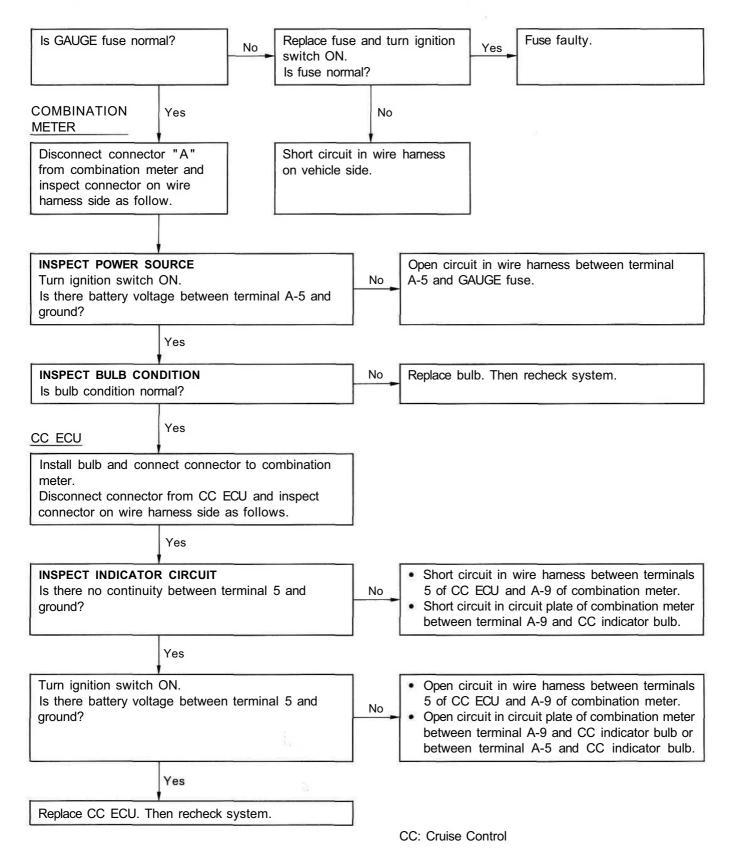
A POWER SOURCE CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.



B CRUISE CONTROL INDICATOR CIRCUIT

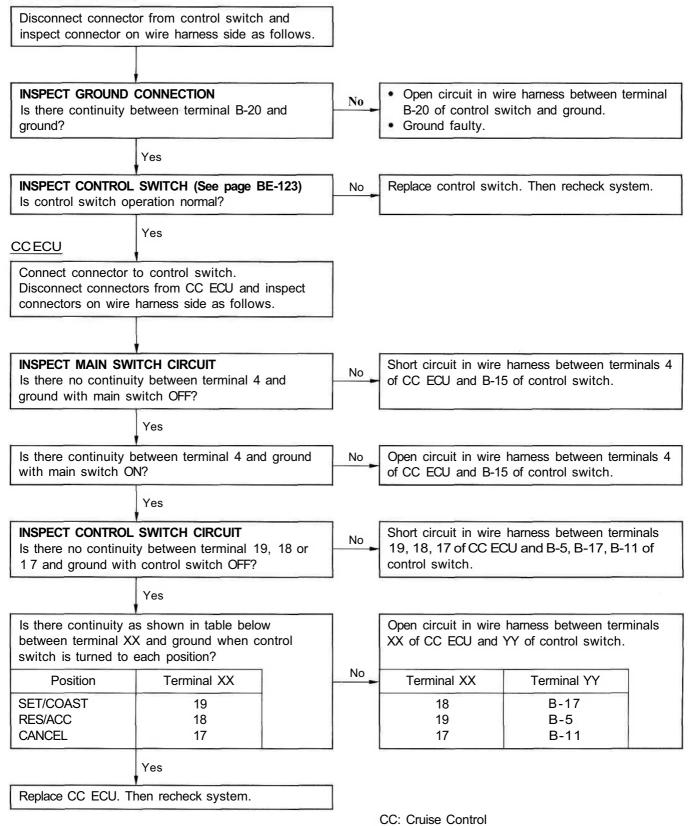
HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.



C CONTROL SWITCH CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

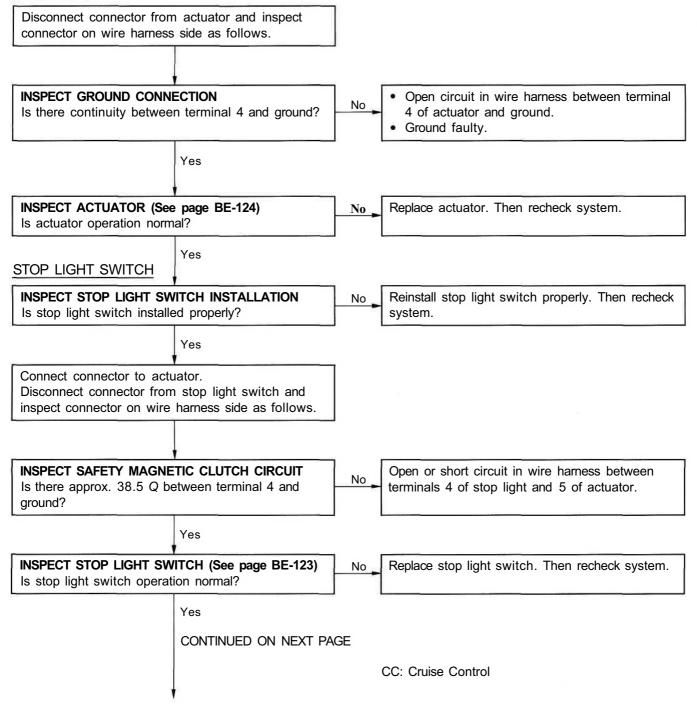
CONTROL SWITCH



D ACTUATOR CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

ACTUATOR

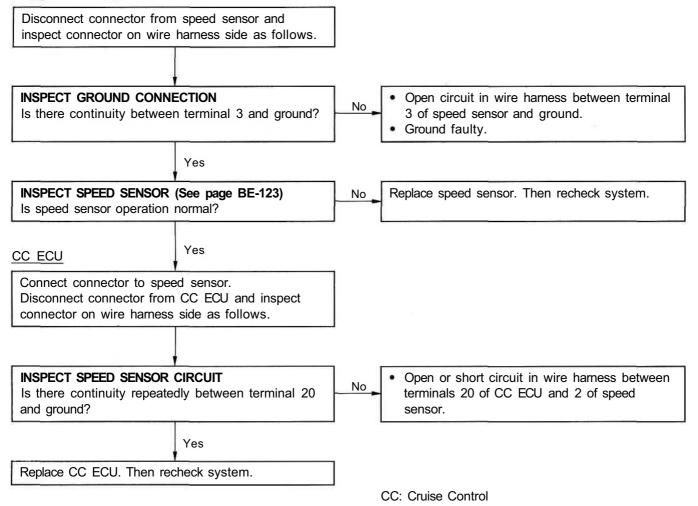


CC ECU		IOUS PA	GE
Connect connector to stop Disconnect connectors fro connectors on wire harnes	m CC ECU and inspect		
			\$
INSPECT SAFETY MAGNE Is there approx. 38.5 fi be ground?		No	Open or short circuit in wire harness between terminals 10 of CC ECU and 5 of actuator.
	Yes		
INSPECT MOTOR CIRCUIT Is there no continuity betw ground?		No -	Short circuit in wire harness between terminals 12 of CC ECU and 6 of actuator.
	Yes		
Is there no continuity betw ground?	veen terminal 11 and	No	Short circuit in wire harness between terminals 11 of CC ECU and 7 of actuator.
	Yes		
Is there continuity betwee with actuator arm in a po- max. close?	n terminals 12 and 11 sition except max. open or	No	Open circuit in wire harness between terminals 12 of CC ECU and 6 of actuator or between terminals 11 of CC ECU and 7 of actuator.
	Yes		
INSPECT POSITION SENS Is there no continuity betw ground?		No	Short circuit in wire harness between terminals 24 of CC ECU and 1 of actuator.
	Yes		
Is there approx. 2 kc2 betw	ween terminals 24 and 26?	No	 Open circuit in wire harness between terminals 26 of CC ECU and 3 of actuator. Open circuit in wire harness between terminals 24 of CC ECU and 1 of actuator.
	Yes		
Does resistance change er and 25?	ven between terminals 26	No	Open or short circuit in wire harness between terminals 25 of CC ECU and 2 of actuator.
-	Yes		
Replace CC ECU. Then re	check system.		
			CC: Cruise Control

E SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT

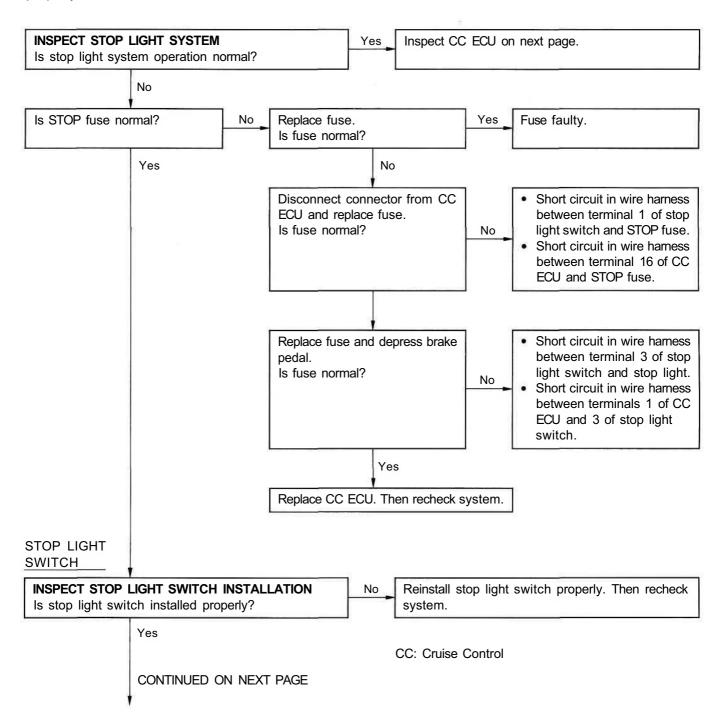
HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

SPEED SENSOR



F STOP LIGHT SWITCH CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.



STOP LIGHT SWITCH	CONTINUED FROM PRE	VIOUS P	AGE
Disconnect connector from inspect connector on wire]	
			۹.
INSPECT POWER SOURCE Is there battery voltage bet ground?		No	Open circuit in wire harness between terminal 1 of stop light switch and STOP fuse.
	Yes		
INSPECT STOP LIGHT CIR Connect terminals 1 and 3 Do stop lights light up?		No	 Open circuit in wire harness between terminal 3 of stop light switch and ground. Ground faulty.
	Yes		
INSPECT STOP LIGHT SWI Is stop light switch operation		No	Replace stop light switch. Then recheck system.
<u>CC ECU</u>	Yes		
Connect connector to stop Disconnect connector from connector on wire harness	CC ECU and inspect	-	If stop light system operation is normal, start inspection from this step.
INSPECT STOP LIGHT SWI Is there battery voltage bet ground?		No	Open circuit in wire harness between terminal 1 of CC ECU and STOP fuse.
	Yes		
Is there battery voltage bet ground when brake pedal of		No	Open circuit in wire harness between terminals 16 of CC ECU and 3 of stop light switch.
	Yes		
Replace CC ECU. Then rec	heck system.]	

CC: Cruise Control

G PARKING BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

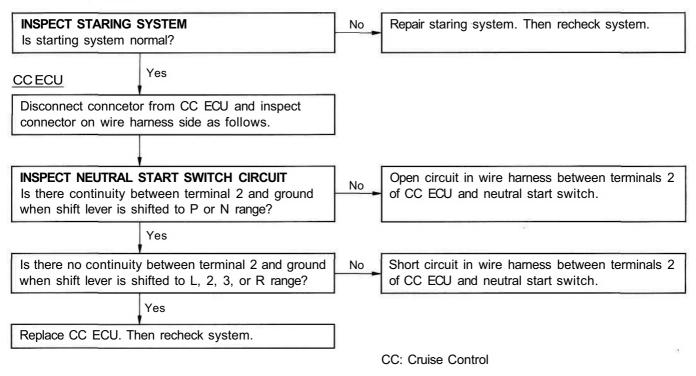
INSPECT PARKING BRAKE (See page BE-63) Is parking brake switch ope		No	Replace parking brake switch. Then recheck system.
<u>CC ECU</u>	Yes	т. е	
Connect connector to parki Disconnect connector from connector on wire harness	CC ECU and inspect		
		- 	
INSPECT PARKING BRAKE Is there continuity betweer when parking brake lever is	terminal 3 and ground	No	Short circuit in wire harness between terminal 3 of CC ECU and parking brake switch.
	Yes		
Is there no continuity betw ground when parking brake		No	Open circuit in wire harness between terminal 3 of CC ECU and parking brake switch.
	Yes		
Replace CC ECU. Then rec	heck system.		

CC: Cruise Control

I

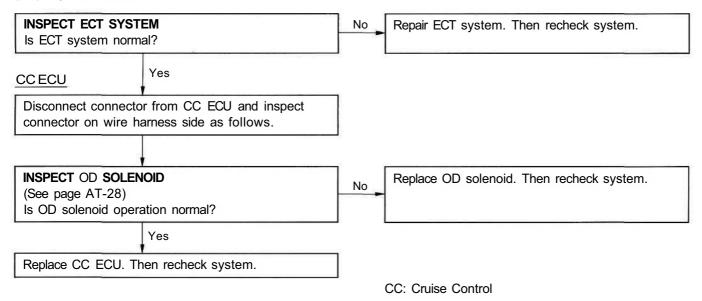
H NEUTRAL START SWITCH CIRCUIT

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.



OD SOLENOID CIRCUIT (w/ 3F-E Engine)

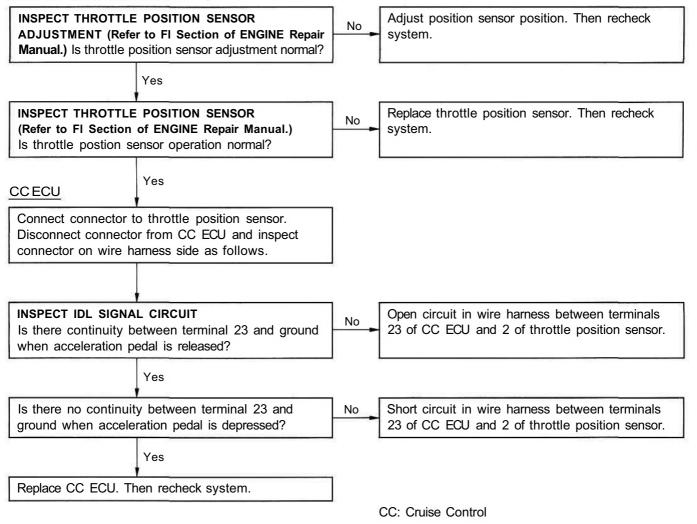
HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

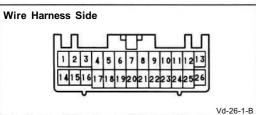


J | IDL SIGNAL CIRCUIT (w/ 3F-E Engine)

HINT: While carrying out the following inspection, make certain that the connectors and terminals are properly connected.

THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR





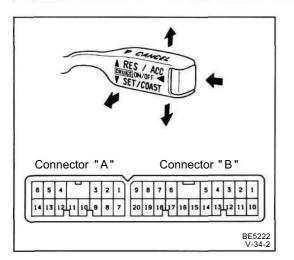
Cruise Control ECU Circuit

INSPECT ECU CIRCUIT

Disconnect connector and inspect connector on wire harness side as shown in the chart.

Check for	Measured item	Tester connection		Condition			Specified value
Continuity	Neutral start switch	2 — ground	Shift lever pos	N or P		Continuity	
				L, 2, D or R		No continuity	
	Parking brake	3 — ground	Parking brake le	ever position	release	ed	No continuity
	switch				pulled		Continuity
	Control switch	4 — ground	Main switch pe	osition	OFF		No continuity
					ON		Continuity
	Ground connection	13 — ground	Constant				Continuity
	Control switch	18 — ground	Control switch	position	RES/AG	CC	Continuity
		19 — ground	Control switch	position	SET/C	DAST	Continuity
		17 — ground	Control switch	position	CANCE	EL	Continuity
	Actuator (motor)	•11 _ 12	Actuator arm	max. OPEN		(12 →	11) Continuity
			position	max. CLOSE	ax. CLOSE		12) Continuity
				any position except $(12 \rightarrow above position)$		(12 →	11) Continuity
	TDCL circuit	8 — ground	Constant				No continuity
			Terminals Tc a	nd E1 connec	ted		Continuity
	Throttle position	23 — ground	Acceleration pe	release	d	Continuity	
	sensor (IDL: 3F-E Engine)				depressed		No continuity
	Speed sensor	20 — ground	With ignition so or speed sense		er shaft	Continuity No continuity	
Resistance	Actuator	24 - 26	Constant				Approx. 2 kO
	(position sensor)	24 - 25	Actuator arm t	urned	Resistar		ice change ever
	Actuator (Safety	10 — ground	Brake pedal po	sition	release	d	Approx. 38.5
	magnetic clutch)			depressed		No continuity	
Voltage	Power source	14 — ground	Ignition switch	position	LOCK	or ACC	No voltage
					ON		Battery voltage
	STOP fuse	1 — ground	Constant				Battery voltage
	Stop light	16 — ground	Brake pedal po	sition	release	d	No voltage
		-			depressed		Battery voltage
	O/D solenoid valve	9 — ground	Ignition switch	position	LOCK	or ACC	Battery voltage
	(3F-E Engine)		C		ON		No voltage

If circuit is as specified, try another ECU. If circuit is not as specified, refer to BE-104 wiring diagram and inspect the circuits connected to other parts.



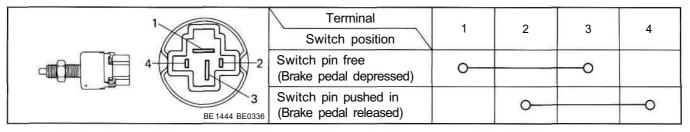
Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SWITCHES (Control Switch/Continuity)

Sv	Terminal vitch position	B20	B11	B5	B17	B15
in	ON	0		_		-0
Main	OFF					
-	RES/ACC	0			0	
Control	SET/COAST	<u> </u>		-0		
ů	CANCEL	0	-0			

If the continuity is not as specified, replace the control switch.

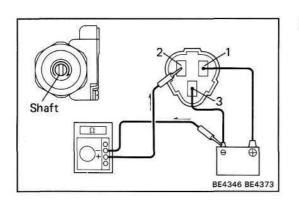
(Stop Light Switch/Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, replace the stop light switch.

(Neutral Start Switch) See page AT-28. (Parking Brake Switch)

See page BE-63.



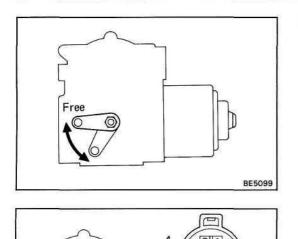
2. INSPECT SPEED SENSOR

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (-) lead to terminal 3.
- (b) Check that there is continuity between terminal 2 and the battery negative (-) terminal four times per each revolution of the shaft.

HINT: Connect the test leads so that the current from the ohmmeter can flow from terminal 2 to battery negative (-) terminal.

If operation is not as specified, replace the speed sensor.

Lock

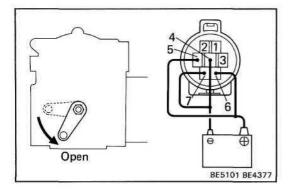


3. INSPECT ACTUATOR

(Safety Magnet Clutch)

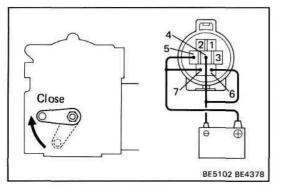
(a) Check that the arm moves smoothly by hand.

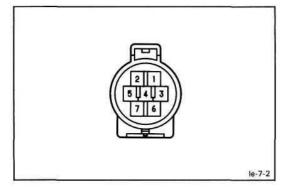
- (b) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 5 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 4.
 (Safety magnet clutch turned ON)
- (c) Check that the arm does not move by hand.
- If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.



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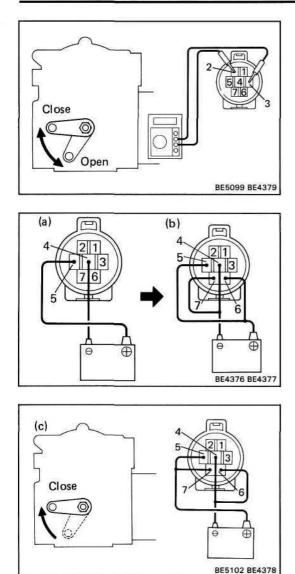


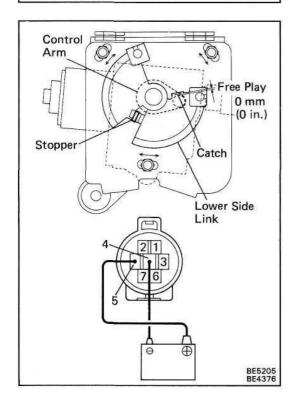
(Motor)

- (a) With the safety magnetic clutch ON, connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 6 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 7, check that the arm moves to the open side.
- (b) When the arm reached to the open position, check that the motor operation stops.
- (c) With the safety magnetic clutch ON, connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 7 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 6, check that the arm moves to the close side.
- (d) When the arm reaches to the closed position, check that the motor operation stops.

(Position Sensor)

(a) Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 3.Resistance: Approx. 2 kO





(b) When the arm is moving from the closed to open position, check that resistance between terminals 2 and 3 increases from approx. 0.5 to 1.7 kfi.

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

4. (3F-E Engine) INSPECT THROTTLE POSITION SWITCH (Refer to FI section of Engine Repair Manual)

Adjustment of Control Link Assembly

ADJUST CONTROL LINK ASSEMBLY

(a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 5 and the negative (--) lead to terminal 4 of the actuator.

(Safety magnet clutch turned ON)

NOTICE: Keep the safety magnet clutch ON until adjustment of control link assembly is completed.

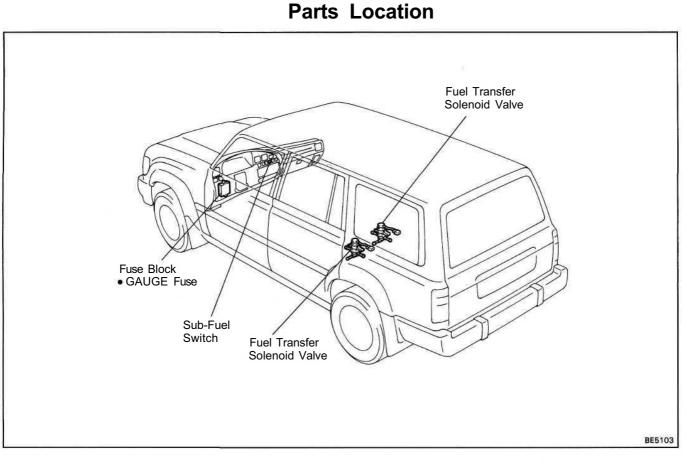
- (b) With the safety magnetic clutch ON, connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 6 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 7.
 (Arm moves to the open side.)
- (c) With the safety magnetic clutch ON, connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 7 and the negative (—) lead to terminal 6.
 (Arm moves to the close side.)
- (d) Install the control link assembly to the actuator.
- (e) Rotate the control link assembly so that the catch of the control link assembly's lower side link comes in contact with the actuator control arm (Free play 0).

Free play: 0 mm (0 in.)

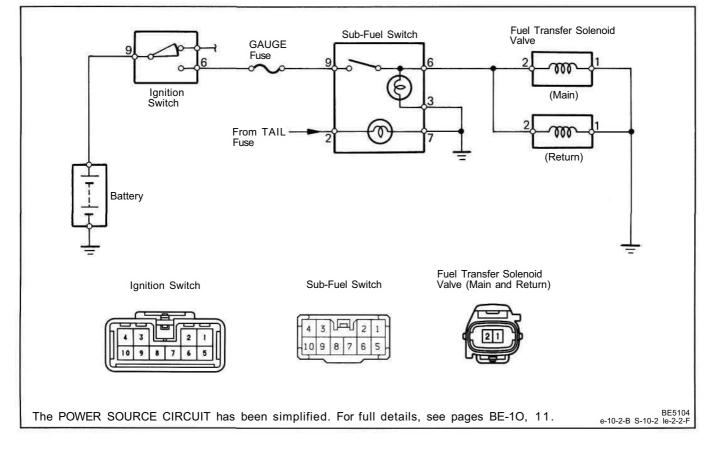
NOTICE: Rotate the lower side link to the right until it touches the stopper.

- (f) In condition (d), install and torque the three nuts.
- (g) Disconnect lead wire from the actuator.

FUEL TRANSFER SYSTEM







System Description

Standby Operation

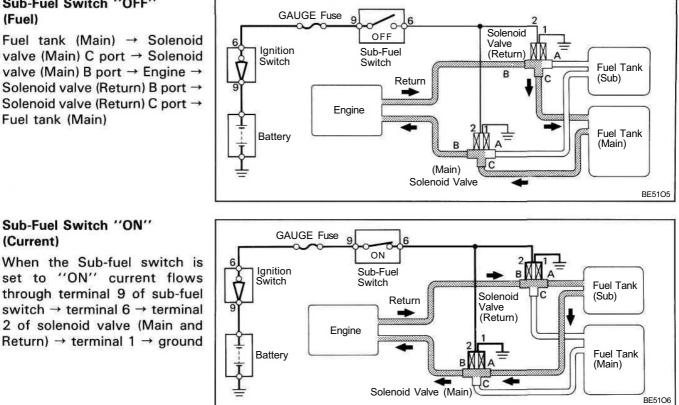
• When the Ignition Switch is on, current flows from the battery to terminal 9 of the Sub Fuel Switch.

Operation

Sub-Fuel Switch "OFF" (Fuel)

Sub-Fuel Switch "ON"

Fuel tank (Main) → Solenoid valve (Main) C port → Solenoid valve (Main) B port \rightarrow Engine \rightarrow Solenoid valve (Return) B port → Solenoid valve (Return) C port → Fuel tank (Main)



(Fuel)

(Current)

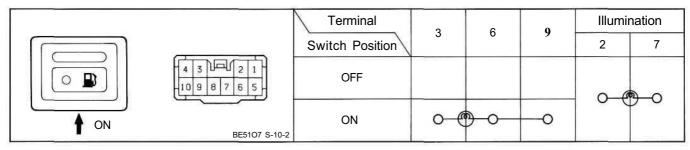
Fuel tank (sub) - Solenoid valve (Main) A port -» Solenoid valve (Main) B port -» Engine -» Solenoid valve (Return) B port -» Solenoid valve (Return) A port -+ Fuel tank (Sub)

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible cause	Remedy	Page
Fuel Transfer System do not operate	GAUGE fuse blown Sub fuel switch faulty Fuel transfer solenoid valve (Main and return) faulty Wiring or ground faulty	Replace fuse and check for short Check switch Check solenoid valve Repair as necessary	BE-4, 6 BE-128 BE-128

Parts Inspection

1. INSPECT SUB FUEL SWITCH (Continuity)



If continuity is not as specified, check the bulb or replace the switch.

2. INSPECT FUEL TRANSFER SOLENOID VALVE (Main)

(a) Check that the air flows between ports B and C. Check that the air does not flow between ports A and B.

Port Condition	А	В	С
No voltage		0	0

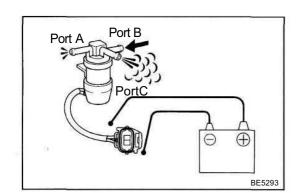
(b) Apply the battery voltage across the terminals. Check that the air flows between ports A and B. Check that the air does not flow between ports B and C.

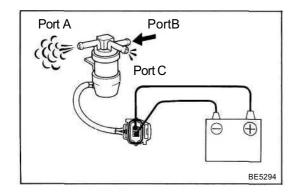
Port	٨	в	C
Condition	~	В	U
Apply the battery voltage	o	-0	

If operation is not as specified, replace the solenoid.

(Return)

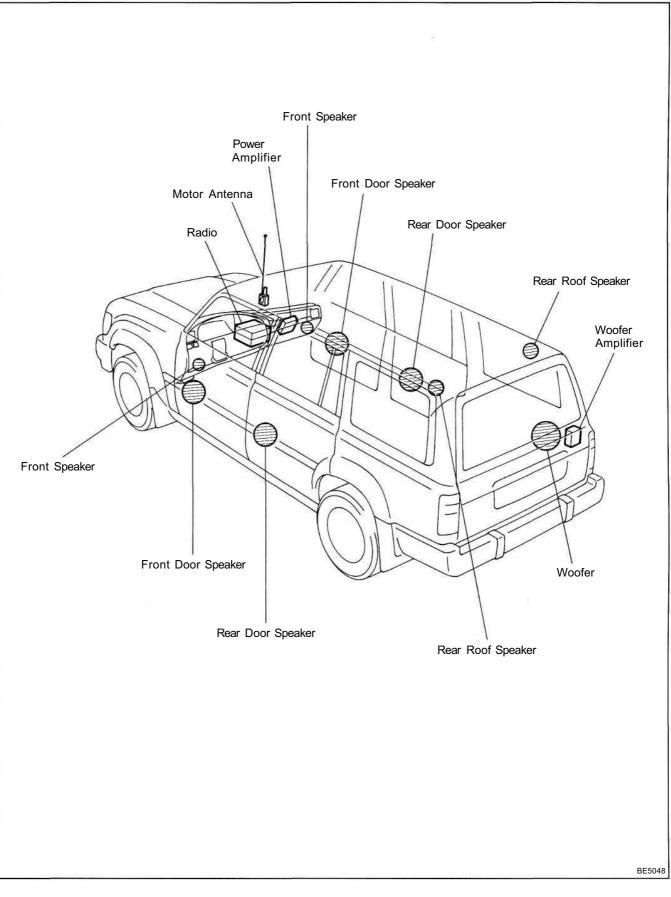
The inspection is the same as for the main solenoid valve.

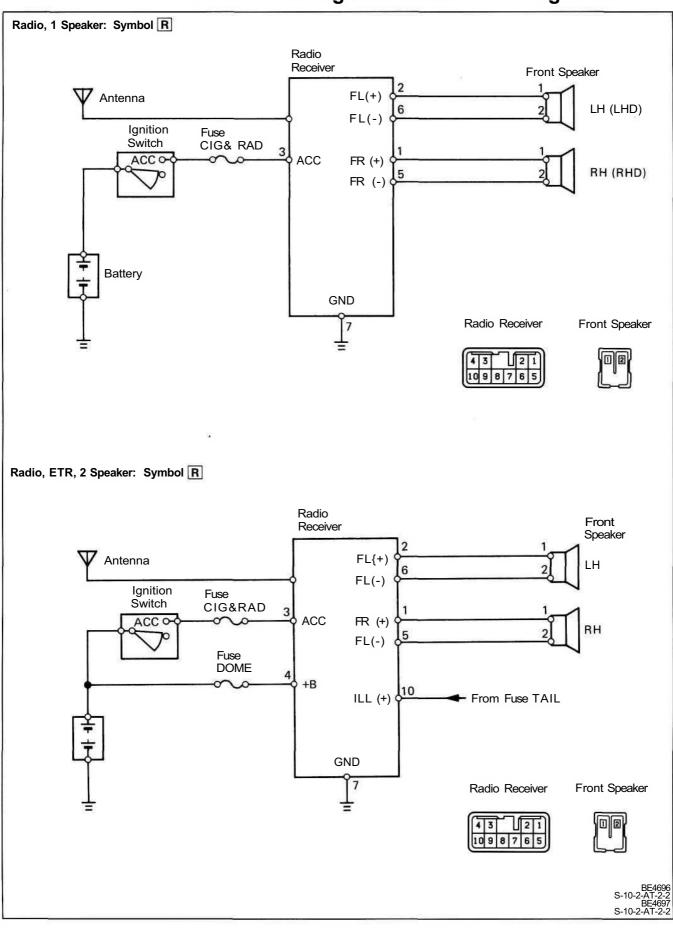




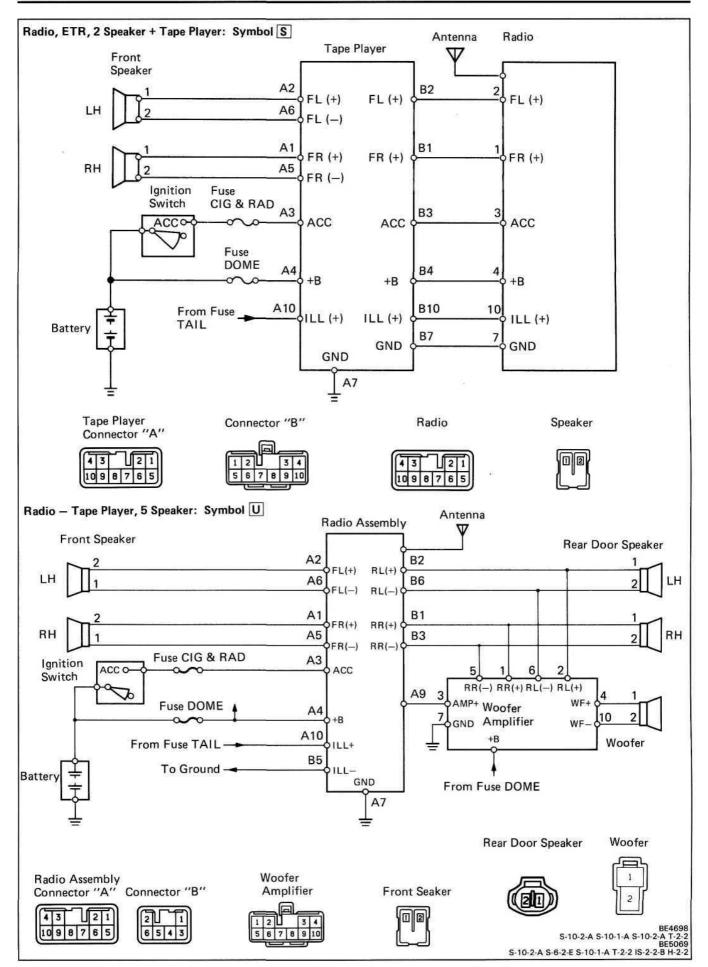
BE-129

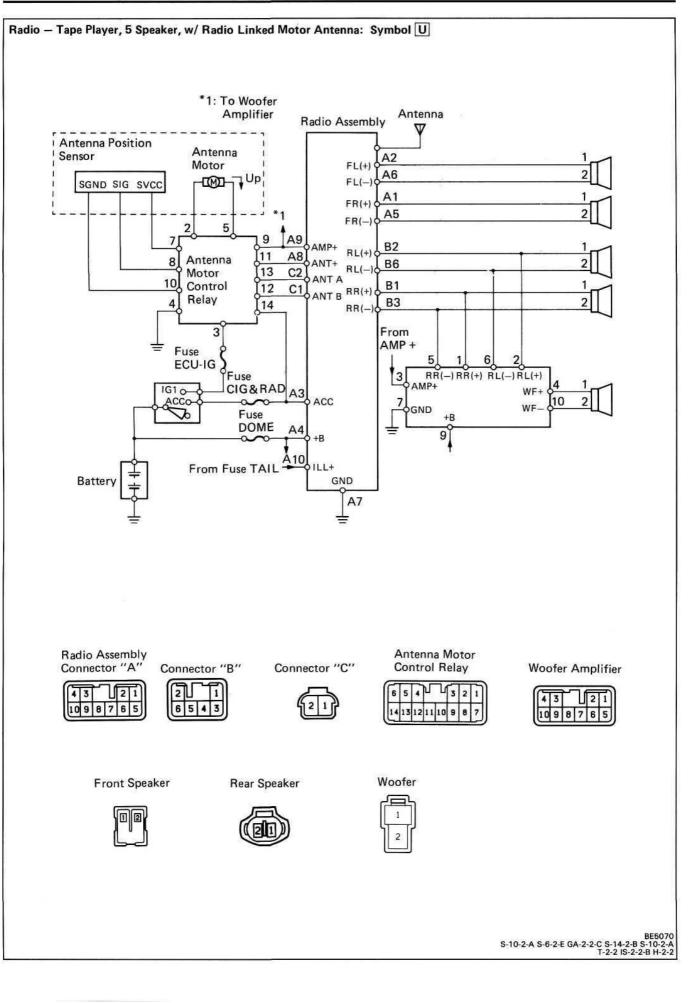
AUDIO SYSTEM Parts Location

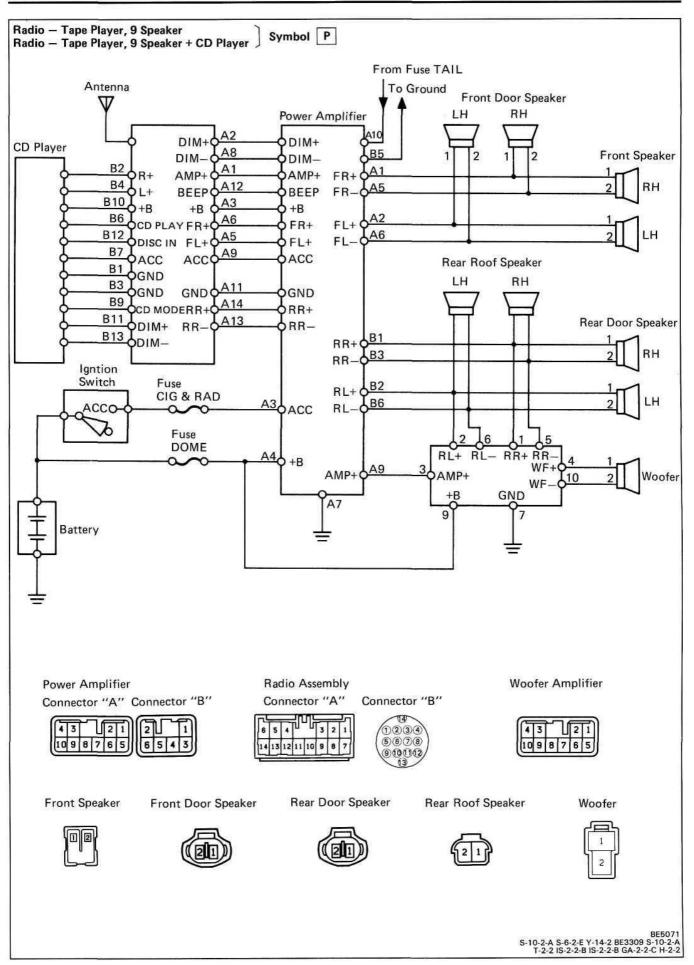




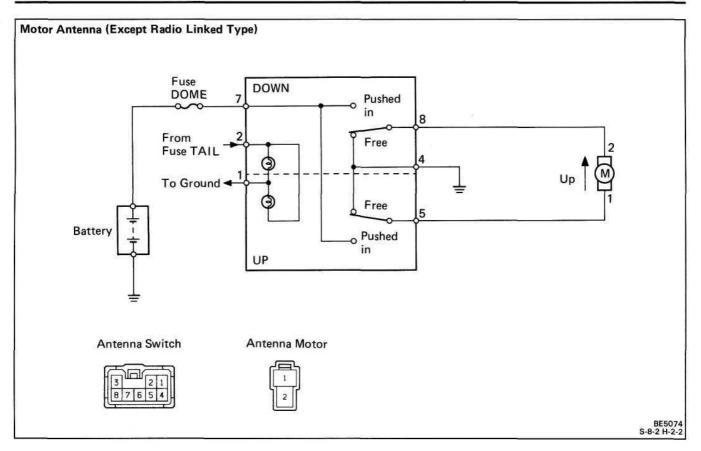
Wiring and Connector Diagrams







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System Description

RADIO WAVE BAND

The radio wave bands used in radio broadcasting are as follows:

Frequency	30 kHz	300	kHz	3 MHz	. 3	0 MHz	300 MHz
Designation		LF	MF		HF	VHF	
Radio wave		LW	AM(MW)		SW		
Modulation method		A	mplitude mod	dulation		Frequenc	y modulation

LF: Low Frequency MF: Medium Frequency HF: High Frequency VHF: Very High Frequency HINT: In this section, the term "A M" includes LW, MW and SW, and the term "F M" includes UKW.

SERVICE AREA

There is great difference in the size of the service area for AM, FM monaural, and FM stereo broadcasting. Thus it may happen that FM broadcast cannot be received even though AM comes in very clearly.

Not only does FM stereo have the smallest service area, but it slso picks up static and other types of interference ("noise") the most easily.

RECEPTION PROBLEMS

Besides the problem of static, there are also the problems called "fading", "multipath", and "fade out". These problems are caused not by electrical noise but by the nature of the radio waves themselves.

Fading

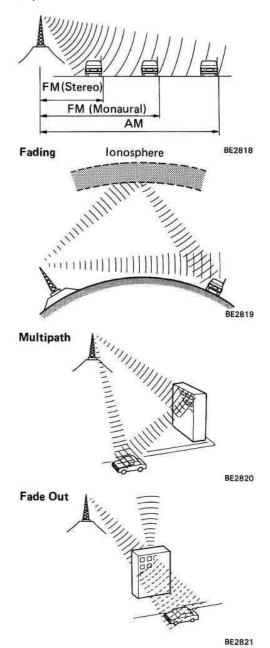
Besides electrical interference, AM broadcasts are also susceptible to other types of interference, especially at night. This is because AM radio waves bounce off the ionosphere at night. These radio waves then interfere with the signals from the same transmitter that reach the vehicle's antenna directly. This type of interference is called "fading".

Multipath

One type of interference caused by the bouncing of radio waves off of obstructions is called "multipath". Multipath occurs when a signal from the broadcast transmitter antenna bounces off of buildings and mountains and interferes with the signal that is received directly-

Fade Out

Because FM radio waves are of higher frequencies than AM radio waves, they bounce off of buildings, mountains, and other obstructions. For this reason, FM signals often seem to gradually disappear or fade away as the vehicle goes behind a building or other obstruction. This is called "fade out".



ADJUST ANTENNA TRIMMER

(Ex. Electronic Tuning Radio)

- (a) Fully lengthen antenna.
- (b) With volume and tone at maximum, turn the dial to around 1,400 kHz where there is no reception.
- (c) Adjust the trimmer to where static is loudest.

HINT: The position of the antenna trimmer may vary according to the type of radio, but is always on the front side.

COMPACT DISC PLAYER

Compact Disc (hereafter called "CD") players use a laser beam pick-up to read the digital signals recorded on the CD and reproduce analog signals of the music, etc. There are 4.7 in. (12 cm) and 3.2 in. (8 cm) CD available.

HINT: Never attempt to disassemble or oil any part of the player unit. Do not insert any object other than a disc into the slot.

NOTICE: CD players use invisible laser beam which could cause hazardous radiation explosure if directed. Be sure to operate the player correctly as instructed.

MAINTENANCE

(Tape Player)

Head Cleaning

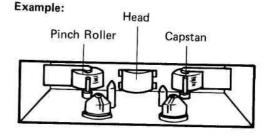
- (a) Raise the cassette door with your finger. Next using a pencil or like object, push in the guide.
- (b) Using a cleaning pen or cotton applicator soaked in cleaner, clean the head surface, pinch rollers and capstans.

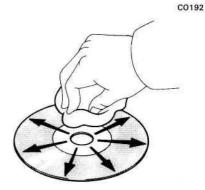


Disc Cleaning

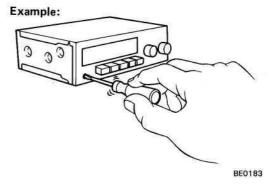
If the Disc gets dirty, clean the Disc by wiping the surfaces from the center to outside in the radial directions with a soft cloth.

NOTICE: Do not use a conventional record cleaner or anti-static record preservative.

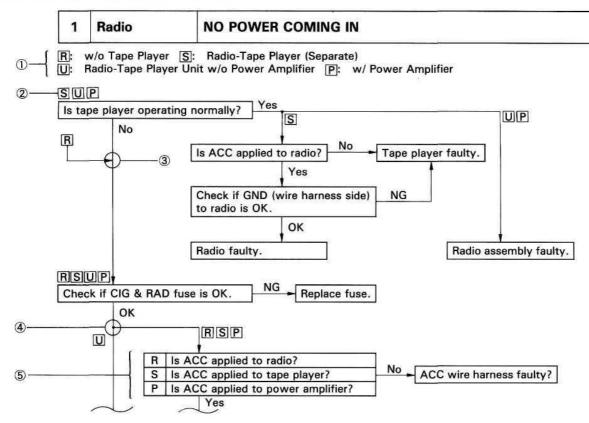




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HOW TO USE DIAGNOSTIC CHART



- Audio system type and symbol used.
 HINT: Confirm the applicable type of audio system.
- ② Symbol for type of audio system the question applies to.

HINT: If the audio system type is not applicable, proceed to next question below.

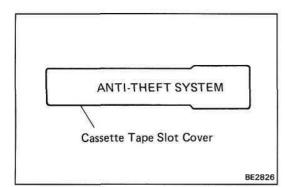
3 Junction without black circle.

HINT: Proceed to next question below.

④ Junction with black circle.

HINT: Proceed to question for applicable audio system type.

(5) HINT: Select question for applicable audio system type.



Anti-Theft System

The anti-theft system is only provided for audio systems equipped with an Acoustic Flavor function.

HINT: The words "ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM" are displayed on the cassette tape slot cover.

For operation instructions for the anti-theft system, please consult the audio system section in the Owner's Manual.

1. SETTING SYSTEM

The system is in operation once the customer has pushed the required buttons and entered the customer-selected 3-digit ID number.

(Refer to the Owner's Manual "SETTING THE ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM").

HINT:

- When the audio system is shipped the ID number has not been input, so the anti-theft system is not in operation.
- If the ID number has not been input, the audio system remains the same as a normal audio system.

2. ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM OPERATION

If the normal electrical power source (connector or battery terminal) is cut off, the audio system becomes inoperable, even if the power supply resumes.

3. CANCELLING SYSTEM

The ID number chosen by the customer is input to cancel the anti-theft system. (Refer to the Owner's Manual, "IF THE SYSTEM IS ACTIVATED")

HINT: To change or cancel the ID number, please refer to the Owner's Manual, "CANCELLING THE SYSTEM".

Troubleshooting

NOTICE: When replacing the internal mechanism (computer part) of the audio system, be careful that no part of your body or clothing comes in contact with the terminals of the leads from the IC, etc. of the replacement part (spare part).

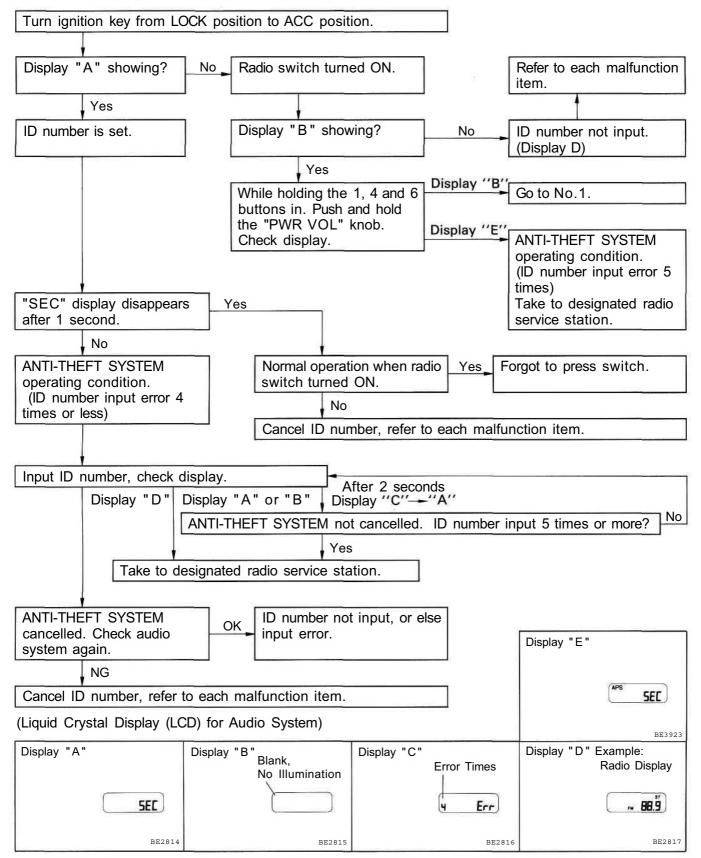
HINT: This inspection procedure is a simple troubleshooting which should be carried out on the vehicle during system operation and was prepared on the assumption of system component troubles (except for the wires and connectors, etc.).

Always inspect the trouble taking the following items into consideration.

- Open or short circuit of the wire harness
- · Connector or terminal connection fault
- For audio systems with anti-theft system, troubleshooting items marked (*) indicate that "Troubleshooting for ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM" should be carried out first.

	Problem	No.		
	No power coming in.	* 1		
	Power coming in, but radio not operating.	*2		
	Noise present, but AM-FM not operating.	3		
	Either speaker does not work.	4		
	Either AM or FM does not work.	5		
	Reception poor (Volume faint).	5		
Radio	Few preset tuning bands.	5		
	Sound quality poor.	6		
	Auto-Radio Information (ARI) not received.	7		
	Cannot set station select button.	8		
	Preset memory disappears.	8		
	Cassette tape cannot be inserted.	9		
	Cassette tape inserts, but no power.	*10		
	Power coming in, but tape player not operating.			
-	Either speaker does not work.			
Tape Player	Sound quality poor (Volume faint).			
	Tape jammed, malfunction with tape speed or auto-reverse.			
	APS, SKIP, RPT buttons not operating.			
	Cassette tape will not eject.	*16		
	CD cannot be inserted.	17		
	CD inserts, but no power.	18		
	Power coming in, but CD player not operating.	19		
CD Player	Sound jumps.	20		
	Sound quality poor (Volume faint).	21		
	Either speaker does not work.	22		
	CD will not eject.	23		
Antenna	Antenna – related.	24		
Naioa	Noise produced by vibration or shock whille driving.	25		
Noise	Noise produced when engine starts.	26		

Troubleshooting for ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM



HINT:

- Refer to Owner's Manual for operation details of ANTI-THEFT SYSTEM.
- When the ID number has been cancelled, reset the same number after completing the operation, or inform the customer that it has been cancelled.

1 Radio	NO POWER COMING IN
	+ Tape Player U: Radio-Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)
SUP	
Is tape player operating n	ormally? Yes S Radio faulty.
No	U P Radio assembly faulty.
R	
Check if CIG & RAD fuse	is OK. NG Replace fuse.
ОК	
	P
RSU Is ACC	C applied to power amplifier?
	Yes
	C for the radio assembly output from the power
amplif	
	Yes
Check	if GND (wire harness side) to power amplifier is NG GND faulty.
OK.	
118	OK
RSUP	
Is ACC applied to radio a	ssembly? ACC wire harness faulty.
Yes	
Check if GND (wire harne	ess side) to radio is NG P Power Amplifier faulty.
OK.	R S U GND wire harness faulty.
ОК	
R S Radio faulty.	
U P Radio assembly fau	ilty.

BODY	ELECTRICAL	SYSTEM	- Audio	System

2	Radio	POWER COMING IN, BUT RADIO NOT OPERATING
R : P :		- Tape Player U : Radio —Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)
SU	P	If radio side faulty
-	pe player operating n	
	No	U P Radio assembly faulty.
R —		
RSI		No lo
Is th	ere continuity in spea	aker wire harness? Speaker wire harness faulty.
	Yes	
Tem OK?	porarily install anothe	er speaker. Functions Yes Speaker faulty.
	No	
		RSU
	RS	Radio faulty.
	U	Radio assembly faulty.
Hissi	ng sound from speak	er? No Power amplifier faulty. Recheck system after
1 11001	ng sound norm speak	repair.
12	Yes	
Radio	o assembly faulty. R	echeck system after repair.
3	Radio	NOISE PRESENT, BUT AM-FM NOT OPERATING
R: P:	the second se	+ Tape Player U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)
SU		If radio side faulty
-	pe player operating n	
	No	R U P Radio assembly faulty.
নি		P
S	0-0205	g sound from No Power amplifier faulty. Recheck system after
	speake	
	<u> </u>	
SU		
	b assembly faulty.	
15 - B	, ,	

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4	Radio	EITHER SPEAKE	r doe	ES NC	OT WORK	
R : P :						
SU	SUP					
	be player operating n	ormally?	Yes	S	Radio faulty.	
	No		1	UP	Radio assembly faulty.	
[R]	-					
RSI			Yes			
is nis	s produced by non-f	unctioning speaker?		<u>n</u> 3	Radio faulty	
	No			U	Radio assembly faulty.	
				Р	Radio assembly faulty. Recheck system after repair.	
	R					
	V		No			
Is the	ere continuity in spea	aker wire harness?	}No ►	Spea	ker wire harness faulty.	
	Yes					
Tom	Temporarily install another speaker. Functions Yes Speaker faulty.					
OK?	orally install anothe	i speaker. I uncuons	Yes		kei lauity.	
	No		1	<u></u>		
*:						
F			1			
RS	Radio faulty					
U	Radio assembly fau	-				
Р	Power amplifier fau after repair.	Ity. Recheck system				

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5	Radio			DES NOT WORK, RECEPTION T), FEW PRESET TUNING BANDS			
R : P :		+ Tape Player U: (Separate Power Amp		-Tape Player (Built-in	Power Amplifier)		
Problem with radio wave signals or location? Yes (See page BE-135)				Poor signals, poor location.			
Are t	both AM and FM def	ective?	No	Electronic Tuning Radio type?	Yes Radio or radio assembly faulty.		
	Yes			No			
				Which bond is poor?	FM Radio faulty.		
				AM			
Go to	D No.24.]	Adjust antenna trim	mer. (See page BE-136)		
	If radio side fau	llty					
Is tap	pe player operating n	ormary?	Yes	Radio assembly fau	lty.		
	No						
Temp OK?	oorarily install anothe	r speaker. Functions	Yes	Speaker faulty.			
a a		RSU Radio faulty. Radio assembly.					
r 	_		1				
Hissing sound from speaker?			Power amplifier fau repair.	lty. Recheck system after			
	Yes						
Radio assembly faulty. Recheck system after repair.							

	1							
6	Radio	SOUND QUALITY POOR						
R : P :	Radio <u>S</u> : Radio Radio —Tape Player	+ Tape Player U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)						
Is so	und quality always ba	Is sound quality bad in cer- tain areas only?						
	Yes	P No						
	-							
	R S Radio faulty.							
		U Radio assembly faulty.						
	ماليالعا							
	SUP							
		If radio side faulty						
	Is tape	e player operating Yes Go to No.24. Radio assembly faul- lly?						
		No						
	-							
RSI	Contraction in the second se	No _ Install property						
is sp	eaker properly install	ed? Install properly.						
	Yes							
								
Tem OK?	porarily install anothe	r speaker. Function OK Speaker faulty.						
	NG							
	NG							
	t							
Radio	assembly faulty.							
7	Radio	AUTO-RADIO INFORMATION (ARI) NOT RECEIVED						
	RI being broadcast?	No Non-broadcast region.						
	Yes							
ls ra	dio or radio assembly	operating normally? No Refer to appropriate troubleshooting chart depending on symptoms.						
	Yes							
Radio	o or radio assembly f	aulty.						

8	Radio	dio CANNOT SET STATION SELECT BUTTON, PRESET MEMORY DISAPPEARS							
R : P :		+ Tape Player U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)							
-	SUP Can cassette tape be inserted in tape player? Yes Radio assembly faulty.								
<u>R</u> —	No								
Chec	k if DOME fuse is Of	K? NG ► Replace fuse.							
R	OK	P Is +B applied to power amplifier? Yes							
		Check if GND (wire harness NG GND faulty. side) to power amplifier?							
		OK							
RSU Is +E	JP 3 applied to radio or Yes	radio assembly? R S U + B wire harness faulty. P Power amplifier faulty.							
	k if GND (wire harne assembly? OK	ss side) to radio or NG R S U GND faulty. P Power amplifier faulty.							
Radio	o or radio assembly f	aulty.							

9	Tape Player	CASSETTE TAPE CANNOT BE INSERTED						
S : P :	Radio — Tape Player	U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)						
SU		Paide tane player? Yes Demove foreign chiest						
Is th	ere a foreign object i	nside tape player? Remove foreign object.						
	No							
	•	Yes Targe player faulty						
ls ra	dio operating normall	y? S Tape player faulty.						
	No	U P Radio assembly faulty.						
	v							
Chec	k if DOME fuse is O	K? NG Replace fuse.						
	ОК							
	U	SP						
	S Is +	B applied to tape player?						
	P Is +	B applied to power amplified?						
		Yes						
	S Che	ck if GND (wire harness side) to tape player is OK?						
	P Check if GND (wire harness side) to power amplifier is OK?							
	P OK							
	-	S						
	Tane n	layer faulty.						
F		No Internet in the second second						
IS +I	B applied to radio as							
	Yes	P Power amplifier faulty.						
Chor	t if CND (wire borne							
	ck if GND (wire harne mbly is OK?	ess side) to radio P Power amplifier faulty.						
L	OK	F Fower ampliner raulty.						
Radi	o assembly faulty.							
Litaul	assembly faulty.							

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10 Tape Player CASSETTE TAPE INSERTS, BUT NO POWER	
S: Radio+Tape Player U: Radio—Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) P: Radio—Tape Player (Separate Power Amplifier)	
Is radio operating normally?	
No U P Radio assembly faulty.	
Check if CIG & RAD fuse is OK?	
OK SP	
U S Is ACC applied to tape player? No ACC wire barness faulty	
P Is ACC applied to power amplifier?	
P Yes	
S	
Tape player faulty.	
rapo playor radity.	
UP	
Is ACC applied to radio assembly? No P Is there continuity Yes Power amplifier	
in ACC speaker taulty.	
U wire harness?	_
Yes	
Radio assembly faulty. ACC wire harness faulty.	_

11	Tape Player	POWER COMING	UT TAPE PLAYER NOT OPERATING	
S : P :	Radio+Tape Player Radio—Tape Player	U: Radio —Tape F (Separate Power Amp		Built-in Power Amplifier)
Func serte	tions OK if different	cassette tape in-	Yes	Cassette tape faulty.
Is rad	dio operating normall	y?	Yes	STape player faulty.UPRadio assembly faulty.
Is the	ere, continuity in spe Yes	eaker wire harness?	No 🗕	Speaker wire harness faulty.
Tem OK?		er speaker. Functions	Yes	Speaker faulty.
		SU be player faulty. dio assembly faulty.		
P Hissi	ng sound from speak	xer?	No	Power amplifier faulty. Recheck system after repair.
Radio	Yes	echeck system after re	epair.	

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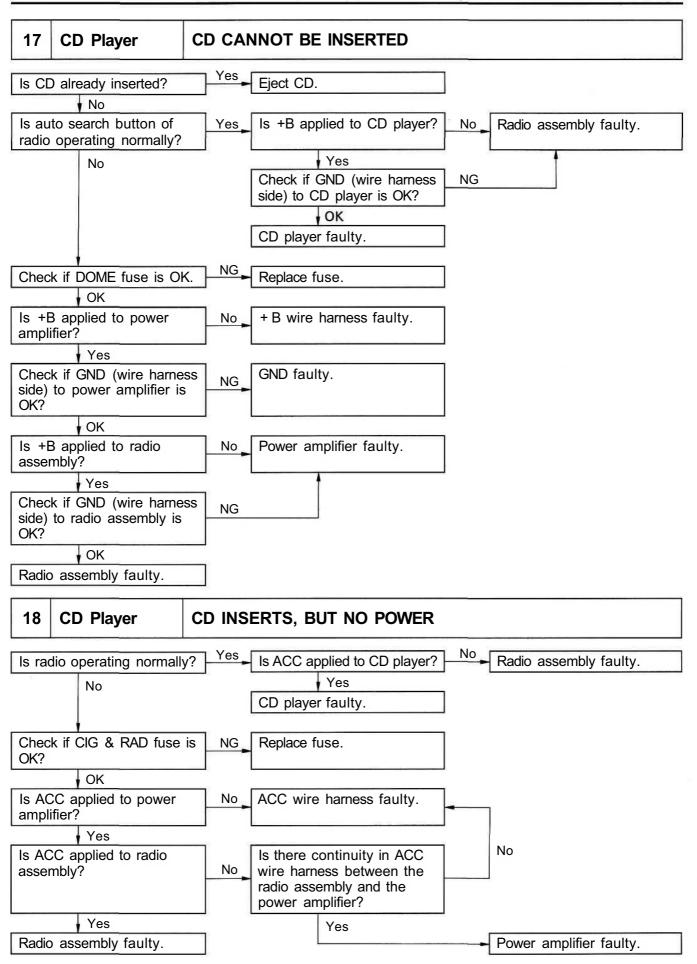
12	Tape Player	be Player EITHER SPEAKER DOES NOT WORK						
S : P :	Radio + Tape Player Radio — Tape Player	U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)						
Is rad	dio operating normall	U P Radio assembly faulty.						
Is his	s produced by non-f	unctioning speaker? Yes S Tape player faulty.						
	No	U Radio assembly faulty.						
		P Radio assembly faulty. Recheck system after repair.						
Is the	ere continuity in spea	aker wire harness?						
3	Yes							
Tem OK?	porarily install anothe	er speaker. Functions OK Speaker faulty.						
	NG							
S Ta	ape player faulty.							
	adio assembly faulty							
PR	adio assembly faulty.	Recheck system after repair.						

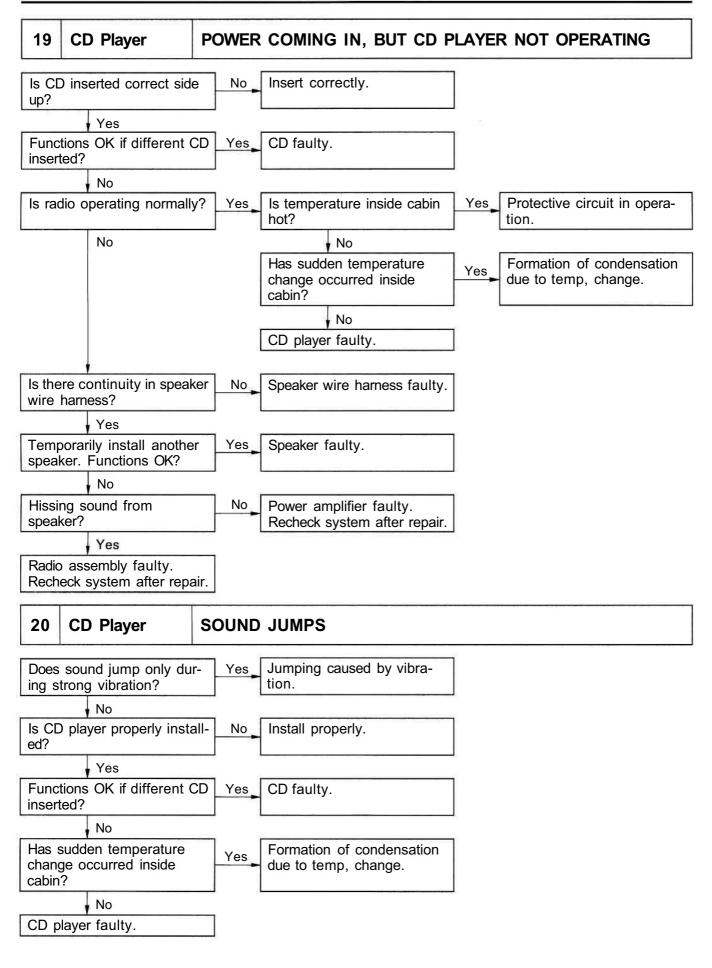
13 Tape Player SOUND QUALITY POOR (VOLUME FAINT)								
S: Radio + Tape Player U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) P: Radio — Tape Player (Separate Power Amplifier)								
Functions OK if different cassette tape insert- ed? Cassette tape faulty.								
No								
Operates normally after cleaning the heads? Yes Head dirty. (See page BE-136)								
No								
Is radio operating normally? Yes Radio assembly faulty.								
No								
Is speaker properly installed?								
Yes								
Temporarily install another speaker. Functions Yes Speaker faulty.								
No								
S Tape player faulty.								
U Radio assembly faulty.								
P Radio assembly faulty. Recheck system after repair.								
14Tape PlayerTAPE JAMMED, MALFUNCTION WITH TAPE SPEED OR AUTO-REVERSE								
S: Radio + Tape Player U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) P: Radio — Tape Player (Separate Power Amplifier)								
Functions OK if different tape (less than 120 Yes Cassette tape faulty.								
No								
Is there a foreign object inside tape player? Yes Remove foreign object.								
No								
Operates normally after cleaning the heads? Yes Head dirty. (See page BE-136)								
No								
S Tape player faulty.								

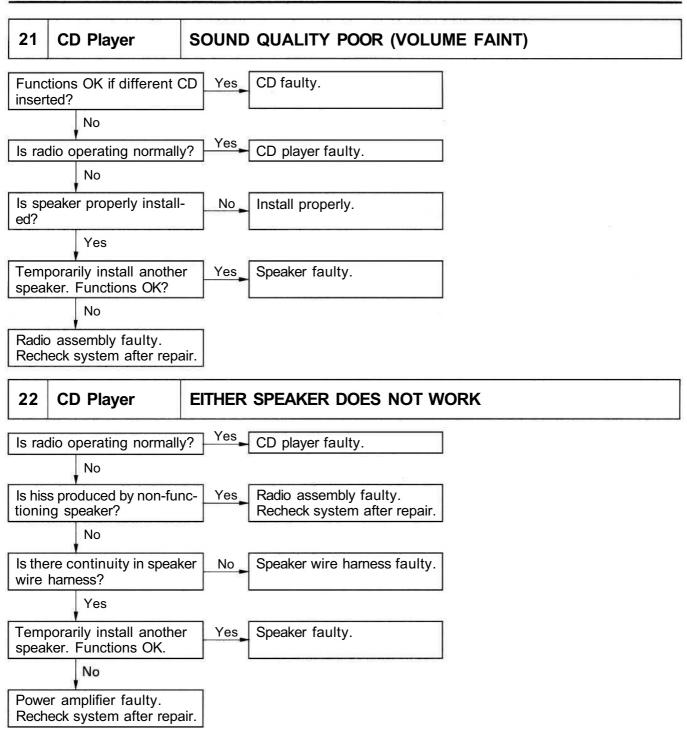
BODY ELECTRICAL SYSTEM - Audio System

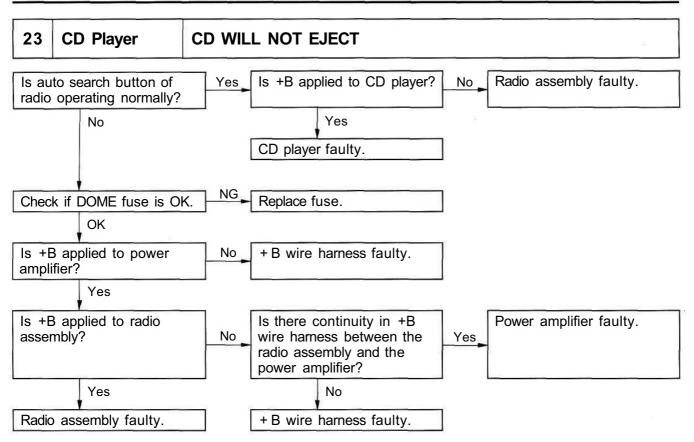
15	Tape Player	APS, SKIP, RPT BUTTONS NOT OPERATING
S : P :		U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)
Func ed?	tions OK if different	cassette tape insert- No Radio assembly faulty.
	Yes	
	ette tape faulty. (Les ce (SKIP).)	s than 3 sees, of silence between songs (APS, RPT). Less than 1 5 sees, of
16	Tape Player	CASSETTE TAPE WILL NOT EJECT
S : P :		U: Radio — Tape Player (Built-in Power Amplifier) (Separate Power Amplifier)
ls ta	pe player operating n	normally? Cassette tape jammed.
2	Yes	
ls ra	dio operating normall	y? Yes S Tape player faulty.
		U P Radio assembly faulty.
Chec	k if DOME fuse is Ok	K? NG Replace fuse.
	OK	
	Is +B	applied to power amplifier? No + B wire harness faulty.
		Yes
	-	
S	Is +B applied to tag	pe player? No P Is there continuity in Yes Power amplifier
UP	Is +B applied to ra	+ B wire harness het
	Yes	dio assembly? SU ween power amplifier and radio assembly.
		No
	2	
	Tana aka ɗa M	
S II P	Tape player faulty.	+ B wire harness faulty.
UP	Radio assembly fau	

BE-152









24	Antenna		ANTENNA-RELATED				
24—a	: Pole Ante	enna					
Is an	Is antenna extended? Extend fully.						
	Yes						
	oorarily insta tions OK?	ll anothe	r antenna. Yes Antenna faulty.				
Radio	o side faulty.						
<u>24—b</u>							
M :	Motor Anter	nna (Radi	o Linked Type) N: Motor Antenna (Except Radio-Linked Type)				
	I ON?		d when radio switch-Yes Temporarily install Yes Motor antenna faul- another antenna. ty. Functions OK?				
	ose antenna vitch pushec		when antenna				
	No		Redio side faulty.				
Inspe		motor. (S	ee page BE-16O) Antenna motor faulty.				
	OK		↓[M]				
			Inspect antenna motor control relay. NG Relay faulty. (See page BE-16O)				
	H		ок				
			Temporarily install another antenna. Func- tions OK? Yes Motor antenna faul- ty.				
			No				
			Is power related to antenna being input to Area antenna motor control relay?				
			No				
	k continuity elay and rad		antenna motor con- NG Wire harness faulty.				
L	ок						
Radio	side faulty.						

25	Noise	NOISE PRODUCED BY VIBRATION OR SHOCK WHILE DRIVING						
ls sp	eaker properly install	ed? No Install properly.						
	Yes							
Is ea	ch system correctly	installed?						
	Yes							
With vehicle stopped, lightly tap each system. Yes Each system faulty.								
	No							
	produced by static in the vehicle body							

26 Noise NOISE	6 Noise NOISE PRODUCED WHEN ENGINE STARTS							
Whistling noise which becomes hi when accelerator strongly depress pears shortly after engine stops.		Alternator noise.						
No								
Whining noise occurs when A/C is	operating. Yes	A/C noise.						
Scratching noise occurs during such eration, driving on rough roads or was witch is turned on.		Fuel gauge noise.						
No								
Clicking sound heard when horn built ed, then released. Whirring/grating pushed continuously.		Horn noise.						
No								
Murmuring sound, stops when eng	gine stops.	Ignition noise.						
No								
Tick-tock noise, occurs in co-ordir blinking of flasher.	ation with Yes	Turn signal noise.						
No								
Noise occurs during window washe	er operation. Yes	Washer noise.						
No								
Scratching noise occurs while enging, continues a while even after e		Water temp, gauge noise.						
No								
Scraping noise in time with wiper	beat. Yes	Wiper noise.						
No								
Other type of noise.								

Parts Inspection

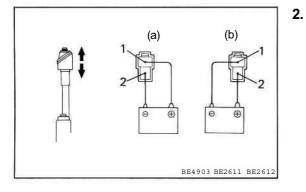
(with Motor Antenna)

1. INSPECT ANTENNA SWITCH

(Except Radio-Linked Type/Continuity)

		Te Swite	4	5	7	8	Illumii 1	nation 2	
	3 2 1 8 7 6 5 4 BE4972 S-8-2	UP	Free	0	-0			0-@-0	
		Button	Pushed in		<u> </u>	-0			9-0
		DOWN	Free	0			-0	0.6	
		Button	Pushed in			0	-0	5	50

If continuity is not as specified, replace the switch.



. INSPECT ANTENNA MOTOR

- (a) Connect the positive (+) lead from the battery to terminal 1 and the negative (---) lead to terminal 2, check that the motor turns (moves upward.)
- (b) Then, reverse the polarity, check that the motor turns the opposite way (moves downward.)

If operation is not as specified, replace the motor.

Wire Harnes	s Side	
	14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7	
		S-1

INSPECT ANTENNA MOTOR CONTROL RELAY (Radio — Linked Type / Relay circuit)

Disconnect the connector from the relay and inspect the connector on wire harness side as shown in the chart.

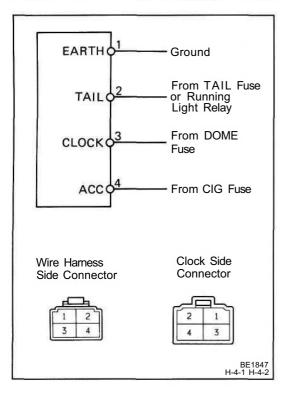
Check for	Tester connection		Specified value		
Continuity	2 - 5	Constant		Continuity	
	4 — Ground		Continuity		
Voltage	3 — Ground	Constant		Battery voltage	
	6 — Ground	Ignition swich position	LOCK or ACC	No voltage	
			ON	Battery voltage	
	14 — Ground	Ignition swich position	LOCK	No voltage	
			ACC or ON	Battery voltage	

3.

Continued on Next Page.

	Taster connection	Condition				Onesification	
Check for		Ignition switch	Radio switch	Radio band	Casette	 Specified value 	
Voltage	9 — Ground	LOCK	-	-	-	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	OFF	-	OFF	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	-	8 8	Battery voltage	
		ACC or ON	-	(-	ON	Battery voltage	
	11 — Ground	LOCK). 		-	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	OFF		 .	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	-	OFF	Battery voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	(1 <u>—1</u> 1	ON	No voltage	
	12 — Ground	LOCK	-		-	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	OFF	-	-2	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	AM	OFF	Battery voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	AM	ON	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	FM	OFF	No voltage	
	13 — Ground	LOCK	-		<u> </u>	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	OFF	-	-	No voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON		OFF	Battery voltage	
		ACC or ON	ON	-	ON	No voltage	

Continued from Previous Page.



CLOCK Troubleshooting

As shown in the illustration, those are clock circuit and connector diagrams. Inspect each terminal for applicable trouble.

Terminal		Condition	Specified value	
1	EARTH	Constant	Continuity	
3	CLOCK	Constant		
2	TAIL	Turn light control switch ON	Battery Voltage	
4	ACC	Turn ignition switch ON or ACC	Vonago	

Allowable error: ±1.5 seconds/day